From:	Dick Christie [dchristie@InfoAve.Net]				
Sent:	Wednesday, December 28, 2005 2:18 PM				
To:	Alison Guth				
Subject: FW: American Eel Report					

Hi Alison - these comments also include Steves thoughts. Thanks.

From: Alison Guth [mailto:Alison.Guth@KleinschmidtUSA.com]
Sent: Monday, December 19, 2005 11:34 AM
To: Steve Leach; 'Prescott.Brownell@NOAA.gov'
Subject: FW: American Eel Report

Pres and Steve,

I was going back through comments and such and came to a shocking realization, somehow you guys were left off of the distribution list. I apologize for the oversight, take a few weeks and let me know if you have any comments. Could you have comments back to me by the first week in January? Thanks so much and I hope you have a wonderful holiday season. Alison

-----Original Message-----

From: Alison Guth

Sent: Thursday, November 03, 2005 11:27 AM

**To:** Shane Boring; 'Amanda Hill'; 'ARGENTIERI, WILLIAM R'; 'Hal Beard'; Alan Stuart; 'mark\_a\_cantrell@fws.gov'; 'SUMMER, STEPHEN E'; 'rmahan@scana.com'; 'dchristie@infoave.net'

Subject: American Eel Report

Good Morning,

Attached to this email is a draft copy of the 2005 American Eel Survey Report. Please take a look at it and let me know if you have any comments by November 18th. If at all possible, please put any edits to content in track changes. It is quite a large file, so let me know if you have any problems opening it and I will get it to you another way. Thanks so much for all of your involvement, and as always, give me a call if you have any questions.

Thanks, Alison

<<Diad Fish Eel Survey (11-3-2005 acgdraft).doc>> Alison Guth Licensing Coordinator *Kleinschmidt Associates* 101 Trade Zone Drive Suite 21A West Columbia, SC 29170 P: (803) 822-3177 F: (803) 822-3183

From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Tuesday, December 06, 2005 11:44 AM
То:	Tom Murphy (murphyt@dnr.sc.gov); Amanda Hill (amanda_hill@fws.gov);
	BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Boozer Tommy (tboozer@scana.com); Dick Christie
	(dchristie@infoave.com); Ed_Eudaly@fws.gov; Hal Beard (BeardH@scdnr.state.sc.us);
	HOFFMAN, VAN B; Laura Blake (E-mail); RMAHAN@scana.com; Ron Ahle
	(ahler@dnr.sc.gov); Steve Summer (ssummer@scana.com); Alison Guth; Alan Stuart
Subject:	November lake Murray Wood Stork Survey
Subject:	

All:

A memo summarizing the final Lake Murray wood stork survey for 2005 is attached and will be posted to the Saluda relicensing website. Although there was a lot of wading bird activity, no wood storks were observed. The draft summary report for the 2005 surveys will be issued within the week. Thank you for your continued interest in the wood stork study.

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183



November 05 wood stork update....

	MEMORANDUM							
TO:	Saluda Hydro Project Relicensing Stakeholders							
FROM:	Shane Boring							
DATE:	December 6, 2005							
RE:	November 2005 Wood Stork Aerial Survey Observations							

Dear Relicensing Stakeholder:

\_

The final Lake Murray Wood Stork Survey for 2005 was performed on Wednesday, November, 23rd. Although wading birds were extremely abundant and active on the lake at the time of the survey (particularly great egrets), no wood storks were observed. A draft report summarizing this year's wood stork surveys will be issued by mid-December. Thank you for your continued interest in this issue, and as always, please feel free to contact me should you have any questions.

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183



From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Tuesday, November 22, 2005 5:06 PM
То:	'Amanda Hill (amanda_hill@fws.gov)'; 'Hal Beard (BeardH@scdnr.state.sc.us)'; 'Prescott
	Brownell (prescott.brownell@NOAA.gov)'; 'Steve Summer (ssummer@scana.com)';
	'dchristie@infoave.net'; 'Mark A. Cantrell (mark_a_cantrell@fws.gov)'; 'Steve Leach'
Cc:	BARGENTIERI@scana.com; 'Steve Summer (ssummer@scana.com)'; Alison Guth; Alan Stuart
Subject	• • • • • • •
Subject:	2005 Lower Saluda/Upper Congaree River Diadromous Fish Study Summary Report Draft for Agency Review

Hello folks:

Attached for your review is the Draft Summary Report of SCE&G's diadromous fish sampling efforts in the Lower Saluda and Upper Congaree Rivers during 2005. Please have your comments back to me by December 14, 2005. This will allow sufficient time to incorporate any changes to the 2006 study plan that are deemed necessary based on the 2005 results. Thanks for your continued input and interest in the Saluda Diadromous Studies.

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183



2005 Saluda adromous Summary

# **Cheryl Balitz**

From:	RMAHAN@scana.com
Sent:	Tuesday, November 08, 2005 4:58 PM
To:	BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Alison Guth
Cc:	Shane Boring; Amanda Hill; Hal Beard; Alan Stuart; mark_a_cantrell@fws.gov; SUMMER, STEPHEN E; dchristie@infoave.net

Subject: RE: American Eel Report

I saw only a couple of small items. One is the expiration date for the current Saluda license, which is not August 31, 2005, but 2010. And I'm not sure it is correct to say that the Saluda project lies **along** the banks of the Saluda River so much as **astride** the Saluda River – or words to that effect.

From: ARGENTIERI, WILLIAM R
Sent: Tuesday, November 08, 2005 4:08 PM
To: 'Alison Guth'
Cc: Shane Boring; 'Amanda Hill'; 'Hal Beard'; Alan Stuart; 'mark\_a\_cantrell@fws.gov'; SUMMER, STEPHEN E; MAHAN, RANDOLPH R; 'dchristie@infoave.net'
Subject: RE: American Eel Report

Alison,

Good job on this report. I have added wording and one comment on page 15, just above Table 1 (see attached document).

Bill

From: Alison Guth [mailto:Alison.Guth@KleinschmidtUSA.com]
Sent: Thursday, November 03, 2005 11:27 AM
To: Shane Boring; 'Amanda Hill'; ARGENTIERI, WILLIAM R; 'Hal Beard'; Alan Stuart; 'mark\_a\_cantrell@fws.gov'; SUMMER, STEPHEN E; MAHAN, RANDOLPH R; 'dchristie@infoave.net'
Subject: American Eel Report

Good Morning,

Attached to this email is a draft copy of the 2005 American Eel Survey Report. Please take a look at it and let me know if you have any comments by November 18th. If at all possible, please put any edits to content in track changes. It is quite a large file, so let me know if you have any problems opening it and I will get it to you another way. Thanks so much for all of your involvement, and as always, give me a call if you have any questions.

Thanks, Alison

<<Diad Fish Eel Survey (11-3-2005 acgdraft).doc>> Alison Guth Licensing Coordinator *Kleinschmidt Associates* 101 Trade Zone Drive Suite 21A West Columbia, SC 29170 P: (803) 822-3177 F: (803) 822-3183

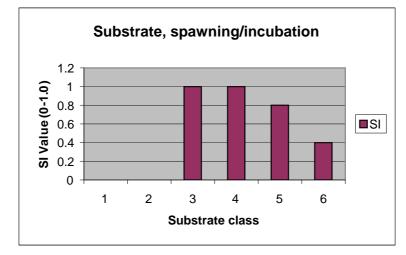
From: Sent: To: Cc: Subject:	Prescott Brownell [Prescott.Brownell@noaa.gov] Thursday, March 17, 2005 10:52 AM Shane Boring Mark A. Cantrell (mark_a_cantrell@fws.gov); Amanda Hill (amanda_hill@fws.gov); 'Steve Summer'; Alan Stuart; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; RMAHAN@scana.com; Alison Guth Shortnose sturgeon HSI Curves
Revised SNS Model.xls (26 KB) Shane Bo	oring wrote:
<pre>&gt;conference call wit &gt;sampling/permitted &gt;by Thursday, March &gt;participation in th &gt; &gt;C. Shane Boring &gt;Environmental Scien &gt;Kleinschmidt Assoc: &gt;101 Trade Zone Dr. &gt;West Columbia, SC &gt;Phone: (803)822-31 &gt;Fax: (803)822-3183 &gt; &gt; &gt; Hello Team, Attached is an excel spawning and larval we are developing for already in several I</pre>	iates , Suite-21A 29170
expert review. fvi	

fyi

ΡB

Revised Shortnose Sturgeon Spawning Habitat Model V3: Substrate, spawning and incubation.

- Code SI Substrate [Description
  - 0 Mud, soft clay/fines 1
  - 2 0 Silt, sand< 2.0mm
  - 3 1 Sand/gravel>=2.0mm
    - 1 Cobble/gravel>64mm to 250mm
  - 4 5 0.8 Boulder, 250-4000mm
  - 6 0.4 Bedrock



From:	Amanda_Hill@fws.gov
Sent:	Wednesday, January 26, 2005 10:16 AM
То:	Shane Boring
Cc:	Alan Stuart; Alison Guth; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Hal Beard
	(BeardH@scdnr.state.sc.us); 'dchristie@infoave.net'; Jeff Isely (jsiely@clemson.edu);
	KMASSEY@scana.com; 'leachs@dnr.sc.gov'; 'mark_a_cantrell@fws.gov'; Prescott Brownell
	(prescott.brownell@NOAA.gov); RMAHAN@scana.com; Steve Summer
	(ssummer@scana.com); EPPINK, THOMAS G
Subject:	Re: Final Saluda Diadromous Fish Study Plan 2005-01-11.pdf

Shane,

Just a few comments on the final plan.

Page 3, 5th paragraph: The species list to be compiled during the study should record all species encountered, not just diadromous species.

Page 3, last paragraph: Icthyoplankton samples should be preserved in Buffered Neutral Formalin (BNF), not in alcohol. The alcohol may effect the eggs making identification difficult

Page 4, paragraph (b): We recommend the draft and final reports be provided to the resource agencies prior to December 31, 2005. If additional field work is warranted in 2006, then an appropriate amount of time should be provided for preparation. We recommend the Final report be provided no later than Nov. 1, 2005

Thanks,

Amanda Hill Fisheries Biologist U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service 176 Croghan Spur Rd., Suite 200 Charleston, SC 29407 843-727-4707 ext. 24 843-727-4218 fax amanda\_hill@fws.gov

"Our mission is working with others to conserve, protect, and enhance fish, wildlife and plants and their habitats for the continuing benefit of the American people."

From: Sent: To:

Cc:

Subject:

Shane Boring Monday, December 18, 2006 10:38 AM Shane Boring; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bob Perry ; Brandon Stutts ; Buddy Baker ; Dick Christie; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle 'Tom Murphy'; 'Ed\_Eudaly@fws.gov' Saluda Hydro Relicense: November 06 wood stork update



November 06 wood stork update....

The final Lake Murray Wood Stork Survey for 2006 was performed by Tom Murphy with SCDNR on Monday, November, 27th. No wood storks were observed. Tom did note that a number of the wetlands along the Saluda above Lake Murray, which were dry during previous surveys, have refilled due to recent rains. He added that storks were still present in low numbers along the SC coast at the time of survey, but suggested that the impending cooler weather would likely drive these birds south in the near future. A draft report summarizing this year's wood stork surveys will be issued by January 1. Thank you for your continued interest in the Lake Murray wood stork surveys.

Thanks C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

	MEMORANDUM							
TO:	Saluda Hydro Project Relicensing Stakeholders							
FROM:	Shane Boring							
DATE:	December 18, 2006							
RE:	November 2006 Wood Stork Aerial Survey Observations							

Dear Relicensing Stakeholder:

The final Lake Murray Wood Stork Survey for 2006 was performed by Tom Murphy with SCDNR on Monday, November, 27th. No wood storks were observed. Tom did note that a number of the wetlands along the Saluda above Lake Murray, which were dry during previous surveys, have refilled due to recent rains. He added that storks were still present in low numbers along the SC coast at the time of survey, but suggested that the impending cooler weather would likely drive these birds south in the near future. A draft report summarizing this year's wood stork surveys will be issued by January 1. Thank you for your continued interest in the Lake Murray wood stork surveys.

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183



From:	Jennifer Summerlin
Sent:	Tuesday, December 12, 2006 9:25 AM
То:	'Wade Bales (balesw@dnr.sc.gov)'; 'Amanda Hill'; 'Bill Argentieri'; 'Dick Christie'; 'Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers)'; 'Hal Beard'; 'Jim Glover'; 'Prescott Brownell'; 'Randy Mahan'; 'Ron Ahle'; Shane Boring; 'Steve Summer'; Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart
Subject:	Saluda Relicensing: November 28th LSR Site Reconn

All:

Attached below is a summary of the November 28th lower Saluda River site reconnaissance. If you have any comments, please have them back to me by December 27, 2006.



2006-11-28 Saluda Instream Flo...

Thanks,

Jennifer Summerlin Scientist Technician Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Drive, Suite 21A West Columbia, SC 29170 P:803.822.3177 F:803.822.3183

- From: Gerrit Jobsis [gjobsis@americanrivers.org]
- Sent: Tuesday, November 28, 2006 8:49 AM

To: Alison Guth; mpqandrhq@bellsouth.net; balesw@dnr.sc.gov; Amanda Hill; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Dick Christie; Hal Beard; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart; mquattlebaum@scana.com; Prescott Brownell; RMAHAN@scana.com; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer; Theresa Thom; Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart

Subject: RE: IFIM/Aquatic Habitat TWC Meeting

Here are my comments to the draft study plan as discussed in the November 27 meeting. << Instream Flow Study of Lower Saluda River DRAFT 2006-11-08- jobsis comments.doc>>

Gerrit Jöbsis Director of Southeast Conservation American Rivers 2231 Devine Street, Suite 100 • Columbia, S.C. 29205 803/771-7114 803/771-7580 Fax gjobsis@americanrivers.org

#### www.AmericanRivers.org

# American Rivers protects and restores healthy natural rivers for the benefit of communities, fish and wildlife.

-----Original Appointment-----**From:** Alison Guth [mailto:Alison.Guth@KleinschmidtUSA.com]

Sent: Monday, November 20, 2006 5:05 PM

Hello All,

Just a reminder that we have a IFIM/Aquatic Habitat TWC Meeting Scheduled for Monday, November 27 at 9:30

**To:** mpqandrhq@bellsouth.net; balesw@dnr.sc.gov; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Dick Christie; Gerrit Jobsis; Hal Beard; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart; mquattlebaum@scana.com; Prescott Brownell; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer; Theresa Thom; Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart **Subject:** IFIM/Aquatic Habitat TWC Meeting

When: Monday, November 27, 2006 9:30 AM-3:00 PM (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada). Where: Lake Murray Training Center

at the Lake Murray Training Center. There is also a tentative field visit scheduled for Tuesday, November 28. I will be sending out a separate reminder for the 28th shortly. Please RSVP by 12:00 pm Wednesday for lunch. The agenda for Monday is attached below. Thanks, Alison

<<LSR IFIM agenda 11-27-2006.doc>>

<< File: LSR IFIM agenda 11-27-2006.doc >>

From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Wednesday, November 08, 2006 3:03 PM
То:	Wade Bales (balesw@dnr.sc.gov); Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Dick Christie; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Hal Beard; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart; Prescott
	Brownell; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer; Theresa Thom; Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart
Cc:	Jennifer Summerlin; Alison Guth
Subject:	Saluda Hydro Relicense: Draft Instream Flow Study Plan

All:

Attached for your review is the draft Instream Flow Study Plan for Saluda Hydro. Please review the plan prior to our next Instream Flow TWC meeting, scheduled for Nov 27-28, and be prepared to discuss any concerns regarding the study design. Thanks to all who contributed to development of the draft plan.

Please note that, due to file format issues, Appendix A of the plan is included as a separate file.

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183



Instream Flow Study of Lower S...



# **Cheryl Balitz**

- From: Gerrit Jobsis [gjobsis@americanrivers.org]
- Sent: Tuesday, November 28, 2006 8:49 AM

To: Alison Guth; mpqandrhq@bellsouth.net; balesw@dnr.sc.gov; Amanda Hill; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Dick Christie; Hal Beard; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart; mquattlebaum@scana.com; Prescott Brownell; RMAHAN@scana.com; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer; Theresa Thom; Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart

Subject: RE: IFIM/Aquatic Habitat TWC Meeting

Here are my comments to the draft study plan as discussed in the November 27 meeting. << Instream Flow Study of Lower Saluda River DRAFT 2006-11-08- jobsis comments.doc>>

Gerrit Jöbsis Director of Southeast Conservation American Rivers 2231 Devine Street, Suite 100 • Columbia, S.C. 29205 803/771-7114 803/771-7580 Fax gjobsis@americanrivers.org

#### www.AmericanRivers.org

# American Rivers protects and restores healthy natural rivers for the benefit of communities, fish and wildlife.

-----Original Appointment-----**From:** Alison Guth [mailto:Alison.Guth@KleinschmidtUSA.com]

Sent: Monday, November 20, 2006 5:05 PM

Hello All,

Just a reminder that we have a IFIM/Aquatic Habitat TWC Meeting Scheduled for Monday, November 27 at 9:30

**To:** mpqandrhq@bellsouth.net; balesw@dnr.sc.gov; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Dick Christie; Gerrit Jobsis; Hal Beard; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart; mquattlebaum@scana.com; Prescott Brownell; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer; Theresa Thom; Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart **Subject:** IFIM/Aquatic Habitat TWC Meeting

When: Monday, November 27, 2006 9:30 AM-3:00 PM (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada). Where: Lake Murray Training Center

at the Lake Murray Training Center. There is also a tentative field visit scheduled for Tuesday, November 28. I will be sending out a separate reminder for the 28th shortly. Please RSVP by 12:00 pm Wednesday for lunch. The agenda for Monday is attached below. Thanks, Alison

<<LSR IFIM agenda 11-27-2006.doc>>

<< File: LSR IFIM agenda 11-27-2006.doc >>

From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Monday, November 06, 2006 2:52 PM
То:	Wade Bales (balesw@dnr.sc.gov); Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Dick Christie; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Hal Beard; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart; Prescott Brownell; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer; Theresa Thom; Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart
Subject:	Saluda Hydro Relicense: Draft Trout Reproduction Paper

Dear Instream Flow/Aquatic Habitat TWC Members:

Attached for your review is the first draft of the white paper examining the potential for natural trout reproduction in the Lower Saluda River. Please submit your comments, preferably in MS Word track changes, by Tuesday November 21, 2006.

Regards, C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183



Saluda Trout Paper DRAFT 2006-...

From:Brandon KulikSent:Tuesday, November 14, 2006 4:59 PMTo:Alison Guth; 'Amanda Hill'; 'Bill Argentieri'; 'Dick Christie'; 'Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers)';<br/>'Hal Beard'; 'Prescott Brownell'; 'Ron Ahle'; 'Scott Harder'; Shane Boring; Alan StuartSubject:Draft IFIM HSI guilding straw man

Hello all,

One of my homework assignments from the October meeting was to assemble a conceptual framework for slotting species and lifestages into habitat use guilds. Attached is a first pass at doing that. Please consider it to be a work in progress, at this point I am primarily seeking input as to whether you think that the way I have slotted species and lifestages according to guild categories seems reasonable. I am sending this out ahead of the meeting so that those of you who have a bit of time can digest this so that we can make the most of our upcoming meeting time.

Fortunately we have prior recent regional studies to draw on that appear to have well-thought-out criteria. As suggested by the TWC, for the most part I followed conventions established in the Catawba and Pee Dee studies. I know that a number of you worked on those studies and therefore probably have an intuitive sense of the applicability of those criteria to this study and thus your input will be very helpful. At this juncture the main thing to look at is columns A-H in the attached spreadsheet, where I have populated the guilds with the species and lifestages discussed in the meeting.

Columns I and J are my initial impressions of specific study sources and criteria that could be plugged in, and are of secondary concern for the moment, though your thoughts are welcome.

A few life stage categories of interest in this study cropped up that were not directly addressed in the Pee Dee and Catawba studies. In such cases, I have suggested what seems reasonable to me a reasonable candidate guild, but of course these are always open to discussion and refinement. In a few cases I left the criteria blank (marked as "TBD") pending further technical discussion from the team.

As Shane has already noted, I did a quick straw poll by phone with as many of you as I could reach earlier today to get some feedback on various aspects of the study design. There seems to be some interest in viewing and chatting informally about this homework assignment prior to the meeting. The goal is just to gather our thoughts as a study team on the subject, do a sanity-check brainstorm on the matrix structure, but not necessarily reach any formal consensus, since not everyone will likely be able to join in. Probably a short 15-30 minute call. Based on availability, it appears (surprisingly) that Wednesday PM will be relatively convenient for most folks. Shane will handle call coordination.

In the mean time feel free to contact me with any technical questions, and please have a safe and enjoyable Thanksgiving.

Brandon

Brandon H Kulik Senior Fisheries Biologist *Kleinschmidt Energy & Water Resources* 75 Main Street Pittsfield, ME 04967 (207) 487-3328 Fax: 487-3124 guild table.xls (25 KB)

		GU	ILD CA	FEGOR	Y	2	~		
		Mallon. You	Statlow Fast	defe you	deep for	habital Senneralis. lin:	ting rapid		
species	life stage	St.	Sha.	2 Color	de de	the faith		SI curve source	species
robust redhorse	spawning		Х					Catawba-Wateree	Generic or robust redhorse
robust redhorse	fry/YOY	Х						Catawba-Wateree	guild surrogate
robust redhorse	juvenile			Х				Catawba-Wateree	golden redhorse
robust redhorse	adult			Х				Catawba-Wateree	golden redhorse
Highfin carpsucker	spawning		Х		Х			Catawba-Wateree	guild surrogate
Highfin carpsucker	fry/YOY				Х			Catawba-Wateree	guild surrogate
Highfin carpsucker	juvenile				Х			Catawba-Wateree	guild surrogate
Highfin carpsucker	adult			Х				Catawba-Wateree	guild surrogate (redbreast sunfish adult?)
Norrthern carpsucker	spawning				Х			Catawba-Wateree	guild surrogate
Norrthern carpsucker	fry/YOY				Х			Catawba-Wateree	guild surrogate
Norrthern carpsucker	juvenile				Х			Catawba-Wateree	guild surrogate
Norrthern carpsucker	adult			Х				Catawba-Wateree	guild surrogate (redbreast sunfish adult?)
spotted sucker	spawning		Х					Catawba-Wateree	guild surrogate
spotted sucker	fry/YOY	Х						TBD	guild surrogate (redbreast sunfish spawning?)
spotted sucker	juvenile	Х		Х				TBD	guild surrogate (redbreast sunfish spawning?)
spotted sucker	adult			Х				TBD	guild surrogate (redbreast sunfish adult?)
brown trout	spawning		Х					Catawba-Wateree (if transferable)	brown trout
brown trout	fry/YOY	Х						Catawba-Wateree (if transferable)	brown trout
brown trout	juvenile	Х						Catawba-Wateree (if transferable)	brown trout
brown trout	adult			Х	Х			Catawba-Wateree (if transferable)	brown trout
rainbow trout	spawning		Х					Catawba-Wateree (if transferable)	rainbow trout
rainbow trout	fry/YOY	Х						Catawba-Wateree (if transferable)	rainbow trout
rainbow trout	juvenile		Х		Х			Catawba-Wateree (if transferable)	rainbow trout
rainbow trout	adult				Х			Catawba-Wateree (if transferable)	rainbow trout
redbreast sunfish	spawning	Х						Catawba-Wateree	
margined madtom	adult		Х					Catawba-Wateree	
saluda darter	adult		Х					Catawba-Wateree or Pee Dee	
redbreast sunfish	adult			Х				Catawba-Wateree	
shorthead redhorse	adult				Х			Catawba-Wateree	golden redhore
American shad	spawning				Х			Catawba-Wateree	
American shad	YOY			Х	Х			Catawba-Wateree	American shad spawning or deep slow guild
American shad	passage						Х	Conte Lab-American Rivers	
blueback herring	spawning	Х						TBD	shallow-slow guild surrogate
blueback herring	YOY	Х						TBD	shallow-slow guild surrogate
blueback herring	passage						Х	Conte Lab-American Rivers	- •
striped bass	passage						Х	Conte Lab-American Rivers	
shortnose sturgeon	passage						Х	Conte Lab-American Rivers	
American eel	juvenile					Х		none recommended at this time	

benthic macroinver. juvenile X

From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Tuesday, October 31, 2006 11:52 AM
То:	Steve Summer; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Jennifer Price ; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Shane Boring
Cc:	Jennifer Summerlin; Cheryl Balitz; Wade Bales (balesw@dnr.sc.gov); Alison Guth; Bill East; Bill Hulslander; Bill Marshall; Bob Perry; Bob Seibels (bseibels@yahoo.com); Charlene Coleman; Daniel Tufford; Dick Christie; Ed Diebold; George Duke; Gina Kirkland; Hal Beard; Jeff Duncan; Jennifer O'Rourke; Jim Goller; Joe Logan; Joy Downs; Larry Turner (turnerle@dhec.sc.gov); Laura Boos (laura.mccary@gmail.com); Malcolm Leaphart; Mark Leao; Mike Sloan; Norman Ferris; Patrick Moore; Prescott Brownell; Ralph Crafton; Reed Bull (rbull@davisfloyd.com); Robert Lavisky; 'Sam Drake'; Scott Harder; Steve Bell; Steve Leach; Suzanne Rhodes; Tom Bowles (tbowles@scana.com)
Subject:	Saluda Hydro Relicense: Mussel Report - Final



Saluda Hydro Mussel Report (fi...

ear Freshwater Mussels and Benthic Macroinvertebrate TWC Members:

Attached for your records is the final report from John Alderman summarizing results of the mussel surveys conducted this past summer on Lake Murray and the Lower Saluda and Congaree rivers. As always, the report will be posted to the Saluda Relicensing Website. Thanks for your continued participation in the relicensing process.

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

Cheryl: Could you please post under documents section of the Saluda website. Thanks.

From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Tuesday, October 31, 2006 11:33 AM
То:	Steve Summer; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Dick Christie; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Prescott Brownell; Randy Mahan; Shane Boring; Steve Leach
Cc:	Cheryl Balitz; Jennifer Summerlin; Wade Bales (balesw@dnr.sc.gov); Alison Guth; Bill East; Bill Hulslander; Bill Marshall; Bob Perry ; Bob Seibels (bseibels@yahoo.com); Charlene Coleman; Daniel Tufford; Ed Diebold; George Duke; Gina Kirkland; Hal Beard; Jeff Duncan; Jennifer O'Rourke; Jim Goller; Joe Logan; Joy Downs; Larry Turner (turnerle@dhec.sc.gov); Laura Boos (laura.mccary@gmail.com); Malcolm Leaphart; Mark Leao; Mike Sloan; Norman Ferris; Patrick Moore; Ralph Crafton; Reed Bull (rbull@davisfloyd.com); Robert Lavisky; Ron Ahle; 'Sam Drake'; Scott Harder; Steve Bell; Suzanne Rhodes; Tom Bowles (tbowles@scana.com)
Subject:	Saluda Hydro Relicense: Final 2006 Diadromous Fish Report

Dear Diadromous Fish TWC and Fish and Wildlife RCG Members:

Attached for your records is the final report summarizing the diadromous fish sampling conducted in the Lower Saluda and Congaree Rivers during 2006. Please note that this report summarizes the shad and herring sampling results only; efforts to sample American eels are being summarized under a separate cover. Thanks for your continued dedication to the Saluda relicensing process and please do not hesitate to call should you have any questions regarding the report.

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

iadromous Report ..

Cheryl: Please post to the Saluda relicensing website with the other diadromous reports. Thanks.

- From: Gerrit Jobsis [gjobsis@americanrivers.org]
- Sent: Monday, October 16, 2006 5:48 PM
- To: Shane Boring; Amanda Hill; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Dick Christie; Hal Beard; Malcolm Leaphart; Prescott Brownell; RMAHAN@scana.com; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Theresa Thom; Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart; Jeff\_Duncan@nps.gov

Subject: RE: Saluda Hydro: Lower Saluda IFIM Study

Here is the Progress Energy flow study plan and species curves for Brandon's consideration when developing a draft study plan

Gerrit Jöbsis Director of Southeast Conservation American Rivers 2231 Devine Street, Suite 100 • Columbia, S.C. 29205 803/771-7114 803/771-7580 Fax gjobsis@americanrivers.org

#### www.AmericanRivers.org

American Rivers protects and restores healthy natural rivers for the benefit of communities, fish and wildlife.

From:	theresa_thom@nps.gov
Sent:	Wednesday, October 11, 2006 4:51 PM
То:	Shane Boring
Cc:	Ron Ahle; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; balesw@dnr.sc.gov; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Hal Beard; Brandon Kulik; Dick Christie; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Jim Glover; Scott Harder; Jennifer Summerlin; Malcolm Leaphart; Prescott Brownell; RMAHAN@scana.com; Shane Boring; Steve Summer
Subject	: Re: Congaree Flow Studies

Shane and the Instream Flow/Aquatic Habitat TWC:

Please find the attached document (PDF). This literature review was compiled by Dr. Will Graf and Laura Stroup at USC and includes documents relevant to the resources of the Saluda, Broad and Congaree Rivers. Information was compiled from September 2005 to May 2006, so any finalized studies past May 2006 have not been included. This report contains citations and accompanying annotations of sources related to the physical, chemical, biological, and socio-economic aspects of the three river basins. NOTE: This is still a draft document. -- Theresa Thom

------

Theresa A. Thom, Ph.D. Congaree National Park 100 National Park Road Hopkins, SC 29061 803-695-0214 (phone) 803-776-1555 (fax) theresa thom@nps.gov

"Shane Boring" <Shane.Boring@KleinschmidtUSA.com> D9/12/2006 05:17 PM AST 09/12/2006 05:17 PM AST C:: <br/>
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#### Theresa:

As discussed in the Instream Flow TWC meeting last week, I have compiled the available studies that I could find on potential influences of the Lower Saluda (an in turn Saluda Hydro) on Congaree flows at the National Park (see attached). I'm interested to see what additional studies/data are available from NPS; I'm certain you guys have many more sources than I was able to locate. Thanks. Shane

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

<<Congaree Floodplain Bibliography.doc>>

From: Sent:	Shane Boring Thursday, October 05, 2006 3:08 PM
To:	Steve Summer; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Dick Christie; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Prescott Brownell; Randy Mahan; Shane Boring; Steve Leach
Cc:	Wade Bales (balesw@dnr.sc.gov); Alison Guth; Bill East; Bill Hulslander; Bill Marshall; Bob Perry ; Bob Seibels (bseibels@yahoo.com); Charlene Coleman; Daniel Tufford; Ed Diebold; George Duke; Gina Kirkland; Hal Beard; Jeff Duncan; Jennifer O'Rourke; Jim Goller; Joe Logan; Joy Downs; Larry Turner (turnerle@dhec.sc.gov); Laura Boos (laura.mccary@gmail.com); Malcolm Leaphart; Mark Leao; Mike Sloan; Norman Ferris; Patrick Moore; Ralph Crafton; Reed Bull (rbull@davisfloyd.com); Robert Lavisky; Ron Ahle; 'Sam Drake'; Scott Harder; Steve Bell; Suzanne Rhodes; Tom Bowles (tbowles@scana.com)
Subject:	Saluda Hydro Relicense: 2006 Draft Diadromous Fish Report

Dear Diadromous Fish Technical Working Committee Members:

Attached for your review is the draft report for the 2006 diadromous fish sampling in the Lower Saluda and Congaree Rivers. Please have comments on the draft report to me by October 26th. Thanks for your continued interest in the Saluda Hydro relicensing process.

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

W

2006 Saluda iadromous Report ..

From:	Jennifer Summerlin
Sent:	Thursday, September 21, 2006 9:10 AM
То:	'Steve Summer'; Alan Stuart; 'Amanda Hill'; 'Bill Argentieri'; 'Dick Christie'; 'Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers)'; 'Jim Glover'; 'Prescott Brownell'; 'Randy Mahan'; Shane Boring; 'Steve Leach'
Subject:	Saluda Relicensing: 2006 American eel report

Hello Folks,

Attached for your review is the 2006 American eel report for the Lower Saluda River. Please have comments on the draft report by Thursday, October 5th.



2006 Diadromous Fish Eel Surve...

Thanks,

Jennifer Summerlin Research Technician *Kleinschmidt Associates* 101 Trade Zone Drive Suite 21 A West Columbia, SC 29170 P: (803) 822.3177 F: (803) 822.3183

From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Wednesday, September 13, 2006 1:19 PM
То:	Steve Summer; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Jennifer Price ; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Shane Boring
Cc:	Wade Bales (balesw@dnr.sc.gov); Alison Guth; Bill East; Bill Hulslander; Bill Marshall; Bob Perry ; Bob Seibels (bseibels@yahoo.com); Charlene Coleman; Daniel Tufford; Dick Christie; Ed Diebold; George Duke; Gina Kirkland; Hal Beard; Jeff Duncan; Jennifer O'Rourke; Jim Goller; Joe Logan; Joy Downs; Larry Turner (turnerle@dhec.sc.gov); Laura Boos (laura.mccary@gmail.com); Malcolm Leaphart; Mark Leao; Mike Sloan; Norman Ferris; Patrick Moore; Prescott Brownell; Ralph Crafton; Reed Bull (rbull@davisfloyd.com); Robert Lavisky; 'Sam Drake'; Scott Harder; Steve Bell; Steve Leach; Suzanne Rhodes; Tom Bowles (tbowles@scana.com)
Subject:	Saluda Hydro Relicense: Mussel Report Draft



Dear Freshwater Mussel/Macroinvertebrate TWC Members:

Attached for your review is the "agency draft" of the report summarizing findings of the freshwater mussel survey performed on the Lake Murray and the Lower Saluda and Congaree rivers by John Alderman. Please have comments on the draft report by Monday, October 2nd. Please accept our apologies for only providing the report in PDF format; the maps will not display properly in MS Word. Thanks and please don't hesitate to call should you have any questions regarding the study.

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

From:	Ree	d Bul	l [rbull	@dav	visflo	yd.	cor	n]	
_		-	-						

Sent: Thursday, September 07, 2006 8:10 AM

To: Alison Guth; Shane Boring; Jim Ruane

Subject: Lake Murray Fish Kills

Below is the information on fish kills obtained from SCDNR records. I will either mail or scan and Email the backup data referenced to you. Please advise if you should have any questions. REED BULL

# STRIPED BASS DIE-OFF EVENTS FROM SCONR RECORDS LAKE MURRAY PERIOD 1971 THROUGH 2005

PERIOD	DATES	FISH KILL COUNTS	SIZE	REPORTED CAUSE	COMMENTS
1971* – 1977	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	See SCDNR Annual Report Sec. – Fish Kill Investigations See Item 1
Summer 1990	8/17/1990	1157	12" – 37"	DO Depletion Thermal Stress	Lake Down During Period, See Item 2
Summer 1991	7/19/91 -8/16/91	3139	12" – 41"	DO Depletion Thermal Stress	Lake Down During Period, See Item 3
Summer 1993	9/9/93 - 9/16/93	592	15" – 23"	DO Depletion Thermal Stress	See Item 4
Summer 1994	8/15/94 - 9/14/94	64	N/A	DO Depletion Thermal Stress	See Item 5
Summer 1998	7/30/98 – 8/10/98	456	N/A	DO Depletion Thermal Stress	See Item 6
Summer 2005	Several Weeks Aug. 2005	742	17" – 38"	DO Depletion Thermal Stress	See Item 7 Lake Drawn Down 3 Year Prior to Kill

# \* STRIPED BASS STOCKING BEGAN IN 1971

From: Sent: To: Subject: Shane Boring Wednesday, September 06, 2006 9:07 AM 'Malcolm Leaphart' RE: Saluda Hydro Relicense: Sept 7th Instream Flow and Aquatic Habitat TWC



2006-06-30 Memo -Review of LS... Malcolm:

Brandon's memo regarding the initial IFIM study on the Saluda is attached. Please accept my apologies on taking so long to get it to you. I was on vacation last week. Thanks.

Shane

-----Original Message-----From: Malcolm Leaphart [mailto:malcolml@mailbox.sc.edu] Sent: Monday, August 21, 2006 10:51 AM To: Shane Boring Cc: Alison Guth; theresa\_thom@nps.gov; balesw@dnr.sc.gov; Amanda Hill; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Dick Christie; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Hal Beard; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Prescott Brownell; RMAHAN@scana.com; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Steve Summer; Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart Subject: Re: Saluda Hydro Relicense: Sept 7th Instream Flow and Aquatic Habitat TWC

Shane, I plan to attend the next Instream Flow TWC. Thanks for the notice.

Also, I need a copy of Brandon Kulik's memo on the previous IFIM by SC DNR as I catch up from missing the last meeting.

And, I have embedded below in this reply the July article by Pat Robertson regarding the Corps solution to dissolved oxygen in Lake Russell to make sure that all on this TWC learns of this effort. You may also want to share, or have Alison share it with those on other appropriate groups, such as the Operations RCG.

Quoting Shane Boring <Shane.Boring@KleinschmidtUSA.com>:

> Hello all: > > This is to confirm that our next of the Instream Flow/Aquatic Habitat > TWC will be on Thursday, September 7th, from 9:30 am to 3:30 pm. This > may turn out be one of our most well-attended Instream Flow TWC's. So > far the following folks have indicated they will be attending: > > Amanda Hill > Dick Christie > Brandon Kulik > Alan Stuart > Shane Boring > Randy Mahan > Prescott Brownell > Hal Beard > Bill Argentieri > Gerrit Jobsis > > Details regarding the meeting location will be forthcoming. >

```
> Thanks,
> C. Shane Boring
> Environmental Scientist
> Kleinschmidt Associates
> 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A
> West Columbia, SC 29170
> Phone: (803)822-3177
> Fax: (803)822-3183
>
>
> > -----Original Message-----
>
 > From:
           Shane Boring
            Wednesday, August 09, 2006 2:19 PM
> > Sent:
            Shane Boring; 'theresa_thom@nps.gov'; Wade Bales
 > To:
>
> > (balesw@dnr.sc.gov); Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Dick Christie;
> > Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Hal Beard; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim
> > Glover; Prescott Brownell; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder;
> > Shane Boring; Steve Summer; Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart
           Brandon Kulik
> > Cc:
                RE: Saluda Hydro Relicense: Review of 1990 Saluda IFIM
> > Subject:
> > Study
> >
> > Hello folks:
> >
> > After speaking with several of you, it now looks as if Wednesday,
> > September 7th may be a better date for the proposed Instream Flow
> > TWC meeting. This will allow folks that are traveling from out of
 > state not to have to travel over the holiday weekend. Also, Brandon
>
> > Kulik from Kleinschmidt's Maine office would like at least a day to
> > see the river before the meeting. Please let me know if your
> > availability. Please feel free to propose alternate dates during
> > this week if the 7th won't work for you. Thanks.
> >
> > Shane
> >
> > C. Shane Boring
> > Environmental Scientist
> > Kleinschmidt Associates
> > 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A
> > West Columbia, SC 29170
> > Phone: (803)822-3177
> > Fax: (803)822-3183
> >
> >
      ----Original Message-----
> >
                  Shane Boring
>
 >
     From:
      Sent: Tuesday, August 01, 2006 5:04 PM
> >
            'theresa_thom@nps.gov'; Wade Bales (balesw@dnr.sc.gov);
>
 >
      To:
> > Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Dick Christie; Gerrit Jobsis (American
 > Rivers); Hal Beard; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Prescott
>
> > Brownell; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve
> > Summer; Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart
           Brandon Kulik
>
 >
     Cc:
> >
      Subject:
                  Saluda Hydro Relicense: Review of 1990 Saluda
 > IFIM Study
>
> >
     Dear Saluda Relicensing Instream Flow/Aquatic Habitat Technical
>
 >
> > Working Committee Member:
> >
> >
      Per our discussions at the June 14th meeting, Brandon Kulik
> > (instream flow specialist at Kleinschmidt) has prepared a memo
> > summarizing the 1990 IFIM study and its applicability to the current
> > relicensing effort (see attached). This memo is intended to serve
> > as a starting point for technical discussion regarding the need for
> > and/or scope of additional relicensing-related flow studies. Once
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> > everyone has had a couple of weeks to review the memo, we would like > > to schedule a meeting in early September for Brandon to come and > > meet with the group. How about Tuesday, September 5th? This will > > likely be an all-day meeting. Thanks in advance for your input. > > > > C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist > > Kleinschmidt Associates > > 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A > > West Columbia, SC 29170 > > Phone: (803)822-3177 > > Fax: (803)822-3183 > > > > > > << File: 2006-06-30 Memo - Review of LSR Instream Flow Study.pdf > > >> > > > Posted on Sun, Jul. 16, 2006email thisprint this Outdoors Club wants fish to breath a little easier By PAT ROBERTSON Columnist STRIPED BASS AND other fish species in Lake Thurmond will breathe easier in the hot summer when oxygen levels are depleted, thanks to the efforts of the Clark Hill Striper Club. Heeding appeals of the striper club and others, the U.S. Senate has restored funding in the fiscal 2007 Energy and Water Appropriations Bill for a system designed to provide oxygen-enriched habitat for fish in the lower end of Lake Thurmond during hot weather. Funding had been cut in the House version of the bill. When word reached the striper club and other area fishermen of the House action, the striper fishermen mobilized an effort to get the funds restored. They began a letter-writing and e-mail campaign to senators and U.S. House members in both Georgia and South Carolina, took the issue to the Augusta-area press, and organized a petition drive that garnered 13 pages of signatures in a one-day radio broadcast from West Marine in Augusta. The Senate version provides \$4.6 million for the project, lower than the \$5.5 million the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers sought, but adequate to complete the system, which is 90 percent design complete. The budget now goes to a Senate- House Conference Committee to work out details, and Washington sources said the House is not expected to object to the reinstated funding. The oxygen-infusion system, called a "bubble line," is expected to be completed and operational by late 2008, said Ed Lepley a striper club member from Martinez, Ga. The project will consist of several miles of submerged pipes, perforated with tiny holes, located about five miles up the lake from Thurmond Dam in the Hamilton Branch-Modoc area. During times of low oxygen levels in the lake, pure oxygen will be released along this bubble line. The cold, oxygenated water will offer opportunities for striped bass and baitfish to congregate in the Modoc area. Currently, big stripers, and the herring and shad they eat, often stay upriver toward the Russell Dam tailrace during hot weather. "As water quality begins to deteriorate on the lower end of the lake during the hot summer months, they will be able to turn the oxygen on and provide oxygenated habitat for striped bass, hybrids, largemouths and other species," Lepley said. "The bigger stripers now move up to the Lake Russell Dam tailrace this time of year because Russell Dam had a system to inject oxygen into the tail race when it is generating. That was done because, when the water is pumped back up into

Russell, it loses oxygen."

The corps agreed to build the bubble line to offset the loss of baitfish that are killed when Russell Dam's reversible turbines are operated. Currently, a court order allows the corps to use only two of Russell's four reversible units until the oxygen system is in place.

If the corps could use all four turbines, they could make more electricity and further slow the decline of lake levels, which is one reason the corps wants the oxygen system as badly as the fishermen do.

Augusta Chronicle outdoor columnist Rob Pavey noted that the recent declaration of drought across most of Georgia, and predictions that water levels at Thurmond Lake will soon plummet, makes the oxygen system even more important.

There is precedent for the oxygen infusion system, Lepley noted. A similar system was placed in Tennessee's Lake Cherokee which gets really hot and oxygen deficient in the summer months.

"It worked so well there they had to put in an off-limit fishing zone around it for that time of year because the fish would bunch up around it and fishermen were catching too many," Lepley said.



# MEMORANDUM

TO: Instream Flow/Aquatic Habitat Technical Working Committee (TWC)

FROM: Brandon Kulik, Kleinschmidt Associates

DATE: July 31, 2006

RE: Review of Lower Saluda River Instream Flow Study

It is my understanding that TWC is interested in evaluating how much of the study entitled "*Instream Flow Requirements for the fishes of the lower Saluda River*" dated March 28, 1995 can be applied to contemporary relicensing decisions about the Saluda Hydroelectric Project. The stated purpose of this study was "*to evaluate the effects of rate from the Lake Murray Dam on the amount of suitable habitat for fishery resources of the LSR*".

At your request I have reviewed the report, and am providing some observations.

## **General Comments**

The field study and methods of computer modeling as described appear to generally adhere to methods described by Bovee (1982), and thus the raw Weighted Usable Area (WUA) vs. flow relationships are probably reasonable at least for the lower flow range. A few aspects of this report, that at face value may not be entirely consistent with study design elements recommended by Bovee, *et al.* (1998), may or may not affect how the extrapolated and weighted WUA data in the existing report can be used, but to start the discussion, I have flagged a few of these items as they may be worth group discussion.

# **Specific Comments**

The following comments are arranged by report topic heading.

- 1. *Study Area:* The overall study area boundaries appear logical, as it extends from the point of flow control (Lake Murray Dam) to the influence from another large and independent source of flow (Broad River).
  - a. The report does not clearly articulate a rationale for establishing the boundaries for the three reaches. It appears that the reaches were divided into thirds. Reach boundaries are typically placed where there is a shift in conditions that may influence hydraulics (*e.g.* river channel morphology, slope), habitat (geomorphology, dominant cover, substrate, or mesohabitat composition), or hydrology (contribution of tributary inflow, such as a 10% increase in flow or drainage area) (Bovee, *et al.*, 1998).

- b. It is not clear from the description (pp 6-7) if model output was weighted according to the relative linear abundance of each habitat type (see Table 2) within each reach or globally for the entire study area (*i.e.* all three reaches combined). Reach weighting can influence the shape of the wetted area and WUA curves.
- c. Model results obtained in rapids and riffles usually will show a different sensitivity to flow changes from pools and runs. However, frequently, certain species and lifestages may only use a subset of the overall habitat types. The report as written leads to a conclusion that all habitats were blended together for each lifestage to develop a WUA curve. Thus it may be worth some group discussion to clarify how this was handled.
- 2. Target Species and Criteria
  - a. <u>Fish Passage</u>: An adult striped bass habitat Suitability Index (SI) was used as a criterion for shoal zone-of-passage passage requirements. This SI curve is driven by the resting and foraging requirements of a large pelagic predator. For the purpose of fish migration passage, it may be worthwhile to consider other criteria such as zone-of-passage criteria in natural channels set forth by Bovee (1982), and/or principals of ichthyomechanics and hydraulics (Clay 1995, Bell 1991).
  - b. <u>Brown trout and rainbow trout</u>: I note that the spawning lifestage for trout is employed, which I take to mean that there is a management objective to establish or maintain a wild population of these species. If so, both fry and juvenile lifestages for these species should also be included but were not. Because spawning/incubation, and fry lifestages of these species occur only for a limited portion of the year; these WUA curve should probably not be employed as part of a blended year-round flow recommendation, but assigned to a time series that targets applicable weeks or months when the lifestage is specifically expected to be present (see suggested matrix below). Because salmonids are not habitat generalists, this analysis would also benefit by documenting the following:
    - i. Does fishery management rely on natural reproduction?
    - ii. Does suitable macrohabitat and mesohabitat exist to support each lifestage?
    - iii. Is suitable fry and YOY habitat available in contiguous reaches?
    - iv. Can fry and YOY lifestage flows be evaluated and applied during appropriate months?
  - c. <u>Suitability Index Criteria (general comment)</u>. SI criteria appear to generally be taken from the literature with no transferability evaluation. For example, Raleigh (1984 and 1986) criteria for brown and rainbow trout were primarily developed from general literature and habitat studies on large western rivers. Use of these criteria on dissimilar ecosystems and

regions without some documented transferability assessment, while expedient, has been criticized in many recent IFIM studies (Bovee, *et al.* 1998, K. Bovee, personal communication). The TWC may wish to discuss overall comfort using such curves.

3. *Discharge Measurements:* Three calibration flows were employed to construct this model, with a single set of calibration velocities taken at the lowest of the three flows. For purposes of a low-flow IFIM model this is probably adequate; however. The accuracy of model hydraulics as flow approaches the middle-to-higher flow range is potentially questionable without further documentation that Velocity Adjustment Factors fell within an acceptable range. The report should explicitly state the range of modeled flows that meet hydraulic accuracy standards. If greater accuracy is deemed important at higher flows, there may be cost effective ways to obtain such data.

## 4. Presentation of WUA Data

These are just some observations about how the WUA results are presented and how that could be enhanced to support decision-making.

- a. Although the general statement is made that "WUA increased rapidly to maximum levels for flows between 300-1000 cfs for most species and life stages...", this is still a wide range, perhaps due mostly to the blending of species/lifestages, habitat types, and timeframes together. Optimizing habitat for one species at 300 cfs may impair habitat suitability for others that are optimized at higher flows, and visa versa. Also, not all species/lifestages coexist at the same time and in all habitats. Thus the analysis should provide a biological rational for:
  - i. Prioritizing species/life stages or at least balancing trade-offs when conflicting WUA curves occur (Bovee 1982, Bovee et al. 1998).
  - ii. Correlating species/lifestages to applicable seasonal or monthly periods so seasonally varying flows can be assessed (see example matrix attached below).
- b. WUA data are only presented in a "normalized" (*i.e.* percent-of-optimal format) in the main body of the report. (I realize that they are presented in Appendix I as individual graphs, but in that format the relative WUA comparisons among lifestages are difficult to make). Easily viewing the relative magnitude of WUA potentially available at a given flow among species and lifestages would facilitate prioritization of species and lifestages so that inter-lifestage trade-offs can be better evaluated. Along those same lines, WUA data are presented only in graphs; tabular WUA data would enhance the assessment of trade-offs at the finer increments of flow ranging in the zone of interest, and enhance flow recommendations and negotiation.

- c. A flow recommendation using a percentage of "optimal" WUA as the sole metric, can potentially be difficult to defend, because optimal WUA is merely an artifact of stream geometry hydraulics and SI information that doesn't factor in site-specific, seasonally varying flow availability. For example, if a flow supporting "optimal" WUA is an infrequent event, then an alternate habitat metric might be the amount of WUA that results from the naturally occurring median for the time increment of interest (*i.e.* seasonal, annual, monthly).
- 5. Suggestions

#### **Model Accuracy**

Two primary areas that PHABSIM models are most sensitive to error or bias are in SI criteria, (especially depth and velocity curves), and in how results obtained from study reaches and mesohabitat types are weighted (J. Henrikson, USGS/MESC, personal communication). Related to this is study site stability. If, (as noted by Ron Ahle on June 14, 2006), the river channel geometry has changed, then it would be worth re-surveying at least a subset of the transects to confirm if that has happened, and if it has, the extent to which the potential for past data to be transferable may be lost. If the channel profile details have shifted, but the overall geometry, slopes and widths remain similar, the differences may not be significant.

Assuming the transects remain representative of current and anticipated future conditions, secondary area for potential error in this instance could be in extrapolation of hydraulic data from calibration data.

#### **SI** Criteria

The TWC may wish to evaluate if the SI criteria applied to the original model is sufficiently accurate for this application, and update and/or refine criteria if needed. In some cases, new SI criteria may need to be developed to account for new species or lifestages identified at the June 14, 2006 TWC meeting.

#### **Reach Weighting**

The TWC may wish to seek clarification as to how individual reach WUA/flow curves were weighted together, and make revisions if deemed necessary. Also consider looking at transect data representing individual mesohabitats that best correlate to use by guild groups and/or lifestages identified at the June 14, 2006 TWC meeting. To the extent supporting data exists, the TWC may wish to re-analyze and re-calculate WUA's. For some species objectives, such as the wild trout fishery some additional habitat mapping and transect data collection may be required, at least to account for early lifestages.

## Hydraulic Model Calibration

Of the three calibration data sets, only the low flow contains velocity as well as stage data. The other flows have stage data only. Assuming that the historic transects are found to still be representative of existing channel conditions, the TWC may wish to assess if additional velocity data at a higher flow are necessary to satisfactorily calibrate the model throughout the entire flow range of interest. If the historic transects are adequately geo-referenced, then additional velocity data may be readily collected.

## **Flow Analysis**

Contemporary instream flow recommendations typically recommend flows or flow targets that vary seasonally, rather than provide a single flat minimum flow (Annear et al., 2000). The conventional problem-solving steps would be to:

- 1. Time series: prioritize species /lifestages according to management objectives, season of occurrence within and throughout the study reaches so that trade-offs among species, lifestages and other water uses can be assessed.
- 2. Establish a benchmark flow for each month (or season) that represents "typical" inflow for that period, such as a median (50<sup>th</sup> percentile) flow.
- 3. Develop a matrix, by month or season (if applicable), of flow and species and lifestages present (see attached example).
- 4. Based on that flow matrix, select the discharge corresponding to the lowest-flow period during which each species and lifestage is present.
- 5. Calculate the ambient WUA occurring during that flow period. The month featuring the lowest WUA value is the naturally-occurring maximum WUA and should be used in comparisons. For some species and lifestages, this may require breaking out WUA results from separate habitat types contained in the model.

These next two steps are iterative:

- 6. Compare WUA produced under alternative flow releases to determine which alternatives provide an acceptable amount of WUA relative to what would exist compared to the naturally-limiting monthly or seasonal WUA.
- 7. Based on the prioritizations established under steps 1 and 2, determine what species/lifestage(s) drive the flow recommendation for each month, and what the trade-offs if any are to other lifestages and human water uses. If further balancing is required, return to step 6 and assess a different scenario.

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m Flow/Aquatic Habitat Tech		
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am F	y 31, 2006	
Instre	July 31	

Hypothetical Times Series Prioritization Matrices (Note: For illustrative purposes only; seasonality and flow information will be refined in coordination with the TWC.)

LSR median	LSR median											
Month	flow (cfs)	American shad	blueback striped herring bass	striped bass	shortnose sturgeon	American eel	robust redhorse	highfin carpsucker	northern hogsucker	spotted sucker	brown trout	rainbow trout
January	1,930			X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X
February	2,090	X	x	X	X	X	X	X	X	Х	X	X
March	2,250	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
April	1,100	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
May	745	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X
June	843			X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X
July	1,250			X		x	x	X	X	X	X	X
August	1,330			X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X
September	1,380			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
October	1,570			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
November	1,526			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
December	1,760			x		X	X	Х	X	X	X	X

6.

Early LIIE	a -(CLL) ageis	Early Lileslage (ELS)- Daseu Frioriuzauon Maurix	IUUII MAUTIX						
	LSR	Robust	highfin	northern	spotted	brown		rainbow	
Month	median flow (cfs)	Redhorse ELS	carpsucke r ELS	hogsucker ELS	sucker ELS	trout spwn brown & incub. trout E	brown trout ELS	trout spwn rainbow & incub. trout EL	rainbow trout ELS
January	1,930						x		
February	2,090						x	X	
March	2,250						X	X	
April	1,100							X	
May	745	Х	X	X	X				X
June	843	X	X	X	X				X
July	1,250	X	X	X	Х				X
August	1,330								
September	1,380								
October	1,570					X			
November	1,526					X			
December	1,760					X			

Instream Flow/Aquatic Habitat Technical Working Committee (TWC) July 31, 2006

٦.

		shallow slow guild	shallo	shallow fast guild	deep slow guild	deep fast guild
Month	LSR median flow (cfs)	redbreast sunfish spawning	margined madtom	Saluda darter	redbreast sunfish adults	shorthead redhorse
January	1,930		X	x	x	X
February	2,090		X	х	х	X
March	2,250		X	х	х	X
April	1,100		X	х	х	X
May	745	х	X	x	х	X
June	843	Х	X	х	Х	X
July	1,250		X	x	х	X
August	1,330		X	х	х	X
September	1,380		X	х	х	X
October	1,570		X	х	х	X
November	1,526		X	Х	Х	X
December	1,760		x	X	X	X

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×.

#### Kacie Jensen

From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Friday, August 25, 2006 2:24 PM
To:	Shane Boring; Shane Boring; Alan Stuart; 'Amanda Hill'; 'Bill Argentieri'; 'Bob Perry '; 'Brandon Stutts '; 'Buddy Baker '; 'Dick Christie'; Jennifer Summerlin; 'Jim Glover'; 'Randy Mahan'; 'Ron Ahle'
Cc:	Cheryl Balitz
Subject:	RE: Saluda Relicense: Waterfowl Study Plan

#### All:

Attached is an updated version of the final Saluda Hydro Wintering Waterfowl Study Plan. I added several conditions related to monthly and annual reporting of study results that were discussed in the meeting on July 26th. The website will also be updated with the revised document. Thanks.

Shane



Lake Murray Vaterfowl Study Pl...

----Original Message---- From: Shane Boring
 Sent: Thursday, August 24, 2006 1:47 PM
 To: Shane Boring; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bob Perry ; Brandon Stutts ; Buddy Baker ; Dick Christie; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle
 Cc: Cheryl Balitz
 Saluda Relicense: Waterfowl Study Plan

Dear Terrestrial Resources TWC Members:

At our last Terrestrial Resources TWC meeting, the group reviewed and approved the Wintering Waterfowl Study Plan, pending some minor "clean-up" of the language in the plan. As such, I have incorporated the requested changes and the final study plan is attached. If somehow your comments were missed or are otherwise not reflected, please let me know as soon as possible. Otherwise, the attached will be posted to the website as final.

Thanks,

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

<< File: Lake Murray Waterfowl Study Plan-Final.pdf >>

Cheryl:

Could you please post the attached to the Saluda Relicensing website under the Fish and Wildlife RCG. Thanks.

# Saluda Hydroelectric Project (FERC No. 516)

# Study Plan: Lake Murray Wintering Waterfowl Surveys

Terrestrial Resources Technical Working Committee August 24, 2006

# I. <u>Study Objective</u>

The objective of this research will be to develop an aerial survey database describing the abundance and distribution of wintering waterfowl (ducks, geese, swans, and coots) using Lake Murray, South Carolina.

# II. <u>Geographic and Temporal Scope</u>

This study will focus on all areas of Lake Murray reservoir and will include six (6) aerial surveys over a period of four (4) months to be executed as follows: 1 in late November, 2 in December, 2 in January, and 1 in early February. If inclement weather or aircraft unavailability precludes the completion of flights during the study period, flights may be added to the end of the survey period, at the discretion of the Terrestrial Resource Technical Working Committee (TWC).

# III. <u>Methodology</u>

Aerial surveys will be conducted from fixed-wing aircraft by trained observers from the University of Georgia's Savannah River Ecology Laboratory (SREL) and/or Kleinschmidt Associates. Observers will reference the species and numbers of all waterfowl (ducks, geese, swans, and coots) observed during aerial surveys, as well as any occurrences of the federally-endangered wood stork (*Mycteria americana*). Sightings will be map-referenced at the time of occurrence. Other data to be included with each aerial survey are: date, beginning and ending times of the survey, local weather conditions (including temperature, wind speed, extent of wetland icing in winter, etc.), and disturbance-related activities taking place during the aerial surveys will be conducted from a height of approximately 250–300 ft and at a safe airspeed given the prevailing weather conditions. The entire lake pool will be surveyed for waterfowl use.

Data summaries will be performed using the Statistical Analysis System (SAS Institute, Inc.). Summaries will include location graphics of waterfowl numbers, as well as descriptions of temporal changes in waterfowl distributions (species- and/or subfamily-specific).

# IV. Schedule and Required Conditions

Waterfowl surveys will be conducted during the winter months (generally late November through early February) of 2006-2007, 2007-2008, and 2008-2009 (3 total overwintering seasons). As previously noted, six (6) aerial surveys will likely be conducted over a period of four (4) months to be executed as follows: 1 in late November, 2 in December, 2 in January, and 1 in early February. If inclement weather or aircraft unavailability precludes the completion of flights during the study period, flights may be added to the end of the survey period, at the discretion of the TWC.

A brief e-mail summarizing survey observations will be distributed to the Terrestrial Resources TWC following each survey. In addition, an annual report summarizing the field season will be issued no later than April 1 following each study season. A more detailed report summarizing all aspects of the study to date will be prepared following the second season (2007-2008) for inclusion in SCE&G's Application for New License, which is slated for submission to the FERC in 2008.

Study methodology, timing, and duration may be adjusted based on consultation with the resource agencies and interested stakeholders. All data collected will be provided in electronic format to agencies and interested stakeholders.

# V. <u>Use of Study Results</u>

Study results will be used as an information resource during discussion of relicensing issues with the SCDNR, USFWS, Wildlife and Fisheries RCG, Terrestrial Resources TWC, and other relicensing stakeholders.

# VI. <u>Study Participants</u>

NAME	ORGANIZATION	PHONE	E-MAIL
	Terrestrial Res	ources Technical Wor	king Committee
Buddy Baker	SCDNR	(803)734-3940	bakerb@dnr.sc.gov
Bob Perry	SCDNR	(803)734-3766	perryb@dnr.sc.gov
Ron Ahle	SCDNR	(803)734-2728	ahler@dnr.sc.gov
Amanda Hill	USFWS	(843)727-4707,	Amanda_hill@fws.gov
		x303	
Shane Boring	Kleinschmidt	(803)822-3177	shane.boring@kleinschmidtusa.com
Brandon Stutts	SCANA Services		bstutts@scana.com
Dick Christie	SCDNR	(803)289-7022	christied@dnr.sc.gov
Bob Seibels	Riverbanks Zoo		bseibels@yahoo.com
	(retired)		
		Applicant Contacts	
Bill Argentieri	SCE&G	(803)217-9162	bargentieri@scana.com
Randy Mahan	SCANA Services	(803)217-9538	rmahan@scana.com

## Kacie Jensen

From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Thursday, August 24, 2006 10:31 AM
То:	Steve Summer; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Jennifer Price ; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Shane Boring
Cc:	Cheryl Balitz
Subject:	Saluda Hydro Relicense: Macroinvertebrate Study Plan

All:

Attached is the final study plan for the macroinvertebrate studies that will be performed on the Lower Saluda this fall. Thanks to all who provided comments. As always, the final study plan will be posted to the Saluda Relicense Website.

Thanks, Shane

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183



Cheryl:

Please post to the website under the Freshwater Mussels/Benthic Macroinvertebrates TWC, which is part of the Fish and Wildlife RCG. Thanks.

# Saluda Hydroelectric Project (FERC No. 516)

# Study Plan: Macroinvertebrate Assessment of the Lower Saluda River

Freshwater Mussels/Benthic Macroinvertebrate Technical Working Committee August 24, 2006

## I. <u>Study Objective</u>

To assess the status of the macroinvertebrate community in the lower Saluda River (LSR) downstream of the Saluda Hydroelectric Project dam.

## II. <u>Geographic and Temporal Scope</u>

This study will evaluate macroinvertebrate fauna in the LSR from downstream of Saluda Hydroelectric Project dam to its confluence with the Broad River. Specific sampling locations are shown in Figure 1.

Macroinvertebrate sampling will occur during late-Summer and early-Fall 2006 and 2007 when dissolved oxygen conditions downstream of the dam are at their most critical.

## III. <u>Methodology</u>

## Field Methods

If field conditions allow, macroinvertebrate fauna will be sampled at five locations consistent with previous investigation in the  $LSR^1$ : the project tailrace (TR); the mouth of the project spillway (SPW); the "middle river" between Corley Island and the mouth of Twelvemile Creek (MR); the "lower river" between Interstates 20 & 26 (LR); and in the vicinity of Riverbanks Zoo (ZO)<sup>2</sup> (Figure 1). One site not previously investigated, the Ocean Boulevard shoal area (OB), will also be sampled (Figure 1).

Three replicate Hester-Dendy multi-plate samplers will be deployed at each location and allowed to colonize for approximately eight weeks. A multi-habitat assessment, following the USEPA *Rapid Bioassessment Protocols for Use in Streams and Wadeable Rivers* (Barbour et al. 1999), will also be performed at the closest wadeable habitat to each of the Hester-Dendy deployment locations (within 200 meters, if possible) at the beginning and end of the colonization period. Multihabitat sampling will involve timed, quantitative sampling of the various habitat types available with the identified reaches (i.e. cobble, sand, snags, woody debris, etc.), using kicknets and/or D-shaped dipnets, with each habitat type sampled in approximate proportion to its availability.

# Laboratory Methods

Intact Hester Dendy samplers, as well as raw samples from the multihabitat assessment, will be preserved in the field with 95% ethanol and transported to a South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC) – approved laboratory for processing. In the laboratory, macroinvertebrates will be separated from debris with the aid of a stereo microscope,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Habitat is described in previous investigations at these sites (Shealy 2001; 2003; 2004; 2005).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Site is in close proximity to the "old police club" (OPC) sampled in previous investigations (see Shealy 2005); sites may be used interchangeably depending on field conditions and access.

identified to the lowest possible taxonomic level, and enumerated using appropriate techniques and taxonomic keys. Specimens will be maintained in a voucher collection for five years or placed permanently in a reference collection.

# Data Analysis

Differences in taxonomic composition between sampling sites will be examined using appropriate bioassessment metrics, as described in Barbour et al. (1999). These metrics will likely included taxa richness (diversity); EPT (Ephemeroptera, Plecoptera, Trichoptera) Index; Chironomidae taxa and abundance; ratio of EPT and Chironomid abundance; ratio of scraper/scraper and filtering collectors; shredder/total number of specimens collected; percent contribution of dominant taxa; and North Carolina Biotic Index (NCBI)<sup>3</sup>. Regression analyses may also be used to detect trends in community composition as a function of distance from the dam. Water Quality data (dissolved oxygen and temperature) will also be reported for the sampling period.

# IV. <u>Schedule and Required Conditions</u>

Artificial substrate (Hester-Dendy) samplers will be deployed in late summer 2006 and 2007 (late August / Early September) and will be allowed to colonize for approximately eight weeks; multihabitat sampling will be conducted at the beginning and end of the colonization period during each sample year.

A final report summarizing the study findings will be issued within 90 days of completion of field work during each sampling year. Study methodology, timing, and duration may be adjusted based on consultation with the resource agencies and interested stakeholders. All data collected will be provided in electronic format to agencies and interested stakeholders.

# V. <u>Use of Study Results</u>

Study results will be used as an information resource during discussion of relicensing issues with the SCDNR, USFWS, Wildlife and Fisheries RCG, Freshwater Mussels/Benthic Macroinvertebrate TWC, and other relicensing stakeholders.

NAME	ORGANIZATION	PHONE	E-MAIL
Freshwa	ter Mussels/Benthic	Macroinvertebrate Techn	nical Working Committee
Jim Glover	SCDHEC	(803) 898-4081	gloverjb@dhec.sc.gov
Gerrit Jobsis	Am. Rivers/CCL	(803)771-7114	gjobsis@americanrivers.org
Ron Ahle	SCDNR	(803)734-2728	ahler@dnr.sc.gov
Amanda Hill	USFWS	(843)727-4707, x303	Amanda_hill@fws.gov
Shane Boring	Kleinschmidt	(803)822-3177	shane.boring@kleinschmidtusa.com
Stephen E. Summer	SCANA Services	(803)217-7357	ssummer@scana.com
Jennifer Price	SCDNR	(803)353-8232	pricej@dnr.sc.gov
		Applicant Contacts	
William Argentieri	SCE&G	(803)217-9162	bargentieri@scana.com
Randy Mahan	SCANA Services	(803)217-9538	rmahan@scana.com

# VI. <u>Study Participants</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>. Bioassessment metrics are described in greater detail in Barbour et al. (1999) and in reports summarizing previous macroinvertebrate investigations at the LSR sites (Shealy 2001; 2003; 2004; 2005).

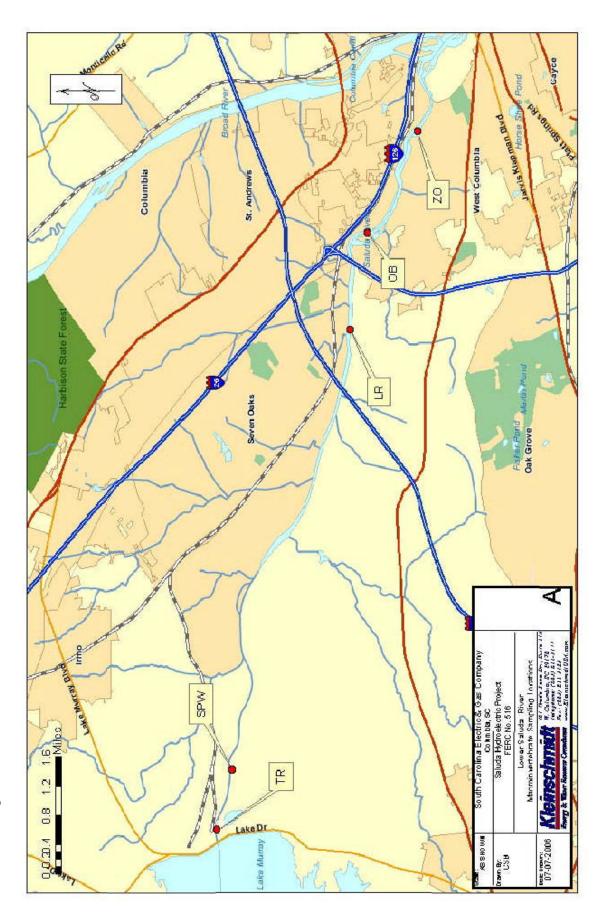
## VII. List of Attachments

Figure 1: Map of Benthic Macroinvertebrate Sampling Locations in the Lower Saluda River Downstream of the Saluda Hydroelectric Project Dam

# VIII. List of References

- Barbour, M.T., J. Gerritsen, B.D. Snyder, and J.B. Stribling. 1999. Rapid Bioassessment Protocols for Use in Streams and Wadeable Rivers: Periphyton, Benthic Macroinvertebrates and Fish, Second Edition. EPA 841-B-99-002. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency; Office of Water; Washington, D.C.
- Shealy Environmental Services, Inc. (Shealy) 2001. Macroinvertebrate Assessment of the Saluda River, Downstream of the Lake Murray Hydroelectric Dam Operated by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company, Lexington County, South Carolina. Report prepared for South Carolina Electric & Gas Company.
- Shealy Environmental Services, Inc. 2003. Macroinvertebrate Assessment of the Saluda River, Downstream of the Lake Murray Hydroelectric Dam Operated by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company, Lexington County, South Carolina. Report prepared for South Carolina Electric & Gas Company.
- Shealy Environmental Services, Inc. 2004. Macroinvertebrate Assessment of the Saluda River, Downstream of the Lake Murray Hydroelectric Dam Operated by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company, Lexington County, South Carolina. Report prepared for South Carolina Electric & Gas Company.
- Shealy Environmental Services, Inc. 2005. Macroinvertebrate Assessment of the Saluda River, Downstream of the Lake Murray Hydroelectric Dam Operated by South Carolina Electric and Gas Company, Lexington County, South Carolina. Report prepared for South Carolina Electric & Gas Company.

Figure 1. Proposed Macroinvertebrate Sampling Locations in the Lower Saluda River Downstream of the Saluda Hydroelectric **Project Dam** 



## Kacie Jensen

From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Thursday, August 24, 2006 1:47 PM
То:	Shane Boring; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bob Perry ; Brandon Stutts ; Buddy Baker ; Dick Christie; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle
Cc:	Cheryl Balitz
Subject:	Saluda Relicense: Waterfowl Study Plan

Dear Terrestrial Resources TWC Members:

At our last Terrestrial Resources TWC meeting, the group reviewed and approved the Wintering Waterfowl Study Plan, pending some minor "clean-up" of the language in the plan. As such, I have incorporated the requested changes and the final study plan is attached. If somehow your comments were missed or are otherwise not reflected, please let me know as soon as possible. Otherwise, the attached will be posted to the website as final.

Thanks,

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183



Lake Murray Vaterfowl Study Pl...

Cheryl:

Could you please post the attached to the Saluda Relicensing website under the Fish and Wildlife RCG. Thanks.

# Saluda Hydroelectric Project (FERC No. 516)

# Study Plan: Lake Murray Wintering Waterfowl Surveys

Terrestrial Resources Technical Working Committee August 24, 2006

# I. <u>Study Objective</u>

The objective of this research will be to develop an aerial survey database describing the abundance and distribution of wintering waterfowl (ducks, geese, swans, and coots) using Lake Murray, South Carolina.

# II. <u>Geographic and Temporal Scope</u>

This study will focus on all areas of Lake Murray reservoir and will include six (6) aerial surveys over a period of four (4) months to be executed as follows: 1 in late November, 2 in December, 2 in January, and 1 in early February. If inclement weather or aircraft unavailability precludes the completion of flights during the study period, flights may be added to the end of the survey period, at the discretion of the Terrestrial Resource Technical Working Committee (TWC).

# III. <u>Methodology</u>

Aerial surveys will be conducted from fixed-wing aircraft by trained observers from the University of Georgia's Savannah River Ecology Laboratory (SREL) and/or Kleinschmidt Associates. Observers will reference the species and numbers of all waterfowl (ducks, geese, swans, and coots) observed during aerial surveys, as well as any occurrences of the federally-endangered wood stork (*Mycteria americana*). Sightings will be map-referenced at the time of occurrence. Other data to be included with each aerial survey are: date, beginning and ending times of the survey, local weather conditions (including temperature, wind speed, extent of wetland icing in winter, etc.), and disturbance-related activities taking place during the aerial surveys will be conducted from a height of approximately 250–300 ft and at a safe airspeed given the prevailing weather conditions. The entire lake pool will be surveyed for waterfowl use.

Data summaries will be performed using the Statistical Analysis System (SAS Institute, Inc.). Summaries will include location graphics of waterfowl numbers, as well as descriptions of temporal changes in waterfowl distributions (species- and/or subfamily-specific).

# IV. Schedule and Required Conditions

Waterfowl surveys will begin in late November 2006 and continue through early February 2006 (4 months of study annually). Savannah River Ecology Lab will submit two (2) copies of a final report to Kleinschmidt Associates by March 1, in the year of the investigation's completion, covering all aspects of the investigation.

Study methodology, timing, and duration may be adjusted based on consultation with the resource agencies and interested stakeholders. All data collected will be provided in electronic format to agencies and interested stakeholders.

# V. <u>Use of Study Results</u>

Study results will be used as an information resource during discussion of relicensing issues with the SCDNR, USFWS, Wildlife and Fisheries RCG, Terrestrial Resources TWC, and other relicensing stakeholders.

NAME	ORGANIZATION	PHONE	E-MAIL
	Terrestrial Res	ources Technical Wor	king Committee
Buddy Baker	SCDNR	(803)734-3940	bakerb@dnr.sc.gov
Bob Perry	SCDNR	(803)734-3766	perryb@dnr.sc.gov
Ron Ahle	SCDNR	(803)734-2728	ahler@dnr.sc.gov
Amanda Hill	USFWS	(843)727-4707, x303	Amanda_hill@fws.gov
Shane Boring	Kleinschmidt	(803)822-3177	shane.boring@kleinschmidtusa.com
Brandon Stutts	SCANA Services		bstutts@scana.com
Dick Christie	SCDNR	(803)289-7022	christied@dnr.sc.gov
Bob Seibels	Riverbanks Zoo		bseibels@yahoo.com
	(retired)		
		Applicant Contacts	
Bill Argentieri	SCE&G	(803)217-9162	bargentieri@scana.com
Randy Mahan	SCANA Services	(803)217-9538	rmahan@scana.com

# VI. <u>Study Participants</u>

#### **Kacie Jensen**

From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Wednesday, August 09, 2006 2:19 PM
То:	Shane Boring; 'theresa_thom@nps.gov'; 'Wade Bales (balesw@dnr.sc.gov)'; 'Amanda Hill'; 'Bill Argentieri'; 'Dick Christie'; 'Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers)'; 'Hal Beard'; Jennifer
	Summerlin; 'Jim Glover'; 'Prescott Brownell'; 'Randy Mahan'; 'Ron Ahle'; 'Scott Harder'; Shane Boring; 'Steve Summer'; Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart
Cc:	Brandon Kulik
Subject:	RE: Saluda Hydro Relicense: Review of 1990 Saluda IFIM Study

#### Hello folks:

After speaking with several of you, it now looks as if Wednesday, September 7th may be a better date for the proposed Instream Flow TWC meeting. This will allow folks that are traveling from out of state not to have to travel over the holiday weekend. Also, Brandon Kulik from Kleinschmidt's Maine office would like at least a day to see the river before the meeting. Please let me know if your availability. Please feel free to propose alternate dates during this week if the 7th won't work for you. Thanks.

#### Shane

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Tuesday, August 01, 2006 5:04 PM
To:	'theresa_thom@nps.gov'; Wade Bales (balesw@dnr.sc.gov); Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Dick Christie; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Hal Beard; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Prescott Brownell; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring Steve Summer; Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart
Cc:	Brandon Kulik
Subject:	Saluda Hydro Relicense: Review of 1990 Saluda IFIM Study

Per our discussions at the June 14th meeting, Brandon Kulik (instream flow specialist at Kleinschmidt) has prepared a memo summarizing the 1990 IFIM study and its applicability to the current relicensing effort (see attached). This memo is intended to serve as a starting point for technical discussion regarding the need for and/or scope of additional relicensing-related flow studies. Once everyone has had a couple of weeks to review the memo, we would like to schedule a meeting in early September for Brandon to come and meet with the group. How about **Tuesday**, **September 5th**? This will likely be an all-day meeting. Thanks in advance for your input.

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

<< File: 2006-06-30 Memo - Review of LSR Instream Flow Study.pdf >>

## Kacie Jensen

From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Tuesday, August 01, 2006 5:04 PM
То:	'theresa_thom@nps.gov'; Wade Bales (balesw@dnr.sc.gov); Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Dick Christie; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Hal Beard; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Prescott
	Brownell; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer; Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart
Cc:	Brandon Kulik
Subject:	Saluda Hydro Relicense: Review of 1990 Saluda IFIM Study

Dear Saluda Relicensing Instream Flow/Aquatic Habitat Technical Working Committee Member:

Per our discussions at the June 14th meeting, Brandon Kulik (instream flow specialist at Kleinschmidt) has prepared a memo summarizing the 1990 IFIM study and its applicability to the current relicensing effort (see attached). This memo is intended to serve as a starting point for technical discussion regarding the need for and/or scope of additional relicensing-related flow studies. Once everyone has had a couple of weeks to review the memo, we would like to schedule a meeting in early September for Brandon to come and meet with the group. How about **Tuesday, September 5th**? This will likely be an all-day meeting. Thanks in advance for your input.

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183



2006-06-30 Memo -Review of LS...



# MEMORANDUM

TO: Instream Flow/Aquatic Habitat Technical Working Committee (TWC)

FROM: Brandon Kulik, Kleinschmidt Associates

DATE: July 31, 2006

RE: Review of Lower Saluda River Instream Flow Study

It is my understanding that TWC is interested in evaluating how much of the study entitled "*Instream Flow Requirements for the fishes of the lower Saluda River*" dated March 28, 1995 can be applied to contemporary relicensing decisions about the Saluda Hydroelectric Project. The stated purpose of this study was "*to evaluate the effects of rate from the Lake Murray Dam on the amount of suitable habitat for fishery resources of the LSR*".

At your request I have reviewed the report, and am providing some observations.

## **General Comments**

The field study and methods of computer modeling as described appear to generally adhere to methods described by Bovee (1982), and thus the raw Weighted Usable Area (WUA) vs. flow relationships are probably reasonable at least for the lower flow range. A few aspects of this report, that at face value may not be entirely consistent with study design elements recommended by Bovee, *et al.* (1998), may or may not affect how the extrapolated and weighted WUA data in the existing report can be used, but to start the discussion, I have flagged a few of these items as they may be worth group discussion.

# **Specific Comments**

The following comments are arranged by report topic heading.

- 1. *Study Area:* The overall study area boundaries appear logical, as it extends from the point of flow control (Lake Murray Dam) to the influence from another large and independent source of flow (Broad River).
  - a. The report does not clearly articulate a rationale for establishing the boundaries for the three reaches. It appears that the reaches were divided into thirds. Reach boundaries are typically placed where there is a shift in conditions that may influence hydraulics (*e.g.* river channel morphology, slope), habitat (geomorphology, dominant cover, substrate, or mesohabitat composition), or hydrology (contribution of tributary inflow, such as a 10% increase in flow or drainage area) (Bovee, *et al.*, 1998).

- b. It is not clear from the description (pp 6-7) if model output was weighted according to the relative linear abundance of each habitat type (see Table 2) within each reach or globally for the entire study area (*i.e.* all three reaches combined). Reach weighting can influence the shape of the wetted area and WUA curves.
- c. Model results obtained in rapids and riffles usually will show a different sensitivity to flow changes from pools and runs. However, frequently, certain species and lifestages may only use a subset of the overall habitat types. The report as written leads to a conclusion that all habitats were blended together for each lifestage to develop a WUA curve. Thus it may be worth some group discussion to clarify how this was handled.
- 2. Target Species and Criteria
  - a. <u>Fish Passage</u>: An adult striped bass habitat Suitability Index (SI) was used as a criterion for shoal zone-of-passage passage requirements. This SI curve is driven by the resting and foraging requirements of a large pelagic predator. For the purpose of fish migration passage, it may be worthwhile to consider other criteria such as zone-of-passage criteria in natural channels set forth by Bovee (1982), and/or principals of ichthyomechanics and hydraulics (Clay 1995, Bell 1991).
  - b. <u>Brown trout and rainbow trout</u>: I note that the spawning lifestage for trout is employed, which I take to mean that there is a management objective to establish or maintain a wild population of these species. If so, both fry and juvenile lifestages for these species should also be included but were not. Because spawning/incubation, and fry lifestages of these species occur only for a limited portion of the year; these WUA curve should probably not be employed as part of a blended year-round flow recommendation, but assigned to a time series that targets applicable weeks or months when the lifestage is specifically expected to be present (see suggested matrix below). Because salmonids are not habitat generalists, this analysis would also benefit by documenting the following:
    - i. Does fishery management rely on natural reproduction?
    - ii. Does suitable macrohabitat and mesohabitat exist to support each lifestage?
    - iii. Is suitable fry and YOY habitat available in contiguous reaches?
    - iv. Can fry and YOY lifestage flows be evaluated and applied during appropriate months?
  - c. <u>Suitability Index Criteria (general comment)</u>. SI criteria appear to generally be taken from the literature with no transferability evaluation. For example, Raleigh (1984 and 1986) criteria for brown and rainbow trout were primarily developed from general literature and habitat studies on large western rivers. Use of these criteria on dissimilar ecosystems and

regions without some documented transferability assessment, while expedient, has been criticized in many recent IFIM studies (Bovee, *et al.* 1998, K. Bovee, personal communication). The TWC may wish to discuss overall comfort using such curves.

3. *Discharge Measurements:* Three calibration flows were employed to construct this model, with a single set of calibration velocities taken at the lowest of the three flows. For purposes of a low-flow IFIM model this is probably adequate; however. The accuracy of model hydraulics as flow approaches the middle-to-higher flow range is potentially questionable without further documentation that Velocity Adjustment Factors fell within an acceptable range. The report should explicitly state the range of modeled flows that meet hydraulic accuracy standards. If greater accuracy is deemed important at higher flows, there may be cost effective ways to obtain such data.

## 4. Presentation of WUA Data

These are just some observations about how the WUA results are presented and how that could be enhanced to support decision-making.

- a. Although the general statement is made that "WUA increased rapidly to maximum levels for flows between 300-1000 cfs for most species and life stages...", this is still a wide range, perhaps due mostly to the blending of species/lifestages, habitat types, and timeframes together. Optimizing habitat for one species at 300 cfs may impair habitat suitability for others that are optimized at higher flows, and visa versa. Also, not all species/lifestages coexist at the same time and in all habitats. Thus the analysis should provide a biological rational for:
  - i. Prioritizing species/life stages or at least balancing trade-offs when conflicting WUA curves occur (Bovee 1982, Bovee et al. 1998).
  - ii. Correlating species/lifestages to applicable seasonal or monthly periods so seasonally varying flows can be assessed (see example matrix attached below).
- b. WUA data are only presented in a "normalized" (*i.e.* percent-of-optimal format) in the main body of the report. (I realize that they are presented in Appendix I as individual graphs, but in that format the relative WUA comparisons among lifestages are difficult to make). Easily viewing the relative magnitude of WUA potentially available at a given flow among species and lifestages would facilitate prioritization of species and lifestages so that inter-lifestage trade-offs can be better evaluated. Along those same lines, WUA data are presented only in graphs; tabular WUA data would enhance the assessment of trade-offs at the finer increments of flow ranging in the zone of interest, and enhance flow recommendations and negotiation.

- c. A flow recommendation using a percentage of "optimal" WUA as the sole metric, can potentially be difficult to defend, because optimal WUA is merely an artifact of stream geometry hydraulics and SI information that doesn't factor in site-specific, seasonally varying flow availability. For example, if a flow supporting "optimal" WUA is an infrequent event, then an alternate habitat metric might be the amount of WUA that results from the naturally occurring median for the time increment of interest (*i.e.* seasonal, annual, monthly).
- 5. Suggestions

#### **Model Accuracy**

Two primary areas that PHABSIM models are most sensitive to error or bias are in SI criteria, (especially depth and velocity curves), and in how results obtained from study reaches and mesohabitat types are weighted (J. Henrikson, USGS/MESC, personal communication). Related to this is study site stability. If, (as noted by Ron Ahle on June 14, 2006), the river channel geometry has changed, then it would be worth re-surveying at least a subset of the transects to confirm if that has happened, and if it has, the extent to which the potential for past data to be transferable may be lost. If the channel profile details have shifted, but the overall geometry, slopes and widths remain similar, the differences may not be significant.

Assuming the transects remain representative of current and anticipated future conditions, secondary area for potential error in this instance could be in extrapolation of hydraulic data from calibration data.

#### **SI** Criteria

The TWC may wish to evaluate if the SI criteria applied to the original model is sufficiently accurate for this application, and update and/or refine criteria if needed. In some cases, new SI criteria may need to be developed to account for new species or lifestages identified at the June 14, 2006 TWC meeting.

#### **Reach Weighting**

The TWC may wish to seek clarification as to how individual reach WUA/flow curves were weighted together, and make revisions if deemed necessary. Also consider looking at transect data representing individual mesohabitats that best correlate to use by guild groups and/or lifestages identified at the June 14, 2006 TWC meeting. To the extent supporting data exists, the TWC may wish to re-analyze and re-calculate WUA's. For some species objectives, such as the wild trout fishery some additional habitat mapping and transect data collection may be required, at least to account for early lifestages.

## Hydraulic Model Calibration

Of the three calibration data sets, only the low flow contains velocity as well as stage data. The other flows have stage data only. Assuming that the historic transects are found to still be representative of existing channel conditions, the TWC may wish to assess if additional velocity data at a higher flow are necessary to satisfactorily calibrate the model throughout the entire flow range of interest. If the historic transects are adequately geo-referenced, then additional velocity data may be readily collected.

## **Flow Analysis**

Contemporary instream flow recommendations typically recommend flows or flow targets that vary seasonally, rather than provide a single flat minimum flow (Annear et al., 2000). The conventional problem-solving steps would be to:

- 1. Time series: prioritize species /lifestages according to management objectives, season of occurrence within and throughout the study reaches so that trade-offs among species, lifestages and other water uses can be assessed.
- 2. Establish a benchmark flow for each month (or season) that represents "typical" inflow for that period, such as a median (50<sup>th</sup> percentile) flow.
- 3. Develop a matrix, by month or season (if applicable), of flow and species and lifestages present (see attached example).
- 4. Based on that flow matrix, select the discharge corresponding to the lowest-flow period during which each species and lifestage is present.
- 5. Calculate the ambient WUA occurring during that flow period. The month featuring the lowest WUA value is the naturally-occurring maximum WUA and should be used in comparisons. For some species and lifestages, this may require breaking out WUA results from separate habitat types contained in the model.

These next two steps are iterative:

- 6. Compare WUA produced under alternative flow releases to determine which alternatives provide an acceptable amount of WUA relative to what would exist compared to the naturally-limiting monthly or seasonal WUA.
- 7. Based on the prioritizations established under steps 1 and 2, determine what species/lifestage(s) drive the flow recommendation for each month, and what the trade-offs if any are to other lifestages and human water uses. If further balancing is required, return to step 6 and assess a different scenario.

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Hypothetical Times Series Prioritization Matrices (Note: For illustrative purposes only; seasonality and flow information will be refined in coordination with the TWC.)

LSR median	LSR median											
Month	flow (cfs)	American shad	blueback striped herring bass	striped bass	shortnose sturgeon	American eel	robust redhorse	highfin carpsucker	northern hogsucker	spotted sucker	brown trout	rainbow trout
January	1,930			X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X
February	2,090	X	x	X	X	X	X	X	X	Х	X	X
March	2,250	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
April	1,100	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
May	745	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X
June	843			X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X
July	1,250			X		x	x	X	X	X	X	X
August	1,330			X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X
September	1,380			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
October	1,570			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
November	1,526			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
December	1,760			x		X	X	Х	X	X	X	X

6.

Early LIIE	a -(CLL) ageis	Early Lileslage (ELS)- Daseu Frioriuzauon Maurix	IUUII MAUTIX						
	LSR	Robust	highfin	northern	spotted	brown		rainbow	
Month	median flow (cfs)	Redhorse ELS	carpsucke r ELS	hogsucker ELS	sucker ELS	trout spwn brown & incub. trout E	brown trout ELS	trout spwn rainbow & incub. trout EL	rainbow trout ELS
January	1,930						x		
February	2,090						x	X	
March	2,250						X	X	
April	1,100							X	
May	745	Х	X	X	X				X
June	843	X	X	X	X				X
July	1,250	Х	X	X	Х				X
August	1,330								
September	1,380								
October	1,570					X			
November	1,526					X			
December	1,760					X			

Instream Flow/Aquatic Habitat Technical Working Committee (TWC) July 31, 2006

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		shallow slow guild	shallo	shallow fast guild	deep slow guild	deep fast guild
Month	LSR median flow (cfs)	redbreast sunfish spawning	margined madtom	Saluda darter	redbreast sunfish adults	shorthead redhorse
January	1,930		X	x	x	X
February	2,090		X	х	х	X
March	2,250		X	х	х	X
April	1,100		X	х	х	X
May	745	х	X	x	х	X
June	843	Х	X	х	Х	X
July	1,250		X	x	х	X
August	1,330		X	х	х	X
September	1,380		X	х	х	X
October	1,570		X	х	х	X
November	1,526		X	Х	Х	X
December	1,760		x	X	X	X

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# Kacie Jensen

From:	Alison Guth
Sent:	Tuesday, July 25, 2006 10:26 AM
To:	Wade Bales (balesw@dnr.sc.gov); Alan Stuart; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Bill East; Bill Hulslander; Bill Marshall; Bob Perry ; Bob Seibels (bseibels@yahoo.com); Charlene Coleman; Daniel Tufford; Dick Christie; Ed Diebold; George Duke; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Gina Kirkland; Hal Beard; Jeff Duncan; Jennifer O'Rourke; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Jim Goller; Joe Logan; Joy Downs; Larry Turner (turnerle@dhec.sc.gov); Laura Boos (laura.mccary@gmail.com); Malcolm Leaphart; Mark Leao; Mike Sloan; Norman Ferris; Patrick Moore; Prescott Brownell; Ralph Crafton; RMAHAN@scana.com; Reed Bull (rbull@davisfloyd.com); Robert Lavisky; Ron Ahle; Sam Drake; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Bell; Steve Leach; Steve Summer; Suzanne Rhodes; Tom Bowles (tbowles@scana.com)
Subject:	2005 Crayfish Assessment

Hello RCG Members,

I have attached, for your perusal, the report on the 2005 Crayfish Assessment. Feel free to contact me with any questions. Thanks, Alison



Final 2005 LSR Crayfish Assess...

Alison Guth Licensing Coordinator *Kleinschmidt Associates* 101 Trade Zone Drive Suite 21A West Columbia, SC 29170 P: (803) 822-3177 F: (803) 822-3183



July 17, 2006

# Fish and Wildlife Resource Conservation Group Members Saluda Hydro Relicensing Team

## South Carolina Electric & Gas Company – FERC Project No. 516 2005 Lower Saluda River Crayfish Assessment

Dear RCG Members:

In response to a request by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and in preparation for the relicensing of the Saluda Hydroelectric Project (FERC No. 516), South Carolina Electric & Gas Company (SCE&G) contracted with Kleinschmidt Associates to perform a crayfish assessment in the lower Saluda River in the fall of 2005. The first of these assessments was conducted on October 11, 2005, and assessments continued on a weekly basis through November 15, 2005. The following is a report presenting our findings of the study.

# BACKGROUND

On April 29<sup>th</sup> of 2005, SCE&G filed the Notice of Intent (NOI) to relicense the Project with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), as well as issuing the Initial Consultation Document (ICD) to the FERC and stakeholders. The current license is due to expire August 31, 2010. Comments on the ICD submitted by the USFWS include a study request for an evaluation of benthic macroinvertebrate assemblages that include crayfish as well as EPT's (*Ephemeroptera, Plecoptera, Trichoptera*). This was requested with the justification that such studies will provide information for the assessment of Project effects on benthic resources.

Concurrent with the release of the ICD, in spring 2005, SCE&G carried out a series of diadromous fish studies on the lower Saluda river in response to early study requests from the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources (SCDNR), the USFWS, and NOAA Fisheries. Target species included the American shad, hickory shad, blueback herring, shortnose sturgeon, Atlantic sturgeon, striped bass, and the American eel. It was found, during the American eel surveys, that the traps were efficient in the collection of crayfish. After formal discussions with the USFWS, the eel traps were re-deployed in October 2005 in order to gather data on crayfish species.

# **MATERIALS METHODS**

The traps used during the entirety of the sampling period consisted of double-entry, galvanized wire mesh minnow traps, measuring about  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet long (see Figure A). These traps

were successful in sampling crayfish during Spring 2005 diadromous fish studies. Each trap was initially baited with herring and was re-baited on two-week intervals or as needed. A one lb weight was also placed in the traps to insure that they remained submerged. The traps were deployed mid-channel and secured to the bank with a length of cord so that they were readily accessible. Moreover, in an attempt to decrease vandalism and disturbance, they were positioned such that they were not readily noticeable. In the event of vandalism or theft, the trap was replaced as soon as feasible.

Each trap was deployed at its respective sampling location on October 3, 2005 and was allowed to fish continuously until early November, with the exception of when a trap was stolen or vandalized. The traps were inspected once a week under most circumstances. However, rain events and high flows occasionally prevented access to the traps, and they would subsequently be checked when the water levels decreased. Any by-catch was field identified and released. Data recorded for each sample included trap deployment and retrieval time, total number of crayfish collected, and the number of males and females, however only the males were kept for identification in the laboratory. After initial genus identification by Kleinschmidt personnel, species were verified by crayfish specialist Dr. Arnold Eversole, with Clemson University.

Traps were deployed at four points along the Saluda River below the Saluda Dam. These locations were chosen according to resource agency recommendations for diadromous species trapping, and included: (1) the Saluda Dam Spillway; (2) the mouth of Twelvemile Creek; (3) the LSR downstream of Interstate 26 near the USGS gage station; (4) and the Saluda Dam Tailrace (see Figure B).

## FINDINGS

During the sampling period a total of 41 crayfish were collected from the LSR. Of those individuals, there were 19 males and 22 females field identified. All of the specimens captured were of two genus', Procambarus and Cambarus; it is believed that only two species were found within those genus', *Cambarus (Depressicambarus) latimanus* and *Procambarus (Scapulicambarus) troglodytes*.

*Cambarus (Depressicambarus) latimanus* is found in several river basins in North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Alabama. Considered a secondary burrower, this species spends its time in small to moderately large streams and burrows<sup>1</sup>. *Procambarus (Scapulicambarus) troglodytes* is considered a tertiary burrower, meaning that it spends much of its time in open water, retreating to its burrow for winter frost, egg laying and to avoid desiccation. This species is widely distributed throughout the state and populations are considered stable<sup>2</sup>. Neither of these species is listed on the *Federal List of Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants* for Richland, Lexington, Newberry, or Saluda Counties.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Crandall, Keith A., Fetzner, Jr., James W., and Hobbs, Jr., Horton H. 2001. Cambarus (Depressicambarus) latimanus Le Conte 1856. Version 01 January 2001 (under construction).

http://tolweb.org/Cambarus\_(Depressicambarus)\_latimanus/6858/2001.01.01 in *The Tree of Life Web Project,* <u>http://tolweb.org</u>. Viewed 7 July 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Crandall, Keith A., Fetzner, Jr., James W., and Hobbs, Jr., Horton H. 2001. Procambarus (Scapulicambarus) troglodytes Le Conti 1856. Version 01 January 2001 (underconstruction).

I have included Tables 1-4, which depict the findings recorded during the sampling events. If you have any questions or need additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me at (803) 822-3177.

Sincerely,

# KLEINSCHMIDT ASSOCIATES

, Alion

Alison Guth Licensing Coordinator

AG:mas Attachments

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http://tolweb.org/Procambarus\_(Scapulicambarus)\_troglodytes/7660/2001.01.01 in The Tree of Life Web Project, <u>http://tolweb.org</u>. Viewed 7 July 2006.

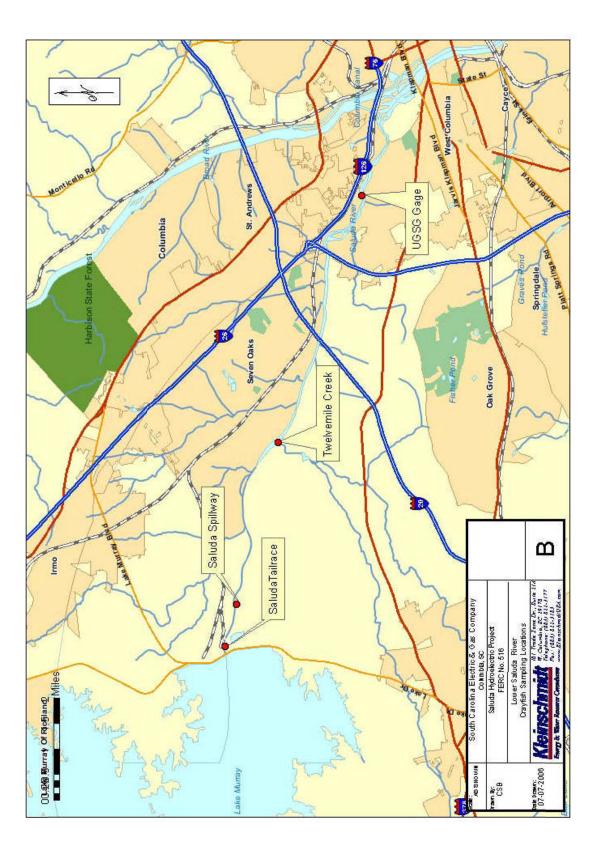
# ATTACHMENT A

# TABLES AND FIGURES



 Figure A:
 Standard Trap that was Used Throughout Sampling





# Table 1:Crayfish Surveys – USGS Gage Station

# Saluda Hydro Project Relicensing 2005 Crayfish Surveys

# **USGS Gaging Station**

	Time Retrieved for	Time	Total	Genus of	
Date	Inspection	Redeployed	Number	Males	Comments
10/3/2005	-	10:50	-	-	Deployed Trap
					Much vegitation covering
					trap, removed vegetation
10/11/2005	12:59	1:18			and rebaited, no catch
10/19/2005	11:35	11:39			Rebaited, no catch
10/25/2005	2:46	2:52			Rebaited, no catch
11/3/2005	2:16	2:30			Rebaited, no catch
11/15/2005	2:51				Retrieved trap, no catch
Total			C	)	

# Table 2:Crayfish Surveys – Tailrace

# Saluda Hydro Project Relicensing 2005 Crayfish Surveys

# Tailrace

Date	Time Retrieved for Inspection	Time Redeployed	Total Number	Genus of Males	Comments
10/3/2005		12:23			Deployed Trap
10/11/2005	1:55	2:10	5 (4M, 1F)	Cambarus	Rebaited trap
10/19/2005	12:00				Trap out of water, rebaited
10/25/2005	3:15	3:22			No catch
11/3/2005	2:51				Trap stuck, could not retrieve
Total			5 (4M, 1F)		

# Table 3:Crayfish Surveys – Spillway

# Saluda Hydro Project Relicensing 2005 Crayfish Surveys

# Spillway

Date	Time Retrieved for Inspection	Time Redeployed	Total Number	Genus of Males	Comments
10/3/2005		1:06			Deployed Trap
				Procambarus (2),	
10/11/2005	2:35	2:51	11 (7 F, 4 M)	Cambarus (2)	Rebaited
				Procambarus (1),	
10/19/2005	12:30	12:39	2 (M)	Cambarus (1)	
					Could not access
10/25/2005	3:45				trap, high water
11/3/2005	3:26				Trap gone
Total			13 (7 F, 6 M)		

# Table 4: Crayfish Surveys – Twelvemile Creek Location

Saluda Hydro Project Relicensing 2005 Crayfish Surveys

# **Twelvemile Creek Location**

Date	Time Retrieved for Inspection	Time Redeployed	Total Number	Genus of Males	Comments
10/3/2005		1:33			Trap Deployed
10/11/2005	3:15	3:27	6 (4 F, 2 M)	Cambarus	Rebaited, caught 1 Anguilla rostrata
10/19/2005	1:52	2:03	4 (3 F, 1 M)	Cambarus	Rebaited
10/25/2005	4:15	4:32	11 (7 F, 4 M)	Cambarus	Rebaited
11/3/2005	3:57	4:03	1 (M)	Cambarus	Rebaited
11/15/2005	3:47		1 (M)	Cambarus	Collected Trap
Total			23 (14 F, 9 M)		

ATTACHMENT B REFERENCES

## **REFERENCES:**

- Crandall, Keith A., Fetzner, Jr., James W., and Hobbs, Jr., Horton H. 2001. Cambarus (Depressicambarus) latimanus Le Conte 1856. Version 01 January 2001 (under construction). http://tolweb.org/Cambarus\_(Depressicambarus)\_latimanus/6858/2001.01.01 in The Tree of Life Web Project, http://tolweb.org. Viewed 7 July 2006.
- Crandall, Keith A., Fetzner, Jr., James W., and Hobbs, Jr., Horton H. 2001. *Procambarus* (*Scapulicambarus*) troglodytes Le Conti 1856. Version 01 January 2001 (under construction). http://tolweb.org/Procambarus\_(Scapulicambarus)\_troglodytes/7660/2001.01.01 in The Tree of Life Web Project, http://tolweb.org. Viewed 7 July 2006.
- Eversole, Arnold G., Jones, Danny R. <u>Key to the Crayfish of South Carolina.</u> Clemson University, 2004.
- South Carolina Department of Natural Resources. South Carolina Rare, Threatened, & Endangered Species Inventory-County Selection From List. 2005. 7 July 2006. http://www.dnr.sc.gov/pls/heritage/county\_species.select\_county\_map

#### Kacie Jensen

From:	SUMMER, STEPHEN E [SSUMMER@scana.com]	
Sent:	Friday, July 21, 2006 12:55 PM	
То:	BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Shane Boring; Amanda Hill; Jennifer Price; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; RMAHAN@scana.com; Ron Ahle; Gerrit Jobsis	
Subject: FW: Saluda Hydro Relicense: Draft Macroinvertebrate Study Plan for the Lower Saluda River		

Once more with the attachment. Steve

From: Gerrit Jobsis [mailto:gjobsis@americanrivers.org]
Sent: Thursday, July 20, 2006 2:15 PM
To: Shane Boring; SUMMER, STEPHEN E; Amanda Hill; ARGENTIERI, WILLIAM R; Jennifer Price; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; MAHAN, RANDOLPH R; Ron Ahle
Subject: RE: Saluda Hydro Relicense: Draft Macroinvertebrate Study Plan for the Lower Saluda River

Here are my comments Shane.

Gerrit Jöbsis Director of Southeast Conservation American Rivers 2231 Devine Street, Suite 100 • Columbia, S.C. 29205 803/771-7114 803/771-7580 Fax gjobsis@americanrivers.org

www.AmericanRivers.org

American Rivers protects and restores healthy natural rivers for the benefit of communities, fish and wildlife.

From: Shane Boring [mailto:Shane.Boring@KleinschmidtUSA.com]
Sent: Wednesday, July 19, 2006 5:06 PM
To: Steve Summer; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Gerrit Jobsis; Jennifer Price; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Shane Boring
Subject: Saluda Hydro Relicense: Draft Macroinvertebrate Study Plan for the Lower Saluda River

Hello Folks:

Attached for your review is the first cut at the Lower Saluda Macroinvertebrate Study Plan. As discussed in out May 3rd meeting, the study plan incorporates the existing methods from the studies performed by Shealy Env., as well as the recommended multi-habitat component. Please have your comments/suggestions on the plan back to me by Wednesday, August 2nd. I'm particularly interested in any suggestions regarding sampling locations; the 2005 sampling by Shealy sampled 4 locations, which are primarily in the upper and lower reaches of the LSR. Thanks.

Shane

C. Shane Boring

Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

<<LSR Macroinvert Study Plan (draft;07-19-2006).doc>>

#### Jöbsis comments 7-20-06

Saluda Hydroelectric Project (FERC No. 516)

#### Study Plan: Macroinvertebrate Assessment of the Lower Saluda River

Freshwater Mussels/Benthic Macroinvertebrate Technical Working Committee Draft -- July 19, 2006

#### I. <u>Study Objective</u>

To assess the status of the macroinvertebrate community in the lower Saluda River (LSR) downstream of the Saluda Hydroelectric Project dam.

#### II. <u>Geographic and Temporal Scope</u>

- This study <u>samples</u> the macroinvertebrate fauna in the LSR from downstream of Saluda Hydroelectric Project dam to its confluence with the Broad River. Specific sampling locations are shown in Figure 1.
- Macroinvertebrate sampling will occur during late-Summer and early-Fall 2006 and 2007 when dissolved oxygen conditions downstream of the dam are at their most critical.

#### III. Methodology

#### Field Methods

Macroinvertebrate fauna will be sampled at four locations consistent with previous investigation in the LSR (Shealy 2005): the project tailrace (TR); the project spillway (SPW); the "lower river" between Interstates 20 & 26 (LR); and the vicinity of the USGS gage (#01269000) near the "old police club" (OPC) (Figure 1)<sup>1</sup>. Three replicate Hester-Dendy multi-plate samplers will be deployed at each location and allowed to colonize for approximately eight weeks. In addition, a multi-habitat assessment, following the USEPA *Rapid Bioassessment Protocols for Use in Streams and Wadeable Rivers* (Barbour et al. 1999), will be performed at the closest wadeable habitat to each of the Hester-Dendy deployment locations (within 200 meters, if possible). Multihabitat sampling will involve timed, quantitative sampling of the various habitat types available with the identified reaches (i.e. cobble, sand, snags, woody debris, etc.), using kicknets and/or D-shaped dipnets, with each habitat type sampled in approximate proportion to its availability.

#### Laboratory Methods

Intact Hester Dendy samplers, as well as raw samples from the multihabitat assessment, will be preserved in the field with 95% ethanol and transported to a South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC) – approved laboratory (Shealy Environmental Services, Inc., West Columbia, SC) for processing. In the laboratory, macroinvertebrates will be separated from debris with the aid of a stereo microscope, identified to the lowest possible taxonomic level, and enumerated using appropriate techniques and taxonomic keys. Specimens will be maintained in a voucher collection for five years or placed permanently in a reference collection.

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**Comment:** Are the 06 and 07 periods the same? Looks like they are to me.

#### Deleted: /

**Deleted:** (late-August through early November)

#### **Comment:** Per the below this would

actually be 3 locations for the main channel of the Saluda since the SPW site is not representative. This leaves a 5 plus mile gap between the TR and LR sites. I recommend adding at least one more main channel site between TR and LR

**Comment:** I don't understand why this location is to be sampled unless it is to get separate information on the spillway channel. The spillway channel is quite different than the main channel.

A second main channel site is warranted to allow evaluation of longitudinal differences in the upper river. The SPW location is too close to the TR station for this purpose. I think a better location for a second downstream sampling site would be near Corley Island, approximately 2-3 miles below the dam. This would allow evaluation of longitudinal differences.

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**Comment:** It appears on the map that LR and OPC sites are near tributary streams. I recommend not sampling immediately downstream of any tributary to avoid tributary influence. If a site MUST be near a trib due to access [... [2]

#### Comment: Good idea

**Comment:** Wadeable sections are at a premium. They are difficult to locate at flow high enough for a motorized boat. You are essentially limited to the few near bank sandbars and adjacent aquatic vegetation. To get good samples, [...[3]]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Habitat is described in previous investigations at these sites (Shealy Environmental Services, Inc. 2001; 2003; 2004; 2005).

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Differences in taxonomic composition between sampling sites will be examined using appropriate bioassessment metrics, as described in Barbour et al. (1999). These metrics will likely included taxa richness (diversity); EPT (Ephemeroptera, Plecoptera, Trichoptera) Index; Chironomidae taxa and abundance; ratio of EPT and Chironomid abundance; ratio of scraper/scraper and filtering collectors; shredder/total number of specimens collected; percent contribution of dominant taxa; and North Carolina Biotic Index (NCBI)<sup>2</sup>. Regression analyses may also be used to detect trends in community composition as a function of distance from the dam.

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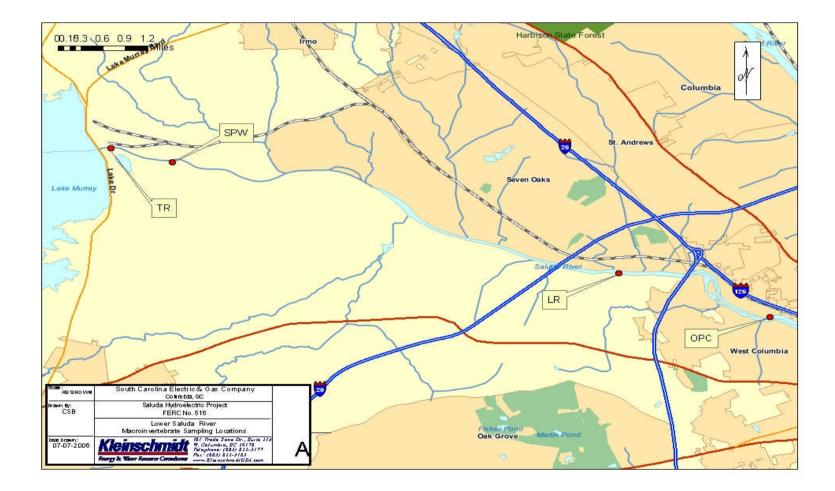
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Figure 1: Map of Benthic Macroinvertebrate Sampling Locations in the Lower Saluda River Downstream of the Saluda Hydroelectric Project Dam

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Figure 1. <u>Proposed</u> Macroinvertebrate Sampling Locations in the Lower Saluda River Downstream of the Saluda Hydroelectric Project Dam



Page 1: [1] Comment	SCANA	7/21/2006 11:01 AM
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velocity areas in the lower Sal	uda River. The TR samplers	were fastened to the I-beam
(in the channel in the I-beam)	which forms the downstream	leg of the USGS monitor.
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I've also set samplers in a MR (middle river) location, upstream of Twelve Mile Creek. Setting of samplers in this area has been impossible some years to lack of tree-falls and snags to break the current velocity.

Please be aware that for any given year, it is normal for one set of samplers placed in the LR and MR areas to be lost/unretrievable. I've also plaved samplers in the backwater downstream of teh spillway channel, but after a couple of years of disappearing samplers (I have to assume vandalism) i gave up on that location.

I also suggest consideration of placing samplers near the zoo in addition to or in lieu of the USGS gage (OPC) if a suitable site can be located (the OPC location is about one mile upriver of the zoo. This area may also be easier to access for multi-habitat sampling (the area at the old police club is privately owned and access to a wadeable site is problematic.

Page 1: [2] CommentAmerican Rivers User7/20/2006 2:12 PMIt appears on the map that LR and OPC sites are near tributary streams. I recommend not<br/>sampling immediately downstream of any tributary to avoid tributary influence. If a site<br/>MUST be near a trib due to access limitations, it should be located upstream by at least<br/>200 m.

Page 1: [3] CommentSCANA7/21/2006 11:08 AMWadeable sections are at a premium. They are difficult to locate at flow high enough for<br/>a motorized boat. You are essentially limited to the few near bank sandbars and<br/>adjacent aquatic vegetation. To get good samples, you must sample at low water (need to<br/>get to areas not exposed to air). This is one of the main reasons that I did not continue<br/>the rapid bioassessment methodology and switched to the Hester Dendys. Canoe travel<br/>may be the only way to access multi-habitat sampling areas.

## Kacie Jensen

From: Sent:	Shane Boring Thursday, July 20, 2006 3:41 PM
To:	'Amanda Hill '; 'Gerrit Jobsis'; 'Bob Seibels'; 'Tom Eppink'; 'Randy Mahan '; Kelly Miller; 'Ron
10.	Ahle (ahler@dnr.sc.gov)'
Cc:	'Bill Argentieri'; 'Steve Summer (ssummer@scana.com)'; Alan Stuart; Alison Guth
Subject:	Saluda Hydro Rocky Shoals Spider Lily Float Trip

All:

Attached is a draft memo summarizing the May 31 Lower Saluda River float trip to look for rocky shoals spider lilies. Please take a moment to review it and be prepared to provide comments at next weeks meeting (July 26th) of the RT&E TWC. For those not able to attend the meeting, e-mail comments are fine. Thanks.

Shane

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183



May 2006 RSSL Survey Memo (Dra...

## **MEMORANDUM**

TO: Saluda Hydro Project Relicensing Stakeholders

- FROM: Saluda Hydro Rare, Threatened, and Endangered Species Technical Working CommitteeDATE: July 20, 2006
  - RE: May 2006 Lower Saluda River Rocky Shoals Spider Lily Survey Observations

On May 31, 2006, members of the Rare, Threatened, and Endangered Species Technical Working Committee conducted a survey of the Lower Saluda River (LSR) for presence of the Rocky Shoals Spider Lily (RSSL), a federal species of concern. Survey attendees, methods, and observations are summarized below.

Survey Attendees:	Ron Ahle, SCDNR Amanda Hill USFWS Gerrit Jobsis, American Rivers Bob Seibels, Riverbanks Zoo (retired) Shane Boring, Kleinschmidt Associates Kelly Miller, Kleinschmidt Associates Bill Argentieri, SCE&G Randy Mahan, SCANA Services
	Tom Eppink, SCANA

Survey Duration: approximately 1030 – 1730 hrs

## **Survey Methods and Observations:**

The LSR was surveyed by canoe along its entire length, from the SCE&G boat landing near the base of Saluda Hydro to the Senate Street Landing on the Congaree River. Shoal areas not accessible by canoe were examined on foot for presence of RSSL.

Two RSSL plants were documented in the Ocean Boulevard Rapid area of the LSR by Gerrit Jobsis, Amanda Hill, and Shane Boring. These plants were not in bloom and appeared stunted compared to RSSL plants observed farther downstream (see observations below).

The group also observed a large stand of RSSL (> 100 plants) in the confluence of the Saluda and Broad rivers, just upstream of the Highway 12 bridge. This population displayed a vigorous growth pattern and abundant blooms at the time of the survey. This population has been documented previously during investigations related to relicensing of the Columbia Hydroelectric Project (FERC# 1895) and is described in greater detail in *Columbia Hydroelectric Project: Rocky Shoals Spider Lily Plant Survey* (Kleinschmidt Associates, 1998).

Please direct any questions related to the RSSL survey to Shane Boring, Kleinschmidt Associates, at (803) 822-3177.



#### Kacie Jensen

From: Gerrit Jobsis [gjobsis@americanrivers	.org]
---	-------

Sent: Thursday, July 20, 2006 2:15 PM

To: Shane Boring; Steve Summer; Amanda Hill; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Jennifer Price; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; RMAHAN@scana.com; Ron Ahle

Subject: RE: Saluda Hydro Relicense: Draft Macroinvertebrate Study Plan for the Lower Saluda River

Here are my comments Shane.

Gerrit Jöbsis Director of Southeast Conservation American Rivers 2231 Devine Street, Suite 100 • Columbia, S.C. 29205 803/771-7114 803/771-7580 Fax gjobsis@americanrivers.org

#### www.AmericanRivers.org

# American Rivers protects and restores healthy natural rivers for the benefit of communities, fish and wildlife.

From: Shane Boring [mailto:Shane.Boring@KleinschmidtUSA.com]
Sent: Wednesday, July 19, 2006 5:06 PM
To: Steve Summer; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Gerrit Jobsis; Jennifer Price; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Shane Boring
Subject: Saluda Hydro Relicense: Draft Macroinvertebrate Study Plan for the Lower Saluda River

Hello Folks:

Attached for your review is the first cut at the Lower Saluda Macroinvertebrate Study Plan. As discussed in out May 3rd meeting, the study plan incorporates the existing methods from the studies performed by Shealy Env., as well as the recommended multi-habitat component. Please have your comments/suggestions on the plan back to me by Wednesday, August 2nd. I'm particularly interested in any suggestions regarding sampling locations; the 2005 sampling by Shealy sampled 4 locations, which are primarily in the upper and lower reaches of the LSR. Thanks.

#### Shane

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

<<LSR Macroinvert Study Plan (draft;07-19-2006).doc>>

#### Jöbsis comments 7-20-06

#### Saluda Hydroelectric Project (FERC No. 516)

#### Study Plan: Macroinvertebrate Assessment of the Lower Saluda River

Freshwater Mussels/Benthic Macroinvertebrate Technical Working Committee Draft -- July 19, 2006

#### I. <u>Study Objective</u>

To assess the status of the macroinvertebrate community in the lower Saluda River (LSR) downstream of the Saluda Hydroelectric Project dam.

#### II. <u>Geographic and Temporal Scope</u>

- This study <u>samples</u> the macroinvertebrate fauna in the LSR from downstream of Saluda Hydroelectric Project dam to its confluence with the Broad River. Specific sampling locations are shown in Figure 1.
- Macroinvertebrate sampling will occur during late-Summer and early-Fall 2006 and 2007 when dissolved oxygen conditions downstream of the dam are at their most critical.

#### III. Methodology

#### Field Methods

Macroinvertebrate fauna will be sampled at four locations consistent with previous investigation in the LSR (Shealy 2005): the project tailrace (TR); the project spillway (SPW); the "lower river" between Interstates 20 & 26 (LR); and the vicinity of the USGS gage (#01269000) near the "old police club" (OPC) (Figure 1)<sup>1</sup>. Three replicate Hester-Dendy multi-plate samplers will be deployed at each location and allowed to colonize for approximately eight weeks. In addition, a multi-habitat assessment, following the USEPA *Rapid Bioassessment Protocols for Use in Streams and Wadeable Rivers* (Barbour et al. 1999), will be performed at the closest wadeable habitat to each of the Hester-Dendy deployment locations (within 200 meters, if possible). Multihabitat sampling will involve timed, quantitative sampling of the various habitat types available with the identified reaches (i.e. cobble, sand, snags, woody debris, etc.), using kicknets and/or D-shaped dipnets, with each habitat type sampled in approximate proportion to its availability.

#### Laboratory Methods

Intact Hester Dendy samplers, as well as raw samples from the multihabitat assessment, will be preserved in the field with 95% ethanol and transported to a South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC) – approved laboratory (Shealy Environmental Services, Inc., West Columbia, SC) for processing. In the laboratory, macroinvertebrates will be separated from debris with the aid of a stereo microscope, identified to the lowest possible taxonomic level, and enumerated using appropriate techniques and taxonomic keys. Specimens will be maintained in a voucher collection for five years or placed permanently in a reference collection.

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**Comment:** Are the 06 and 07 periods the same? Looks like they are to me. **Deleted:** /

**Deleted:** (late-August through early November)

**Comment:** Per the below this would actually be 3 locations for the main channel of the Saluda since the SPW site is not representative. This leaves a 5 plus mile gap between the TR and LR sites. I recommend adding at least one more main channel site between TR and LR

**Comment:** I don't understand why this location is to be sampled unless it is to get separate information on the spillway channel. The spillway channel is quite different than the main channel.

A second main channel site is warranted to allow evaluation of longitudinal differences in the upper river. The SPW location is too close to the TR station for this purpose. I think a better location for a second downstream sampling site would be near Corley Island, approximately 2-3 miles below the dam. This would allow evaluation of longitudinal differences.

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Comment: Good idea

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Habitat is described in previous investigations at these sites (Shealy Environmental Services, Inc. 2001; 2003; 2004; 2005).

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Figure 1: Map of Benthic Macroinvertebrate Sampling Locations in the Lower Saluda River Downstream of the Saluda Hydroelectric Project Dam

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## Saluda Hydroelectric Project (FERC No. 516)

## Study Plan: Macroinvertebrate Assessment of the Lower Saluda River

Freshwater Mussels/Benthic Macroinvertebrate Technical Working Committee Draft -- July 19, 2006

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#### II. <u>Geographic and Temporal Scope</u>

This study will attempt to characterize the macroinvertebrate fauna in the LSR from downstream of Saluda Hydroelectric Project dam to its confluence with the Broad River. Specific sampling locations are shown in Figure 1.

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- 1) Develope an entrainment database that can be applied to the Saluda Hydro Project
- 2) Calculate and estimate fish entrainment rate(s) (seasonal if possible)
- 3) Characterize the species composition and length frequency of fish entrainment
- 4) Apply any physical or biological filters that may affect entrainment
- 5) Estimate total annual entrainment for the Saluda Hydro Project

These inputs will be developed as described in the following sections.

## Development of Entrainment Database

Over seventy site-specific studies of resident fish entrainment at hydroelectric sites in the United States have been reported to date which provide order-of-magnitude estimates of annual fish entrainment (FERC, 1995). Descriptive information will be gathered from each entrainment study and will include:

- 1) Location: geographical proximity (preference given to same river basin)
- 2) Project size: discharge capacity and power production
- 3) Mode of operation e.g., peaking, run-of-river etc.
- 4) Biological factors: fish species composition
- 5) Impoundment characteristics: general water quality, impoundment size, flow regime
- 6) Physical project characteristics: trash rack spacing, intake velocity, etc.

This information will be assembled into a "matrix" of data to be used as a database for the Saluda Hydro Project entrainment desktop study. After review and discussion, the Technical Working Committee (TWC) will select specific studies from this "matrix" that are most applicable to the Saluda Hydro Project. Several key criteria to be used in acceptance of candidate studies will be:

- 1) Similar geographical location, with preference given to projects located on the same river basin
- 2) Similar station hydraulic capacity
- 3) Similar station operation (peaking, pulsing, run-of-river, etc.)
- 4) Biological similarities: fish species, assemblage and water quality
- 5) Availability of entrainment netting data

## Fish Entrainment Rate

The entrainment rate information from the accepted studies will be consolidated to show fish entrainment rates on a monthly basis (when available). Preference will be given to netting entrainment rates over hydroacoustic entrainment rates. The entrainment rates will be presented in fish entrained per hour of operation and fish per volume of water passed through project turbines (fish/million cubic feet). The data will be grouped by season, where appropriate, to determine an entrainment density for each season of the year. The seasonal data from each entrainment study will be averaged to develop a seasonal mean entrainment estimate at the Saluda Hydro Project.

## Species Composition and Length Frequency Analysis

Species composition data from the accepted entertainment studies will be analyzed and compiled to determine the general species and sizes of fish typically entrained at other hydroelectric projects. This information will be grouped to yield predicted seasonal estimates of species-specific length frequency data for entrained fish to determine:

- 1. A list of potentially entrained fish species
- 2. Expected relative abundance and size distribution of each species identified as potentially entrained
- 3. Prediction of seasonality of potentially entrained fish species.

## Estimation of Annual Fish Entrainment

Total fish entrainment for the Saluda Hydro Project will be estimated on an annual basis to provide an order of-magnitude entrainment estimate. The total fish entrainment estimate will be produced for a typical water and operating year.

## Turbine Mortality

As fish move through hydroelectric turbines, a percentage are killed due to turbine mortality (i.e. blade strikes, shear forces, and pressure changes, etc.). Turbine passage survival studies have been performed at numerous hydroelectric projects throughout the country. Characteristics of these projects will be compared to the characteristics of the Saluda Hydro Project and suitable studies will be selected for the transfer of turbine mortality data for each development. Selected turbine survival rate data will be obtained from the literature and used to estimate the number of fish killed due to turbine mortality. The following turbine characteristics are recommended as general criteria in accepting turbine mortality studies for use in this analysis:

- 1) design type
- 2) operating head
- 3) runner speed
- 4) diameter, and peripheral runner velocity

These characteristics are commonly attributed to turbine passage mortality (Cramer and Oligher, 1963; Bell, 1991; Eicher, 1987; EPRI, 1992).

To the extent possible, turbine mortality rate data available from source studies will be related to the species-family group and size class of fish estimated to be entrained at the Lake Murray Project. Where multiple tests are available for a given species-family group/size class, a mean survival rate will be computed. For species-family groups/size

classes where no applicable data can be found or accepted, the survival rate reported for a similar group/size class will be substituted.

Once turbine mortality rates are developed from the study database, the rates will be applied to the entrainment estimates for each development. This will be accomplished by multiplying fish entrainment estimates by the composite mortality rates for each family/genus group and size class (where applicable).

## <u>Entrainment Filters</u>

Due to certain site-specific characteristics of Lake Murray, it may be necessary to adjust entrainment estimates. Factors affecting entrainment rates that may warrant investigation for adjustment of estimates include:

- 1) stratification at the intakes (dissolved oxygen);
- 2) intake velocities;
- 3) fish habitat available at the intakes, and/or
- 4) other site specific factors.

## IV. Schedule and Required Conditions

In an attempt to reach consensus during the entrainment desktop study, each step of the process will be discussed with TWC members. Comments from the TWC will be addressed during each phase of the analysis. Upon completion of the study, a draft report will be prepared and distributed to state and federal resource agencies for review and comment. The Draft report will summarize the results obtained in the study; will contain appropriate tables and figures depicting estimated fish entrainment; and will contain all supporting correspondence among the TWC members. After receipt of all comments, the draft report will be revised to address final comments by all TWC members and will be resubmitted as the Final Report.

## V. <u>Use of Study Results</u>

Study results will be used as an information resource during discussion of relicensing issues with the SCDNR, USFWS, Fish Entrainment TWC, and other relicensing stakeholders.

# VI. <u>Study Participants</u>

NAME	ORGANIZATION	N PHONE	E-MAIL
	Fish Entrainn	ıent Technical Workir	ng Committee
Tom Bowles	SCE&G	(803)217-9615	tbowles@scana.com
Alan Stuart	Kleinschmidt	(803)822-3177	Alan.stuart@kleinschmidtusa.com
Hal Beard	SCDNR	(803)955-0462	BeardH@dnr.sc.gov
Wade Bales	SCDNR	(803)734-3932	balesw@dnr.sc.gov
Amanda Hill	USFWS	(843)727-4707,	Amanda hill@fws.gov
		x303	
Shane Boring	Kleinschmidt	(803)822-3177	shane.boring@kleinschmidtusa.com
		Applicant Contacts	
Stephen E.	SCANA Services	(803)217-7357	ssummer@scana.com
Summer			
William	SCE&G	(803)217-9162	bargentieri@scana.com
Argentieri			-
Randy Mahan	SCANA Services	(803)217-9538	<u>rmahan@scana.com</u>

## Kacie Jensen

From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Wednesday, July 19, 2006 5:06 PM
То:	Steve Summer; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Jennifer Price ;
	Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Shane Boring
Subject:	Saluda Hydro Relicense: Draft Macroinvertebrate Study Plan for the Lower Saluda River

Hello Folks:

Attached for your review is the first cut at the Lower Saluda Macroinvertebrate Study Plan. As discussed in out May 3rd meeting, the study plan incorporates the existing methods from the studies performed by Shealy Env., as well as the recommended multi-habitat component. Please have your comments/suggestions on the plan back to me by Wednesday, August 2nd. I'm particularly interested in any suggestions regarding sampling locations; the 2005 sampling by Shealy sampled 4 locations, which are primarily in the upper and lower reaches of the LSR. Thanks.

Shane

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183



LSR Macroinvert Study Plan (dr...

#### **Kacie Jensen**

From: Sent:	Shane Boring Friday, May 26, 2006 5:13 PM
Sent: To:	Wade Bales (balesw@dnr.sc.gov); Alan Stuart; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Bill East; Bill Hulslander; Bill Marshall; Bob Perry; Bob Seibels (bseibels@yahoo.com); Charlene Coleman; Daniel Tufford; Dick Christie; Ed Diebold; George Duke; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Gina Kirkland; Hal Beard; Jeff Duncan; Jennifer O'Rourke; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Jim Goller; Joe Logan; Joy Downs; Larry Turner (turnerle@dhec.sc.gov); Laura Boos (laura.mccary@gmail.com); Malcolm Leaphart; Mark Leao; Mike Sloan; Norman Ferris; Patrick Moore; Prescott Brownell; Ralph Crafton; RMAHAN@scana.com; Reed Bull (rbull@davisfloyd.com); Robert Lavisky; Ron Ahle; Sam Drake; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Bell; Steve Leach; Steve Summer; Suzanne
Cc:	Rhodes; Tom Bowles (tbowles@scana.com) Cheryl Balitz
Subject:	Saluda Hydro: Mussel Recon Survey Study Plan



Mussel Recon Survey Study Plan...

Hello All:

Attached for your records is the final study plan for the mussel surveys that will be conducted by John Alderman in Lake Murray and the Lower Saluda and Congaree River. As requested, John has provided clarification regarding several aspects of the survey. Thanks and please let me know if there are additional comments or if you have questions. Have a great weekend!

Shane

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

Cheryl: Please post to the website under the Fish and Wildlife RCG. Thanks.

Mussel Recon Survey Study Plan \_final;05-25-2006\_.pdf

## Saluda Hydroelectric Project (FERC No. 516)

## Study Plan: Reconnaissance Survey of the Freshwater Mussel Fauna of the Lower Saluda and Congaree River, Lake Murray, and Selected Tributaries

Freshwater Mussels/Benthic Macroinvertebrate Technical Working Committee May 25, 2006

## I. <u>Study Objective</u>

The study objective will be to determine whether freshwater mussels occur in the Saluda Hydroelectric Project vicinity, and if so, provide a qualitative measure of species diversity, spatial distribution, and abundance.

## II. <u>Geographic and Temporal Scope</u>

Qualitative mussel surveys will focus on Lake Murray and selected major and minor tributaries (including the Saluda and Little Saluda rivers at the reservoir headwaters); the LSR from downstream of Saluda Hydro Dam to its confluence with the Broad River; and the Congaree River from its origin at the confluence of the Saluda and Broad rivers to approximately the I-77 bridge.

The study will be conducted during Spring 2006 (late May through early June).

## III. <u>Methodology</u>

Qualitative surveys to determine the presence of freshwater mussels will be conducted at suitable habitat sites downstream of Saluda Hydro Dam in the Lower Saluda and Congaree rivers (see Section II above for geographic scope), as well as above Saluda Dam in Lake Murray and selected tributaries. Surveys in Lake Murray will focus on tributary mouths and associated coves that have been identified through prior surveys as providing potential habitat for Savannah lilliput (*Toxolasma pullus*), a high priority federal species of concern with few remaining extant populations in GA, SC, and NC (J. Alderman, pers. comm.). These tributaries include: Beaver Dam Creek, Bush River, Big Creek, Buffalo Creek, Camping Creek, Bear Creek, Little Hollow Creek, Hollow Creek, Clouds Creek, Little Saluda River, Indian Creek, and Saluda River (Figure 1). Surveys at reservoir tributary sites will range in duration from 10 minutes to 2 hours, depending on available habitat, and will extend into lotic (free-flowing) tributary reaches where suitable habitat exists (estimated 4 total survey days). Additional reservoir habitat may be surveyed opportunistically as survey crews move between the tributary sites. The survey area for the Lower Saluda and Congaree rivers will encompass all river reaches within the study area indicated in Section II (estimated 6 total survey days).

All surveys will be led by John Alderman of Alderman Environmental Services, Inc. (Pittsboro, NC), with assistance from Kleinschmidt and/or SCE&G staff. Surveys will conducted from a canoe, boat, or by wading, and will utilize mask and snorkel, tactile, visual, and/or SCUBA methods to search for mussels. At each survey site, potential mussel habitat will be identified, photographed, and Geographic Information System (GPS) coordinates recorded. When found, mussels will be identified to species, length measured (sample measured when high abundances present), and a catch-per-unit-effort determined. All live mussels will be returned to the collection site.

## IV. Schedule and Required Conditions

Surveys will begin in late May/early June 2006 and will take a maximum of two weeks to complete. Study methodology, timing, and duration may be adjusted based on consultation with the resource agencies and interested stakeholders. A final report summarizing the study findings will be issued within 90 days of completion. All data collected will be provided in electronic format to agencies and interested stakeholders.

## V. <u>Use of Study Results</u>

Study results will be used as an information resource during discussion of relicensing issues with the SCDNR, USFWS, Wildlife and Fisheries RCG, Freshwater Mussels/Benthic Macroinvertebrate TWC, and other relicensing stakeholders.

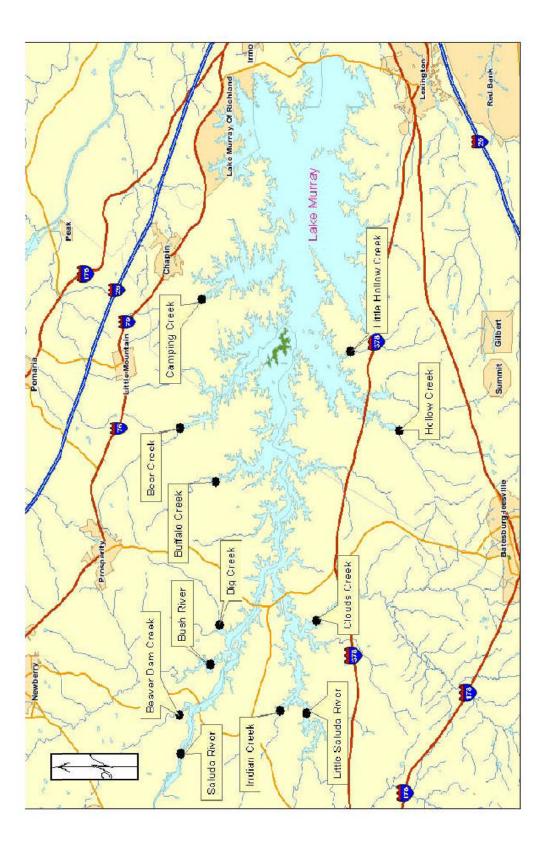
## VI. <u>Study Participants</u>

NAME	ORGANIZATION	PHONE	E-MAIL
	Water Qualit	y Technical Working Co	mmittee
Jim Glover	SCDHEC	(803) 898-4081	gloverjb@dhec.sc.gov
Gerrit Jobsis	Am. Rivers/CCL	(803)771-7114 x 22	gjobsis@americanrivers.org
Ron Ahle	SCDNR	(803)734-2728	ahler@dnr.sc.gov
Amanda Hill	USFWS	(843)727-4707, x303	Amanda_hill@fws.gov
Shane Boring	Kleinschmidt	(803)822-3177	shane.boring@kleinschmidtusa.com
Stephen E. Summer	SCANA Services	(803)217-7357	ssummer@scana.com
Jennifer Price	SCDNR	(803)353-8232	pricej@dnr.sc.gov
		Applicant Contacts	
William Argentieri	SCE&G	(803)217-9162	bargentieri@scana.com
Randy Mahan	SCANA Services	(803)217-9538	rmahan@scana.com

## VII. List of Attachments

Figure 1: Map of Lake Murray Mussel Sampling Sites





- 1) Develope an entrainment database that can be applied to the Saluda Hydro Project
- 2) Calculate and estimate fish entrainment rate(s) (seasonal if possible)
- 3) Characterize the species composition and length frequency of fish entrainment
- 4) Apply any physical or biological filters that may affect entrainment
- 5) Estimate total annual entrainment for the Saluda Hydro Project

These inputs will be developed as described in the following sections.

## Development of Entrainment Database

Over seventy site-specific studies of resident fish entrainment at hydroelectric sites in the United States have been reported to date which provide order-of-magnitude estimates of annual fish entrainment (FERC, 1995). Descriptive information will be gathered from each entrainment study and will include:

- 1) Location: geographical proximity (preference given to same river basin)
- 2) Project size: discharge capacity and power production
- 3) Mode of operation e.g., peaking, run-of-river etc.
- 4) Biological factors: fish species composition
- 5) Impoundment characteristics: general water quality, impoundment size, flow regime
- 6) Physical project characteristics: trash rack spacing, intake velocity, etc.

This information will be assembled into a "matrix" of data to be used as a database for the Saluda Hydro Project entrainment desktop study. After review and discussion, the Technical Working Committee (TWC) will select specific studies from this "matrix" that are most applicable to the Saluda Hydro Project. Several key criteria to be used in acceptance of candidate studies will be:

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As fish move through hydroelectric turbines, a percentage are killed due to turbine mortality (i.e. blade strikes, shear forces, and pressure changes, etc.). Turbine passage survival studies have been performed at numerous hydroelectric projects throughout the country. Characteristics of these projects will be compared to the characteristics of the Saluda Hydro Project and suitable studies will be selected for the transfer of turbine mortality data for each development. Selected turbine survival rate data will be obtained from the literature and used to estimate the number of fish killed due to turbine mortality. The following turbine characteristics are recommended as general criteria in accepting turbine mortality studies for use in this analysis:

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## <u>Entrainment Filters</u>

Due to certain site-specific characteristics of Lake Murray, it may be necessary to adjust entrainment estimates. Factors affecting entrainment rates that may warrant investigation for adjustment of estimates include:

- 1) stratification at the intakes (dissolved oxygen);
- 2) intake velocities;
- 3) fish habitat available at the intakes, and/or
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In an attempt to reach consensus during the entrainment desktop study, each step of the process will be discussed with TWC members. Comments from the TWC will be addressed during each phase of the analysis. Upon completion of the study, a draft report will be prepared and distributed to state and federal resource agencies for review and comment. The Draft report will summarize the results obtained in the study; will contain appropriate tables and figures depicting estimated fish entrainment; and will contain all supporting correspondence among the TWC members. After receipt of all comments, the draft report will be revised to address final comments by all TWC members and will be resubmitted as the Final Report.

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# VI. <u>Study Participants</u>

NAME	ORGANIZATION	N PHONE	E-MAIL
Fish Entrainment Technical Working Committee			
Tom Bowles	SCE&G	(803)217-9615	tbowles@scana.com
Alan Stuart	Kleinschmidt	(803)822-3177	Alan.stuart@kleinschmidtusa.com
Hal Beard	SCDNR	(803)955-0462	BeardH@dnr.sc.gov
Wade Bales	SCDNR	(803)734-3932	balesw@dnr.sc.gov
Amanda Hill	USFWS	(843)727-4707,	Amanda hill@fws.gov
		x303	
Shane Boring	Kleinschmidt	(803)822-3177	shane.boring@kleinschmidtusa.com
		Applicant Contacts	
Stephen E.	SCANA Services	(803)217-7357	ssummer@scana.com
Summer			
William	SCE&G	(803)217-9162	bargentieri@scana.com
Argentieri			-
Randy Mahan	SCANA Services	(803)217-9538	<u>rmahan@scana.com</u>

#### **Kacie Jensen**

From: Sent: To: Subject: Shane Boring Wednesday, April 26, 2006 3:16 PM 'Gerrit Jobsis' RE: (Saluda Hydro) Mussel Recon Survey Study Plan (draft;04192006) alderman comments.doc



Alderman proposal 060411.doc (... Gerrit:

I forgot to attach Alderman's proposal to my previous e-mail.

Shane

----Original Message----From: Gerrit Jobsis [mailto:gjobsis@americanrivers.org] Sent: Wednesday, April 26, 2006 1:13 PM To: Shane Boring; Steve Summer; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Jennifer Price; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle Cc: Jennifer Summerlin Subject: RE: (Saluda Hydro) Mussel Recon Survey Study Plan (draft;04192006) alderman comments.doc

Shane,

This is a very general study plan without much detail.

I agree with the geographic area. I count 13 Lake Murray tributaries plus the lower Saluda and the Congaree rivers.

I agree with the temporal scope (late May - early June) for an initial effort. Based on the results, additional survey work may be needed in fall 2005 or perhaps a repeat of the survey in 2007.

I am concerned there may be future disagreement as to the adequacy of effort if more detail is not provided. How much time will be expended at each site? How far upstream will the surveys extend at the headwater tribs? To include unimpounded reaches? How will the Lake Murray shoreline be surveyed with the current 6 to 7 foot drawdown?

Also we have about 10 miles of the lower Saluda and 10 miles of the Congaree below the dam. How much effort will be expended at each of these rivers? What habitats will be surveyed? These things need detail before the study begins. A map of proposed study sites is also needed.

You asked for a quick turnaround, so I have provided one. Due to our move and other workload I have not been able to discuss this with other stakeholder and agencies. I am especially interested in the opinion of the DNR and USFWS re the plan.

Gerrit

We have moved! Please see our new address below.

Gerrit Jöbsis

American Rivers \* Southeast Office

2231 Devine Street, Suite 100 \* Columbia, S.C. 29205

Telephone (803) 771-7114 \* Fax (803) 771-7580

gjobsis@americanrivers.org

-----Original Message-----From: Shane Boring [mailto:Shane.Boring@KleinschmidtUSA.com] Sent: Monday, April 24, 2006 9:49 AM To: Steve Summer; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Gerrit Jobsis; Jennifer Price; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Shane Boring Cc: Jennifer Summerlin Subject: (Saluda Hydro) Mussel Recon Survey Study Plan (draft;04192006) alderman comments.doc

Dear Freshwater Mussels/Benthic Macroinvertebrate TWC Member:

Attached for your review is the draft study plan for the freshwater mussel reconnaissance survey on Lake Murray and the Lower Saluda and Congaree Rivers. The draft has been reviewed by John Alderman, and his comments have been incorporated. We have tried to keep the study plan as brief as possible to facilitate a quick review, as John would like to get this study started ASAP while the rivers and Lake are still low and clear. We will discuss the study plan and hopefully get final approval from the TWC at next week's meeting (May 3 at Research Park). Thanks in advance for your input.

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

Mussel Recon Survey Study Plan (draft;04192006) alderman comments.doc <<Mussel Recon Survey Study Plan (draft;04192006) alderman comments.doc>>



# Alderman Environmental Services, Inc.

April 11, 2006

Mr. C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite 21A West Columbia, SC 29170

Dear Mr. Boring:

Alderman Environmental Services, Inc. proposes to complete a reconnaissance level mussel survey of the following waterbodies:

Lake Murray – 2 survey days with boat(s) and technician(s) provided by Kleinschmidt Associates

Select Lake Murray tributaries and Saluda River (downriver from L. Murray) -5 days of surveys completed on the following streams: Saluda River (upriver and downriver from L. Murray), Beaver Dam Cr., Bush R., Big Cr., Buffalo Cr., Camping Cr., Bear Cr., Little Hollow Cr., Hollow Cr., Clouds Cr., L. Saluda R., Big Cr., and Indian Creek. Some streams may provide very poor quality mussel habitat; therefore, survey time will be limited on such streams.

My hourly rate is \$130 per hour. My assistant's rate is \$50 per hour. Mileage charge is \$0.445 per mile. Meals will be charged at \$35 per day. Motel charge will be a maximum of \$75 plus tax per day. Two days will be required to prepare the report at my hourly rate.

Sincerely,

Jh. n. c

John M. Alderman, President

TELEPHONE: 919-542-5331 (O) 919-444-9576 (M) EMAIL: aldermjm@mindspring.com

MAILING ADDRESS: 244 Red Gate Road Pittsboro, NC 27312

From: Sent: To: Subject: James Glover [GLOVERJB@dhec.sc.gov] Wednesday, April 26, 2006 2:02 PM Jennifer Summerlin Re: Saluda Relicensing:SCDHEC Report/Data



Lower Saluda Tributaries.xls (... Jennifer,

Find attached in the form of an Excel Spreadsheet macroinvertebrate data from Tributaries of the Lower Saluda River collected by the SCDHEC. I will attempt to located the 1986 SCDHEC report from the LSR.

Please let me know if you have any questions.

Jim

James B. Glover, Ph.D. South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control Aquatic Biology Section 2600 Bull Street Columbia SC 29201 Phone- 803-898-4081 Fax- 803-898-4200 E-Mail- GloverJB@DHEC.SC.Gov

>>> Jennifer Summerlin <Jennifer.Summerlin@KleinschmidtUSA.com>
>>> 4/11/2006 2:41 PM >>>
Jim,
Shane Boring asked me to follow up on the action items that were discussed in the March
8th Freshwater Mussel/Benthic Macroinvertebrate TWC meeting notes. You mentioned that you
could provide: 1. Raw data on tributaries that were sampled along the LSR by DHEC 2. 1986
SCDHEC macroinvertebrate report for LSR When you get a chance, could you send this
information to me? Thanks for your continued interest in the Saluda relicensing process.

Jennifer Summerlin Scientist Technician Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

PHYLUM	CLASS	ORDER	FAMILY	ТАХА	S-052 7/1/1997
Annelida	Hirudinea	NA	NA	Hirudinea	
Annelida	Hirudinea	Rhynchobdellida	Glossiphoniidae	Placobdella sp.	
Annelida	Hirudinea	Rhynchobdellida	Glossiphoniidae	Placobdella papillata	
Annelida	Oligochaeta	Lumbriculida	Lumbriculidae	Lumbriculidae	1
Annelida	Oligochaeta	NA	NA	Oligochaeta	2
Arthropoda	Crustacea	Amphipoda	Gammaridae	Crangonyx serratus	6
Arthropoda	Crustacea	Decapoda	Cambaridae	Cambaridae	
Arthropoda	Crustacea	Decapoda	Cambaridae	Procambarus sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Coleoptera	Dytiscidae	Coptotomus sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Coleoptera	Elmidae	Ancyronyx variegatus	7
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Coleoptera	Elmidae	Dubiraphia sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Coleoptera	Elmidae	Dubiraphia vittatata	1
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Coleoptera	Elmidae	Macronychus glabratus	36
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Coleoptera	Elmidae	Microcylloepus pusillus	24
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Coleoptera	Elmidae	Stenelmis sp.	3
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Coleoptera	Gyrinidae	Dineutus sp.	1
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Coleoptera	Haliplidae	Peltodytes sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Coleoptera	Hydrophilidae	Berosus sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Ablabesmyia mallochi	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Brillia sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Chironomus sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Conchapelopia Group	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Corynoneura sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Cricotopus/Orthocladius	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Cryptochironomus sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Cryptotendipes sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Dicrotendipes sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Labrundinia sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Micropsectra sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Nanocladius sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Natarsia sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Omisus pica	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Parachironomus sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Paratanytarsus sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Paratendipes sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Pentaneura sp.	1
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Phaenopsectra sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Polypedilum aviceps	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Polypedilum convictum	1
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Polypedilum fallax	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Polypedilum halterale	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Polypedilum illinoense	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Polypedilum scalaenum	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Procladius sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Rheocricotopus robacki	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Rheotanytarsus sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Stenochironomus sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Synorthocladius sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Tanytarsus sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Thienemaniella sp.	

Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Thienemannimyia GR	1
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Tribelos jucundus	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Tribelos sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Chironomidae	Xenochironomus sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Simuliidae	Simulium sp.	2
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Tipulidae	Hexatoma sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Diptera	Tipulidae	Tipula sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Ephemeroptera	Baetidae	Baetis flavistriga	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Ephemeroptera	Baetidae	Baetis intercalaris	10
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Ephemeroptera	Baetidae	Baetis pluto	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Ephemeroptera	Baetidae	Labiobaetis propinquus	17
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Ephemeroptera	Caenidae	Caenis diminuta	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Ephemeroptera	Caenidae	Caenis sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Ephemeroptera	Caenidae	Caenis hilaris	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Ephemeroptera	Caenidae	Caenis diminuta/punctata	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Ephemeroptera	Heptagenidae	Stenonema modestum	6
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Ephemeroptera	Isonychiadea	Isonychia sp.	2
Arthropoda	•	Ephemeroptera	Tricorythidae	Tricorythodes sp.	14
Arthropoda		Megaloptera	Corydalidae	Corydalus cornutus	2
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Megaloptera	Corydalidae	Nigronia serricornis	1
Arthropoda		Neuroptera	Sisyridae	Climacia areolaris	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Odonata	Aeshnidae	Basiaeschna janata	
Arthropoda		Odonata	Aeshnidae	Boyeria vinosa	18
Arthropoda		Odonata	Calopterygidae	Calopterygidae	2
Arthropoda	•	Odonata	Calopterygidae	Calopteryx sp.	
Arthropoda	•	Odonata	Calopterygidae	Hetaerina tittia	1
Arthropoda		Odonata	Coenagrionidae	Argia sp.	5
Arthropoda		Odonata	Coenagrionidae	Coenagrionidae	
Arthropoda	•	Odonata	Coenagrionidae	Enallagma sp.	2
Arthropoda	•	Odonata	Coenagrionidae	Ischnura sp.	
Arthropoda		Odonata	Coenagrionidae	Ischnura/Anomalagrion	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Odonata	Corduliidae	Neurocordulia sp.	4
Arthropoda	•	Odonata	Corduliidae	Tetragoneuria sp.	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Odonata	Gomphidae	Gomphus sp.	3
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Odonata	Gomphidae	Hagenius brevistylus	
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Odonata	Gomphidae	Progomphus sp.	
Arthropoda	•	Odonata	Libellulidae	Libellulidae	
Arthropoda		Odonata	Macromiidae	Macromia sp.	2
Arthropoda		Trichoptera	Hydropsychidae	Cheumatopsyche sp.	29
Arthropoda	Hexapoda	Trichoptera	Hydropsychidae	Hydropsyche betteni	1
Arthropoda		Trichoptera	Hydropsychidae	Hydropsyche venularis	31
Arthropoda	•	Trichoptera	Leptoceridae	Nectopsyche exquisita	7
Arthropoda	•	Trichoptera	Leptoceridae	Oecetis persimillis	9
Arthropoda		Trichoptera	Leptoceridae	Triaenodes ignitus	20
Mollusca	Gastropoda	Basommatophora	Physidae	Physella sp.	
Mollusca	Gastropoda	Basommatophora	Planorbidae	Helisoma anceps	
Mollusca	Pelecypoda	Heterodonta	Corbiculidae	Corbicula fluminea	
Mollusca	Pelecypoda	Heterodonta	Sphaeriidae	Sphaeriidae	
	2.		-		

Count-	272
Taxa Richness-	33
EPT-	11

Biotic Index- 5.18 EPT Score- 2.0 Biotic Index Score- 5.0 Combined Score- 3.3 Bioclassification- Good-Fair Aquatic Life Use Designation\*- PS \*PS=Partially Supporting

\*NS=Not Supporting

	S-260 7/3/1997	8/15/2003	S-287 7/3/1997		S-848 7/1/1997
7	1	9		1	
			2		
7	5	21	2		10
2 1	3			1	
		1		1 25 4	11
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14	35	2	1	45	4
1	4				
3	1 7	3	7	3	5
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	6		6 1		11
	2	2	I	1	7
3 3				2	2
3		1	1	1	
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	3		1		
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4		1	3	3	
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	1				1 1
29	2	10	14	25	7 2
10		2			
13 1	9 3	1 1	9 1	1 1	2 1
2 1	5		1	1	4
24	5	11	59	4	10
		1	1		9
3		3		5	4 3

10 3 1		1 3	2	13	13
	1	7	5	22	10
4 1 3 9	4		1	11 2	2
2		2	2		2
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		19	I		1
	1			1 10	2
				10	2
				2	
2	0		2		
3 1	3 3		2		14
3				17	1
24	15	2	1	7 17	4
22	6	2 2 6	2	1	3
2	10 2		4 3	I	1
2	2		3		0
				2	2 1
1				3	10
95	2	49	1 60	55	10 5
1	9			4	
5	4		2		
4 17	1	6	3	7	9
			6		
334 38	146 28	168 26	210 35	324 35	191 41
4	3	5	3	7	5

	6.96	7.34	6.41	6.47	6.34	6.42
	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.0
	2.0	2.0	3.0	2.6	3.0	3.0
	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.8	2.2	2.0
Poor		Poor	Fair	Fair	Fair	Fair
NS		NS	PS	PS	PS	PS

Shane Boring

From: Sent: To:

To:

Cc: Subject: Monday, April 24, 2006 9:49 AM Steve Summer; Amanda Hill; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Jennifer Price ; Jim Glover; RMAHAN@scana.com; Ron Ahle; Shane Boring Jennifer Summerlin (Saluda Hydro) Mussel Recon Survey Study Plan (draft;04192006) alderman comments.doc



Mussel Recon Survey Study Plan...

ear Freshwater Mussels/Benthic Macroinvertebrate TWC Member:

Attached for your review is the draft study plan for the freshwater mussel reconnaissance survey on Lake Murray and the Lower Saluda and Congaree Rivers. The draft has been reviewed by John Alderman, and his comments have been incorporated. We have tried to keep the study plan as brief as possible to facilitate a quick review, as John would like to get this study started ASAP while the rivers and Lake are still low and clear. We will discuss the study plan and hopefully get final approval from the TWC at next week's meeting (May 3 at Research Park). Thanks in advance for your input.

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

Mussel Recon Survey Study Plan (draft;04192006) alderman comments.doc

## Saluda Hydroelectric Project (FERC No. 516)

## Study Plan: Reconnaissance Survey of the Freshwater Mussel Fauna of the Lower Saluda and Congaree River, Lake Murray, and Selected Tributaries

Freshwater Mussels/Benthic Macroinvertebrate Technical Working Committee Draft – April 19, 2006

#### I. <u>Study Objective</u>

The study objective will be to determine whether freshwater mussels occur in the Saluda Hydroelectric Project vicinity, and if so, provide a qualitative measure of species diversity, spatial distribution, and abundance.

#### II. <u>Geographic and Temporal Scope</u>

Qualitative mussel surveys will focus on Lake Murray and selected major and minor tributaries (including the Saluda and Little Saluda rivers at the reservoir headwaters); the LSR from downstream of Saluda Hydro Dam to its confluence with the Broad River; and the Congaree River from its origin at the confluence of the Saluda and Broad rivers to approximately the I-77 bridge.

The study will be conducted during Spring 2006 (May through early June).

#### III. <u>Methodology</u>

Qualitative surveys to determine the presence of freshwater mussels will be conducted at suitable habitat sites in the Lower Saluda and Congaree rivers (see Section II above for geographic scope), as well as above Saluda Dam in Lake Murray and in the following Lake Murray tributaries: Beaver Dam Creek, Bush River, Big Creek, Buffalo Creek, Camping Creek, Bear Creek, Little Hollow Creek, Hollow Creek, Clouds Creek, Big Creek, Little Saluda River, Indian Creek, and Saluda River (7-8 total survey days).

All surveys will be led by John Alderman of Alderman Environmental Services, Inc. (Pittsboro, NC), with assistance from Kleinschmidt and/or SCE&G staff. Surveys will conducted from a canoe, boat, or by wading, and will utilize mask and snorkel, tactile, visual, and/or SCUBA methods to search for mussels. At each survey site, potential mussel habitat will be identified, photographed, and Geographic Information System (GPS) coordinates recorded. When found, mussels will be identified to species, length measured (sample measured when high abundances present), and a catch-per-unit-effort determined. All live mussels will be returned to the collection site.

## IV. Schedule and Required Conditions

Surveys will begin in May 2006 and will take a maximum of two weeks to complete. Study methodology, timing, and duration may be adjusted based on consultation with the resource agencies and interested stakeholders. A final report summarizing the study findings will be issued within 90 days of completion. All data collected will be provided in electronic format to agencies and interested stakeholders.

# V. <u>Use of Study Results</u>

Study results will be used as an information resource during discussion of relicensing issues with the SCDNR, USFWS, Wildlife and Fisheries RCG, Freshwater Mussels/Benthic Macroinvertebrate TWC, and other relicensing stakeholders.

## VI. <u>Study Participants</u>

NAME	ORGANIZATION	PHONE	E-MAIL
	Water Qualit	y Technical Working Co	mmittee
Jim Glover	SCDHEC	(803) 898-4081	gloverjb@dhec.sc.gov
Gerrit Jobsis	Am. Rivers/CCL	(803)771-7114 x 22	gjobsis@americanrivers.org
Ron Ahle	SCDNR	(803)734-2728	ahler@dnr.sc.gov
Amanda Hill	USFWS	(843)727-4707, x303	Amanda_hill@fws.gov
Shane Boring	Kleinschmidt	(803)822-3177	shane.boring@kleinschmidtusa.com
Stephen E. Summer	SCANA Services	(803)217-7357	ssummer@scana.com
Jennifer Price	SCDNR	(803)353-8232	pricej@dnr.sc.gov
	1	Applicant Contacts	
William Argentieri	SCE&G	(803)217-9162	bargentieri@scana.com
Randy Mahan	SCANA Services	(803)217-9538	rmahan@scana.com

From: Sent: To: Jennifer Summerlin Monday, April 17, 2006 5:06 PM 'Wade Bales (balesw@dnr.sc.gov)'; 'Amanda Hill'; 'Bill Argentieri'; 'Hal Beard'; 'Jim Glover'; 'Randy Mahan'; Shane Boring; 'Tom Bowles (tbowles@scana.com)'; Alan Stuart Saluda Relicensing: Fish Entrainment Desktop Study Plan

Subject:

All:

Please disregard the previous fish entrainment desktop study plan email. Attached for your review is the draft study plan for the fish entrainment desktop study. Please provide comments (preferably in track changes) by Tuesday, May 16th or earlier. Thanks your for your continued participation and dedication to the Saluda relicensing process.



Saluda Entrainment Study Plan ...

Jennifer Summerlin Scientist Technician Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

# Introduction

The Saluda Hydro project is a 202.6 MW licensed hydroelectric facility located in Lexington, Newberry, Richland, and Saluda Counties of South Carolina and is owned and operated by South Carolina Electric & Gas (Licensee). The project consists of Lake Murray, the Saluda Dam, the new back-up Saluda Berm, Spillway, powerhouse, intakes, and penstocks. The project is currently licensed by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC No. 516) and the present license is due to expire in the year 2010.

The Licensee prepared and issued the Initial Stage Consultation Document (ISCD) on May 20, 2005, in order to initiate the relicensing process for the Project. The Licensee submitted the document to a number of state and federal resource agencies for their review and comment.

The Licensee hosted an on-site Technical Working Committee (TWC) meeting on February 22, 2006, which was attended by several members of State and Federal resource agencies. As a result, the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources (SCDNR) requested studies to determine the potential impact of Project operation on the fishery resource. The resource agencies recommended the Licensee assess potential fish entrainment effects on the fishery resource due to project operation.

In response to resource agency requests for studies in support of relicensing, SCE&G proposed to develop entrainment estimates from the extensive entrainment database that currently exists from recent project relicensing. Resource agencies concurred with SCE&G's proposal to determine potential fish entrainment effects through a desktop analysis (meeting minutes dated February 22, 2006).

# Methods

Fish entrainment is the passage of fish through the trash rack, penstock, and turbines into the tailrace of the development. Fish entrainment at the Saluda project will be assessed through a desktop study. The goal of this study is to characterize and provide an order-of-magnitude estimate of entrainment using existing literature and site specific information. The primary inputs for this analysis will be:

- 1) Define the entrainment database that can be applied to the Saluda Hydro Project
- 2) Calculate and estimate fish entrainment rate(s) (seasonal if possible)
- 3) Characterize the species composition and length frequency of fish entrainment
- 4) Apply any physical or biological filters that may affect entrainment
- 5) Estimate total annual entrainment for the Saluda Hydro Project

These inputs will be developed as described in the following sections.

## **Review Existing Entrainment Studies**

Over seventy site specific studies of resident fish entrainment at hydroelectric sites in the United States have been reported to date which provide order-of –magnitude estimates of annual fish entrainment (FERC, 1995). Descriptive information will be gathered from each entrainment study and will include:

- 1) Location: geographical proximity (preference given to same river basin)
- 2) Project size: discharge capacity and power production
- 3) Mode of operation e.g., peaking, run-of-river etc.
- 4) Biological factors: fish species composition
- 5) Impoundment characteristics: general water quality, impoundment size, flow regime
- 6) Physical project characteristics: trash rack spacing, intake velocity, etc.

This information will be assembled into a "matrix" of data to be used as a database for the Saluda Hydro Project entrainment paper study. After review and discussion, the Technical Working Committee (TWC) will select specific studies from this "matrix" that are most applicable to the Saluda Hydro Project. Several key criteria to be used in acceptance of candidate studies will be:

- Similar geographical location, with preference given to projects located on the same river basin
- 2) Similar station hydraulic capacity
- 3) Similar station operation (peaking, pulsing, run-of-river, etc.)
- 4) Biological similarities: fish species, composition and water quality
- 5) Entrainment netting data available

## **Fish Entrainment Rate**

The entrainment rate information from the accepted studies will be consolidated to show fish entrainment rates on a monthly basis (when available). Preference will be given to netting entrainment rates over hydroacoustic entrainment rates. The entrainment rates will be presented in fish entrained per hour of operation and fish per volume of water passed through project turbines (fish/million cubic feet). The data will be grouped by season, where appropriate, to determine an entrainment density for each season of the year. The seasonal data from each entrainment study will be averaged to develop a seasonal mean entrainment estimate at the Saluda Hydro Project.

## **Species Composition and Length Frequency Analysis**

Species composition data from the accepted entertainment studies will be analyzed and compiled to determine the general species and sizes of fish typically entrained at other hydroelectric projects. This information will be grouped to yield predicted seasonal estimates of species-specific length frequency data for entrained fish

#### to determine:

- 1. A list of potentially entrained fish species
- 2. Expected relative abundance and size distribution of each species identified as potentially entrained
- 3. Prediction of seasonality of potentially entrained fish species.

## **Estimation Of Annual Fish Entrainment**

Total fish entrainment for the Saluda Hydro Project will be estimated on an annual basis to provide an order of-magnitude entrainment estimate. The total fish entrainment estimate will be produced on a typical water and operating year.

## **Turbine Mortality**

As fish move through hydroelectric turbines, a percentage are killed due to turbine mortality (i.e. blade strikes, shear forces, and pressure changes, etc.). Turbine passage survival studies have been performed at numerous hydroelectric projects throughout the country. Characteristics of these projects will be compared to the characteristics of the Saluda Hydro Project and suitable studies will be selected for the transfer of turbine mortality data for each development. Selected turbine survival rate data will be obtained from the literature and used to estimate the number of fish killed due to turbine mortality. The following turbine characteristics are recommended as general criteria in accepting turbine mortality studies for use in this analysis:

- 1) design type
- 2) operating head
- 3) runner speed
- 4) diameter, and peripheral runner velocity

These characteristics are commonly attributed to turbine passage mortality (Cramer and

## Oligher, 1963; Bell, 1991; Eicher, 1987; EPRI, 1992).

To the extent possible, turbine mortality rate data available from source studies will be related to the species-family group and size class of fish estimated to be entrained at the Lake Murray Project. Where multiple tests are available for a given species-family group/size class, a mean survival rate will be computed. For species-family groups/size classes where no applicable data can be found or accepted, the survival rate reported for a similar group/size class will be substituted.

Once turbine mortality rates are developed from the study database, the rates will be applied to the entrainment estimates for each development. This will be accomplished by multiplying fish entrainment estimates by the composite mortality rates for each family/genus group and size class (where applicable).

## **Entrainment Filters**

Due to certain site-specific characteristics of Lake Murray Project, it may be necessary to adjust entrainment estimates. Factors affecting entrainment rates that may warrant investigation for adjustment of estimates include:

- 1) stratification at the intakes (dissolved oxygen),
- 2) intake velocities,
- 3) fish habitat available at the intakes, and/or
- 4) other factors site specific factors.

# Reporting

In an attempt to reach consensus during the entrainment paper study, each step of the process will be discussed with TWC members. Comments from the TWC will be addressed during each phase of the analysis. Upon completion of the study, a draft report will be prepared and distributed to State and Federal Resource agencies for review and comment. The Draft report will summarize the results obtained in the study; will contain appropriate tables and figures depicting estimated fish entrainment; and will contain all supporting correspondence among the TWC members. After receipt of all comments, the draft report will be revised to address final comments by all TWC members and will be resubmitted as the Final Report.

# LITERATURE CITED

Bell, M. C. 1991. Fisheries Handbook of Engineering Requirements and BilogicalCriteria. United States Corps of Engineers. Fish Passage Development and EvaluationProgram. Portland, OR.

Cramer, F. K., and R. C. Oligher. 1963. Passing fish through hydraulic turbines. Transactions of the American Fisheries Society 93:243-259.

Eicher Associates, Inc. 1987. Turbine-related fish mortality: review and evaluation of studies. Research Project 2694-4. Prepared for Electric Power Research Institute, Palo Alto, CA.

EPRI (Electric Power Research Institute). September 1992. Fish Entrainment and Turbine Mortality Review and Guidelines. TR-101231 Research Project 2694-01. Prepared by Stone & Webster Environmental Services.

Federal Energy Regulatory Commision (FERC). 1995. Preliminary assessment of fish entrainment at hydropower projects – volume 1 (Paper No. DPR-10). Office of Hydropower Licensing, FERC, Washington, DC.

From: Sent: To: Subject: Jennifer Summerlin Wednesday, April 12, 2006 9:16 AM 'bseibels@riverbanks.org' Rocky Shoals Spider Lilly Report

Bob,

I have attached the report below. This document is 11 MB, so it might take up lots of email space! Thanks, Jennifer



Columbia RSSL Report.pdf (11 M...

Jennifer Summerlin Scientist Technician Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

From:	Jennifer Price [PriceJ@dnr.sc.gov]
Sent:	Tuesday, March 07, 2006 5:23 PM
То:	Shane Boring
Subject:	RE: Saluda (Lake Murray) Relicensing: Terrestrial; Freshwater Mussel/Benthic Inverts; and Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species Technical Working Committee Meetings
Shane,	
Villiams,	he reference on conservation status a little outdated J.D., M.L. Warren Jr., K.S. Cummings, J.L. Harris and R.J. Neves. 1993. Conservation statu the freshwater mussels of the United States and Canada. Fisheries. 18(9):6-22.
	ttaching the most recent data I have from Tim Savidge of the Catena Group, John Alderman of erman Env.
Services, G	Gene Keferl (retired) from Coastal Georgia Community college as well as some of the information from North
loo	useum of Natural Sciences database given to me by Art Bogan. Some of the data is a little bit tricky t k at. It's
	the dates on John's data and some of the abbreviations are confusing (for example is L. Saluda wer or Little
	ut some of that can be overcome by the GPS coordinates.
	are interested in a list of all species in South Carolina. I am providing a list of our conservation prities from
ne Compre	whensive wildlife conservation plan. The only species from South Carolina not included in the inservation plan are
mo	
oth	d widespread than the others. However, all mussels are pretty sensitive when compared with most er groups of
ttp://www.	For more information on particular species, see the website <u>dnr.sc.gov/wcp/soon.htm</u> I wish that all the mussels were grouped together, but I didn't design the bsite. there
tho	bugh range maps you could use to get an idea of which species are found in the Saluda/Congaree, ugh any info.
mis	ter summer of 2004 won't be on there. It's also possible that some locations for these species were seed, since
	rere created by people sitting around a table putting their heads together listing drainages where they nd them.
ref	and John Alderman's Workbook and key to the Freshwater Bivalves of South Carolina is another goo erence, but
can't find	a copy on the web.
et me kno	w if I can be of any more help.

Jennifer

# Summary

Based upon the available information, we have put the species in the following categories based upon

their abundance, potential threats and need for conservation efforts. Although some species were difficult to place in a category due to lack of information, we made a decision based upon what is known. It is possible that some species will be more abundant than previously thought after more thorough sampling efforts are conducted.

## Highest

All of these species are either rare and have limited geographic ranges, or, if widespread, have exhibited sharp declines throughout their ranges.

Brook Floater Alasmidonta varicosa Barrel Floater Anodonta couperiana Brother Spike Elliptio fraterna Waccamaw Spike Elliptio waccamawensis Atlantic Pigtoe Fusconaia masoni Carolina Heelsplitter Lasmigona decorata Yellow Lampmussel Lampsilis cariosa Triangle Floater Alasmidonta undulata Creeper Strophitus undulatus Savannah Lilliput Toxolasma pullus Notched Rainbow Villosa constricta Carolina Creekshell Villosa vaughniana Southern Rainbow Villosa vibex

# High (the bold font doesn't mean anything. I don't know why it came up when I pasted this into the e-mail & I can't get rid of it.)

This group of species has shown significant declines or moderately restricted ranges, but may still be abundant at some sites.

Alewife Floater Anodonta implicata Roanoke Slabshell Elliptio roanokensis Elliptio fisheriana/nasutilus **Pod Lance Elliptio folliculata Rayed Pink Fatmucket/Eastern Lampshell Lampsilis radiata/splendida** Tidewater Mucket Leptodea ochracea **Eastern Pondmussel Ligumia nasuta** 

## Moderate

Although healthy populations of these species have been observed in many locations, there are concerns that they may be in decline. The *Elliptio complanata* and *E. icterina* complexes probably contain several species some of which are endangered and some of which are relatively common.

Carolina Lance Elliptio angustata Carolina Slabshell Elliptio congarea Eastern Elliptio Complex Elliptio complanata complex Variable Spike Complex Elliptio icterina complex Atlantic Spike Elliptio producta Eastern Creekshell Villosa delumbis -----Original Message-----

From: Shane Boring [mailto:Shane.Boring@KleinschmidtUSA.com]

Sent: Thursday, March 02, 2006 12:06 PM

**To:** Amanda Hill (amanda\_hill@fws.gov); Jennifer Price; Ron Ahle; EPPINK, THOMAS G; Bob Seibels; Dick Christie; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Gerrit Jobsis (CCL); Steve Summer; Alan Stuart; Alison Guth; Bill Argentieri; Randy Mahan; Buddy Baker; 'bstutts@scana.com'

**Subject:** Saluda (Lake Murray) Relicensing: Terrestrial; Freshwater Mussel/Benthic Inverts; and Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species Technical Working Committee Meetings

When: Wednesday, March 08, 2006 9:00 AM-3:00 PM (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada). Where: Lake Murray Training Center

\*~\*~\*~\*~\*~\*~\*~\*

Hello Folks:

As discussed in the Fish and Wildlife Resource Conservation Group (RCG) meeting last week, the inaugural meetings of the Terrestrial, Freshwater Mussel/Benthic Invert, and Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species Technical Working Committees (TWCs) will be held on Wednesday March 8 at the Lake Murray Training Center. Throughout the relicensing process, similar efforts will be made to combine meeting to a single day to ease the travel burden on involved stakeholders and agency staff. A draft agenda is provided below for those who only want to attend the committees for which they are a member. Finally, please RSVP so that we can make the proper arrangements for lunch.

Thanks for you continued participation in the Saluda Relicensing.

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

<<Fish and Wildlife TWC Agenda 3-08-06.doc>>

# **Cheryl Balitz**

- From: Steve Leach [LeachS@dnr.sc.gov]
- Sent: Monday, February 27, 2006 12:08 PM
- To: Steven R Johnson; SUMMER, STEPHEN E; djcoughl@duke-energy.com; Shane Boring; Alison Guth; Gene E Vaughan
- Cc: Dick Christie; Val Nash

Subject: Shad passage report

All,

Please forward this to anyone that I missed who may be interested:

My estimation is that the shad run into the Santee Cooper system began in earnest yesterday, with several thousand passed at St. Stephen, and continuing operations for passage through Pinopolis Lock. Water temperature at St. Stephen reached 12 C during the afternoon yesterday.

Also, three shortnose sturgeon are making a move upstream, upon last location (2/24, they were in the reach between the Hwy 601 crossing of the Congaree River and the Congaree Swamp National Park put-in. We will be looking to locate those fish starting at Rosewood and working downstream tomorrow.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me.

Thanks

# Steven D. Leach

South Carolina Department of Natural Resources Dennis Wildlife Center 305 Black Oak Rd. Bonneau, SC 29431 (843) 825-3388

From: Sent: To: Subject: Amanda\_Hill@fws.gov Monday, January 09, 2006 11:14 AM Alison Guth FWS Eel Survey Comments



COMMENTS\_Eel\_Su rvey\_Report\_200...

(See attached file: COMMENTS\_Eel\_Survey\_Report\_2005.doc)

Amanda Hill Fisheries Biologist U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service 176 Croghan Spur Rd., Suite 200 Charleston, SC 29407 843-727-4707 ext. 303 843-727-4218 fax amanda\_hill@fws.gov

\*NOTE NEW PHONE EXTENSION\*

"Our mission is working with others to conserve, protect, and enhance fish, wildlife and plants and their habitats for the continuing benefit of the American people."

December 2, 2005

SCE&G 111 Research Drive Columbia, South Carolina 29203

- Re: COMMENTS, South Carolina Electric & Gas, Saluda Hydroelectric Project (FERC No. 516), Diadromous Fish Studies 2005 American eel (Anguilla rostrata) Survey
- Attn: Alan Stuart, Kleinschmidt Associates

Dear Mr. Stuart:

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) has reviewed the *Diadromous Fish Studies* 2005- American eel (Anguilla rostrata) Survey report submitted for agency review in September 2005 as part of South Carolina Electric & Gas' (SCE&G) Saluda Hydropower relicensing process. We submit the following comments and recommendations in accordance with the provisions of the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act, as amended (16 U.S.C.§§ 661-667e); Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. §§ 1531-1543); the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C.§ 791 et seq.); the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C.§ 4321 et seq.); the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. §1251 et seq.); and the Electric Consumers Protection Act of 1986 (Pub. L. No. 99-495, 100 Stat. 1243).

## **General Comments**

The Service has reviewed the 2005 American eel survey report for the lower Saluda River. We commend SCE&G for agreeing to begin early sampling prior to the initiation of the relicensing process. This early start to the diadromous fish sampling will provide multiple years of sampling allowing for a larger data set. It also allows participants including the resource agencies, applicant, and consultants to improve upon methodologies utilized in previous sampling seasons.

Due to the increased interest in the status of American eel along the Atlantic Coast resulting from a petition to the Service to investigate its potential listing and protection under the Endangered Species Act, new information is being gathered and reported daily. Based on the results of American eel sampling during 2004-2005 at Duke Power's Catawba-Wateree Hydropower Project on the Wateree River, results of 2005 sampling on the lower Saluda River, and 2005 sampling reports from the Roanoke River at the Roanoke Rapids Hydropower Project, we recommend modifying sampling strategies on the lower Saluda River for the 2006 sampling season. It has become apparent that eel pots and traps are ineffective at gathering American eels in freshwaters of the Santee Basin. What do appear to be effective are eel ramps in tailwaters at dams and in spillways. We have also learned that the eels appear to be active around 15° C, which did not occur until May in the lower Saluda River in 2005. We recommend the following methodologies and gear types be utilized in 2006 in lieu of eel pots and traps. Details of 2006 survey efforts should be developed in coordination with the Service.

- 1) Develop and install eel ramps at the Saluda Dam and Saluda Spillway, similar to the structure located at Duke Power's Wateree Dam on the Wateree River.
- 2) Spring and Fall sampling efforts should be concentrated around a range of temperatures, specifically at  $\pm 15^{\circ}$  C.
- 3) Visual observations/surveys should be conducted at the spillway during the above referenced temperature range including spring and fall.

#### **Specific Comments on Report**

- <u>Page 1, Introduction, 3<sup>rd</sup> Paragraph.</u> The text should be revised to the following: "Resource agencies goals and objectives for the Santee Basin include the restoration of diadromous species. Target species include the American shad, hickory shad, blueback herring, shortnose sturgeon, Atlantic sturgeon, striped bass, and the American eel."
- <u>Page 14, 2<sup>nd</sup> Paragraph.</u> It should be noted and included in the text that although no American eels were caught in eel traps at six locations in 2005 at the Catawba-Wateree Hydropower Project on the Wateree River, over 50 American eels were caught at the Wateree Dam utilizing an eel ramp.
- <u>Pages 14-17, Tables 1-4.</u> If the data is available, it would be helpful for the Service, if water temperatures at the sampling sites were included as a column in the four Tables.

We appreciate the opportunity to comment on the 2005 American eel survey and look forward to coordinating with SCE&G and Kleinschmidt to develop 2006 American eel sampling methodologies. We recommend scheduling a meeting in January to discuss

2006 American eel and anadromous fish sampling efforts for the lower Saluda River and Congaree River.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact Ms. Amanda Hill of my staff at 843-727-4707 ext. 303.

Sincerely yours,

Timothy N. Hall Field Supervisor

TNH/AKH

From:	Mark_A_Cantrell@fws.gov
Sent:	Monday, January 09, 2006 11:27 AM
To:	Mark_A_Cantrell@fws.gov
Cc:	Alan Stuart; Alison Guth; 'Amanda Hill (amanda_hill@fws.gov)'; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; 'Hal Beard (BeardH@scdnr.state.sc.us)'; 'Steve Leach'; 'Prescott Brownell (prescott.brownell@NOAA.gov)'; RMAHAN@scana.com; Shane Boring; 'Steve Summer (ssummer@scana.com)'

Subject: Re: Conference call with agencies to discuss 2006 Saluda dia dromous fish sampling

Per the conference call, here are some descriptions of ramp-type traps for eels.

I was able to get Dr. Knights to look at some maps and photographs of the Saluda Project and some other sites a few weeks ago - he recommended some better locations based on flows.

To detect eel movements, timing, etc., not to sample adult resident eels, he recommended ramp-type traps he describes in his paper, to be located at dams or other obstructions. Quiter water adjacent to swift!

He favored the pool below Saluda spillway, or something at one of the side channels below the powerhouse.

He did note frequent checks, daily, and security issues are a factor in trap success.

Flow across the ramp and attraction flow should be about 1/4 - 1/2" in depth. This can be by gravity or pumped.

thnaks, Mark A. Cantrell U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service 160 Zillicoa Street Asheville, NC 28801 828/258-3939, ext 227 fax: 828/258-5330 mobile: 828/215-1739 mark\_a\_cantrell@fws.gov

"Our mission is working with others to conserve, protect, and enhance fish, wildlife, and plants and their habitats for the continuing benefit of the American people."

Subject: Location:	Updated: Conference call with agencies to discuss 2006 Saluda diadromous fish sampling via conference call
Start: End: Show Time As:	Mon 1/9/2006 10:00 AM Mon 1/9/2006 11:00 AM Tentative
Recurrence:	(none)
Meeting Status:	Not yet responded
Required Attendees:	'Amanda Hill (amanda_hill@fws.gov)'; 'Hal Beard (BeardH@scdnr.state.sc.us)'; 'Prescott Brownell (prescott.brownell@NOAA.gov)'; 'Steve Summer (ssummer@scana.com)'; 'dchristie@infoave.net'; 'Mark A. Cantrell (mark_a_cantrell@fws.gov)'; 'Steve Leach'; Alan Stuart; Alison Guth; Argentieri, Bill
Optional Attendees:	MAHAN, RANDOLPH R

Hello all:

Attached is the 2005 Saluda Diadromous Fish Study Plan for your review prior to our call on Monday. Please be prepared to discuss any changes that you feel should be made prior to starting the 2006 sampling. Looking forward to talking with you all at 10 AM on Monday.

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183



Diadromous\_Fish\_S tudy\_Plan\_011...

From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Wednesday, January 04, 2006 12:01 PM
То:	Shane Boring; 'Amanda Hill (amanda_hill@fws.gov)'; 'Hal Beard (BeardH@scdnr.state.sc.us)'; 'Prescott Brownell (prescott.brownell@NOAA.gov)'; 'Steve Summer (ssummer@scana.com)'; 'dchristie@infoave.net'; 'Mark A. Cantrell (mark a cantrell@fws.gov)'; 'Steve Leach'
Cc:	BARGENTIERI@scana.com; 'Steve Summer (ssummer@scana.com)'; Alison Guth; Alan Stuart
Subject:	Final 2005 Lower Saluda/Upper Congaree River Diadromous Fish Study Summary Report

Hello All:

Attached is the final report summarizing the result's of SCE&G's diadromous fish sampling effort in the Saluda and Congaree Rivers during 2005. Thanks to all who provided comments on the draft. As always, please feel free to give me a call if you have any comments or questions regarding the report.

Thank you, Shane Boring



2005 Saluda adromous Summary

From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Tuesday, January 03, 2006 11:18 AM
То:	Tom Murphy (murphyt@dnr.sc.gov); Amanda Hill (amanda_hill@fws.gov);
	BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Boozer Tommy (tboozer@scana.com); Dick Christie
	(dchristie@infoave.com); Ed_Eudaly@fws.gov; Hal Beard (BeardH@scdnr.state.sc.us);
	HOFFMAN, VAN B; Laura Blake (E-mail); RMAHAN@scana.com; Ron Ahle
	(ahler@dnr.sc.gov); Steve Summer (ssummer@scana.com); Alison Guth; Alan Stuart
Subject:	2005 Lake Murray Wood Stork Surveys - Summary Report
Subject:	2005 Lake Murray Wood Stork Surveys - Summary Report

Hello All:

Attached is the final report summarizing the 2005 Lake Murray wood stork surveys. As you may remember from the monthly updates, no wood storks were observed on the lake during 2005. The 2006 surveys will begin in February. Thank you all for your continued interest in this study.

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183



2005 Wood Stork Summary Report...

From:	Alison Guth
То:	<u>"Arnie Eversole";</u>
cc:	Alan Stuart;
Subject:	The Saluda Crayfish
Date:	Thursday, August 03, 2006 3:14:25 PM
Attachments:	Final 2005 LSR Crayfish Assessment.pdf

Hello Arnie,

The topic of the Saluda Crayfish arose during discussions on rare, threatened and endangered species in our Fish and Wildlife working groups for the Saluda Hydro relicensing. The USFWS expressed concern about this species, however there is little information readily available on the Saluda Crayfish. I am writing to ask if you would be interested in preparing a technical review/white paper, however brief it may be, discussing the status and occurrence of this species. If you are interested, could you also let me know how much you would typically charge to prepare such a document.

I also wanted to take this opportunity to send you a copy of the Crayfish Assessment that I put together with your help.

Thanks and I hope to hear from you soon, Alison

Alison Guth Licensing Coordinator Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Drive Suite 21A West Columbia, SC 29170 P: (803) 822-3177 F: (803) 822-3183

From:	Alison Guth
То:	Wade Bales (balesw@dnr.sc.gov); Alan Stuart; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill;
	Bill Argentieri; Bill East; Bill Hulslander; Bill Marshall; Bob Perry ;
	Bob Seibels (bseibels@yahoo.com); Charlene Coleman; Daniel Tufford;
	Dick Christie; Ed Diebold; George Duke; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers);
	Gina Kirkland; Hal Beard; Jeff Duncan; Jennifer O"Rourke; Jennifer Hand;
	Jim Glover; Jim Goller; Joe Logan; Joy Downs; Larry Turner (turnerle@dhec.
	sc.gov); Laura Boos (laura.mccary@gmail.com); Malcolm Leaphart;
	Mark Leao; Mike Sloan; Norman Ferris; Patrick Moore; Prescott Brownell;
	Ralph Crafton; Randy Mahan; Reed Bull (rbull@davisfloyd.com);
	Robert Lavisky; Ron Ahle; Sam Drake; Scott Harder; Shane Boring;
	Steve Bell; Steve Leach; Steve Summer; Suzanne Rhodes;
	Tom Bowles (tbowles@scana.com);
Subject: Date:	2005 Crayfish Assessment Tuesday, July 25, 2006 10:25:36 AM
Attachments:	Final 2005 LSR Crayfish Assessment.pdf

Hello RCG Members,

I have attached, for your perusal, the report on the 2005 Crayfish Assessment. Feel free to contact me with any questions. Thanks, Alison

Alison Guth Licensing Coordinator Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Drive Suite 21A West Columbia, SC 29170 P: (803) 822-3177 F: (803) 822-3183

From:	Alan Stuart
Sent:	Wednesday, August 22, 2007 2:54 PM
То:	'Prescott Brownell (Prescott.Brownell@noaa.gov)'; 'Dick Christie'; 'Amada_Hill@fws.gov'
Cc:	Jennifer Summerlin; 'QUATTLEBAUM, MILTON'; 'SUMMER, STEPHEN E'
Subject:	2007 Shortnose Sturgeon draft Report

Good afternoon all,

Attached is the 2007 Draft Shortnose Sturgeon Report prepared by Jenni Summerlin. The report details the efforts of this years sampling. As most of you know, no sturgeon (of any life stage) were captured during the study. No additional sturgeon sampling is scheduled for next year. However, we are planning to convene a meeting in October/November to discuss the American Shad telemetry study and potential Columbia Fishway monitoring for next season.

Please review the attached report and provide us comments by September 21st so we can begin finalize the report. Also, please circulate the report to anyone in your respective agencies you believe could benefit from the information. As always, should you have questions before then just let us know.



2007 Shortnose Sturgeon Draft ...

Thank you for all of your efforts !!

Alan

Senior Licensing Coordinator Kleinschmidt Energy and Water Resources 101 Trade Zone Drive Suite 21A West Columbia, SC 29170

Phone 803.822.3177 Cell 803.640.8765

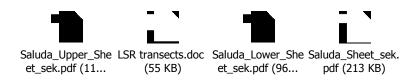
From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Friday, May 25, 2007 3:30 PM
То:	Jennifer Summerlin; Theresa Thom; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bud Badr; Dick Christie; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Hal Beard; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart; Mike Waddell; Milton Quattlebaum (mquattlebaum@scana.com); Prescott Brownell; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer; Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart
Cc:	Alan Stuart; 'Bill Argentieri'
Subject:	Saluda IFIM Transects

#### Dear Instream Flow TWC Members:

As many you aware, we finished up selection of transect locations for the upcoming lower Saluda IFIM study during our field visit earlier this week. Many thanks to those who made it out for the field visits. To ensure we're all on the same page, the attached documents includes a table summarizing the selected transects as well as maps showing their spatial distribution. If there are any questions on the transects that have been selected, please contact Brandon Kulik (207-487-3328) or me by close of business next Wednesday, May 30. Field data collection is slated to begin Monday June 4.

#### Thanks Shane Boring

Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183



From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Monday, May 07, 2007 9:07 AM
То:	Theresa Thom; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bud Badr; Dick Christie; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Hal Beard; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart; Mike Waddell; Milton Quattlebaum (mquattlebaum@scana.com); Prescott Brownell; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer; Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart
Subject:	Lower Saluda River IFIM Study: Mesohabitat Assessment

All:

Attached is the draft memo and accompanying maps summarizing the recent mesohabitat assessment on the Lower Saluda River. As you may remember, the mesohabitat assessment was prepared in support of the upcoming IFIM study. We wanted to get the information to the group prior to the field visit later this week in order to facilitate selection of appropriate transect locations.

As previously noted, the mesohabitat assessment is still in draft format, so please feel free to provide comments. I do ask, however, that all comments be submitted by May 18, 2007. Thanks for your continued participation in the Lower Saluda IFIM Study.

Shane Boring

Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183



Lower Saluda IFIM Mesohab Asse...

From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Monday, May 07, 2007 9:07 AM
То:	Theresa Thom; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bud Badr; Dick Christie; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Hal Beard; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart; Mike Waddell; Milton Quattlebaum (mquattlebaum@scana.com); Prescott Brownell; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer; Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart
Subject:	Lower Saluda River IFIM Study: Mesohabitat Assessment

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As previously noted, the mesohabitat assessment is still in draft format, so please feel free to provide comments. I do ask, however, that all comments be submitted by May 18, 2007. Thanks for your continued participation in the Lower Saluda IFIM Study.

Shane Boring

Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183



Lower Saluda IFIM Mesohab Asse...

Subject: Location:	Conference Call to Discuss Lower Saluda River Self-sustaining Trout White Paper Via Conference Line
Start: End: Show Time As:	Wed 5/23/2007 9:30 AM Wed 5/23/2007 10:30 AM Tentative
Recurrence:	(none)
Meeting Status:	Not yet responded
Required Attendees:	Fish & Wildlife TWC - IFIM/Aquatic Habitat



Saluda Trout Paper DRAFT 2006-...

Hello All:

We would like to convene a conference call in the near future to discuss and hopefully finalize the draft white paper discussing the potential for a self-sustaining/reproducing trout fishery in the Lower Saluda River (attached). As you may remember, the draft white paper was issued via e-mail on 11/6/2006. No major comments were received, and we want to go ahead and finalize the report as soon as possible. Thanks and please let us know of your availability for the above date and time.

Thanks, Shane Boring

Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Friday, April 20, 2007 11:04 AM
То:	Theresa Thom; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bud Badr; Dick Christie; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Hal Beard; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart; Mike Waddell; Milton Quattlebaum (mquattlebaum@scana.com); Prescott Brownell; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer; Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart
Subject:	Saluda Instream Flow Study: Brown Trout Habitat Suitability Information

All:

As you may remember, the Instream Flow TWC met via conference call last Tuesday (May 10) and selected substrate Habitat Suitability Criteria for a number of target species and lifestages (smallmouth bass and brown and rainbow trout). At that conference call, the group reached consensus on source substrate for all the lifestages discussed, with the exception of brown trout juveniles, spawning and fry. HSC criteria were not selected for these lifestages due to limited source study information (i.e. only the Raleigh et al. "Blue Book" values were available). At the request of Mike Waddell and others, included below are the substrate HSC criteria used for the Catawba-Wateree Study (originally developed for the Tuckaseegee and Nantahala IFIM Studies), along with a legend that describes the substrate codes. To facilitate closing out the HSC selection process, please provide feedback regarding the acceptability of these curves versus the Raleigh at al. curves by COB next Friday, April 27th. When providing feedback, please use the "reply to all" option so that we can maintain an open forum.

Many thanks to Dick Christie for getting in touch with the original authors to acquired the legends needed to interpret the Catawba-Wateree data. The graphs included below are excerpted from the final Catawba-Wateree IFIM report (Page 250).

Thanks and have a good weekend, Shane Boring

Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Tuesday, April 10, 2007 4:57 PM
То:	Shane Boring; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bob Perry ; Brandon Stutts ; Buddy
	Baker ; Dick Christie; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle
Subject:	Saluda Hydro Relicense: Lake Murray Waterfowl Surveys 2006-07 Draft Report

Dear Terrestrial Resources TWC Members:

Attached for your review is the draft report summarizing the waterfowl survey performed by Savannah River Ecology Lab on Lake Murray during the 2006-2007 waterfowl season. Please provide comment on the draft report, preferably in MS Word track changes, by April 24th, 2007. Thanks for your interest in the Lake Murray waterfowl surveys.

Shane Boring Kleinschmidt Associates

W

SREL Waterfowl Report 2006-07(...

# Spawning Habitat Suitability Index Models

And Instream Flow Suitability Curves

# Model I: Shortnose Sturgeon Model II: Atlantic Sturgeon

Southeastern Atlantic Coast River Basins

Draft March 12, 2003

Edited by:

Prescott H. Brownell

Fishery Biologist

National Marine Fisheries Service

Charleston, South Carolina

# Acknowledgements

The draft models have been prepared in coordination with Joe Hightower, North Carolina Cooperative Fish and Wildlife Research Unit, N.C. State University; Mark Collins, South Carolina Division of Marine Resources, Charleston, SC; Boyd Kynard and Micah Kieffer, Silvio Conte Anadromous Fish Laboratory, Turners Falls, Massachusetts; Steve Gilbert, U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service, Charleston, SC Field Office, and Wilson Laney, U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service, Fishery Resources Office, Raleigh, N.C. Their assistance is greatly appreciated. The current draft model has been circulated to a wider audience of biologists, and their recommendations will be included in preparation of final models for publication.

# PREFACE

The information and suitability curves presented in this draft model are intended for use in evaluating instream habitat conditions, employing Habitat Evaluation Procedures (HEP) and/or the Instream Flow Incremental Methodology (IFIM). The IFIM curves for Atlantic sturgeon and shortnose sturgeon presented are project team modifications of the original model for shortnose sturgeon that was prepared by Crance (1986)<sup>1.</sup> As noted by Crance in the original documentation, the SI curves were intended as starting points for users of HEP or IFIM to develop their own curves and relationships, in response to project-specific conditions and needs. Since publication of the original model in 1986 considerable research has been conducted on shortnose sturgeon, and to a lesser degree Atlantic sturgeon behavior and habitat preferences, as well as historic distribution and habitat use in northeastern and southeastern habitats. The information and curves presented are hypotheses of species-habitat relationships, not statements of proven cause and effect relationships. Further, the model relationships and outputs are intended to aid in the assessment of impacts, and design of potential instream flow mitigation features and recommendations. The fishery biologists using these relationships will need to make project specific recommendations whether or not an IFIM model is available. It is hoped that this model will aid their efforts and promote consensus in management decisionmaking.

# SHORTNOSE AND ATLANTIC STURGEON SPAWNING HABITAT MODELS

# HABITAT USE INFORMATION, Southeastern Rivers

#### General

Sturgeon are known to have ascended major southeastern river basins such as the St. Johns, St. Mary's, Altamaha, Ogeechee, Savannah, Edisto, Santee, Pee Dee, Neuse, and Roanoke to riverine habitats well past the limit of the coastal plain, based on historic accounts (Goode,  $1887^2$ , and Bowers,  $1896^3$ ). Because of the fact that sturgeon data in historic accounts did not distinguish between shortnose and Atlantic sturgeon, it is impossible to acertain if there were differences in distribution (river ascent) between the species. The assumption is made that sturgeon of both species were capable of moving upstream as far as hydraulic conditions would allow, and in all probability did migrate upstream well into the piedmont in larger river systems. Sturgeon stocks have declined drastically since the mid 19th century due to overfishing, habitat degradation, and to blockage of access to primary spawning habitats by dams on many rivers. An additional factor contributing to the decline of sturgeon species may be alteration of natural instream flows due to water diversions, hydropower operations, and related impacts on sturgeon spawning behavior due to non-natural fluctuations in flows during spawning periods. Based on the consensus opinion of the model development team, optimal spawning habitat conditions were generally present in rocky shoal and rock outcrop habitats in major rivers of the east. These shoal habitats are generally present at the moderate to high gradient transition between coastal plain and piedmont physiographic provinces, and at other locations well into the piedmont sections of these rivers. In nearly all cases, such habitats have been blocked by major

hydropower and navigation dams and are no longer accessible to spawning sturgeon. Limited spawning and recruitment may be possible in other riverine habitats, possibly accounting for the presence of small remnant populations of sturgeon in some rivers such as the Altamaha, Savannah, Santee, Pee Dee, and Neuse.

# MODEL I: SHORTNOSE STURGEON (Acipenser brevirostrum)

# Modified IFIM Spawning Habitat Suitability Curves for Shortnose Sturgeon

The following variables and relationships are considered important for assessment of shortnose sturgeon spawning habitat quality, and related evaluation of impacts due to changes in substrate, water velocity, temperature, and depth. The overall habitat suitability value expressed in this model is simply the lowest of the four individual Suitability Index (SI) values. Figures identified below are the attached excel files.

V1. Water Velocity, spawning and incubation. Measured as mean water column velocity in Meters per second. Figure 1 displays a table of data values and corresponding SI value relationships.

V2. Depth, spawning, incubation. Figure 2 displays a table of data values and SI relationships. The depth vs. SI values are estimated to represent minimum suitable depths for spawning adults assuming that access to these depths is not obstructed by habitat features further downstream.

V3. Substrate, spawning and incubation. This habitat variable is intended to capture behavioral preferences of spawning adults and habitat conditions for eggs during the incubation period prior to the first downstream migration of larvae. Factors such as oxygenation, substrte embeddedness, available egg attachment sites, and protection of eggs from other predators are hypothesized to be available in gravel, and cobble gravel substrates. Bedrock typically is interspersed with pockets of cobble and gravel, and may also contain fissures and microhabitat features that provide cover and well oxygenated sites for egg maturation. Figure 3 displays a table of data values and SI relationships

V4. Temperature, spawning. The SI values and relationships to temperature are based on literature and consensus of the model review team. Figure 4 displays a table of values and SI relationships.

The overall SI value for shortnose sturgeon spawning habitat is represented by the lowest individual variable si value.

SI = the lowest of: V1 si, V2 si, V3 si, V4 si.

# MODEL II: ATLANTIC STURGEON (Acipenser oxyrinchus)

# IFIM Habitat Suitability Curves for Spawning Atlantic Sturgeon

The following variables and relationships are considered important for assessment of Atlantic sturgeon spawning habitat quality, and related evaluation of impacts due to changes in substrate, water velocity, temperature, and depth. Figures referenced below are the attached excel files.

- V1. Water Velocity, spawning and incubation. Measured as mean water column velocity in meters per second. Figure 1 presents a table of data values and SI relationships
- V2. Depth, spawning, incubation. The depth vs. SI values are estimated to represent minimum suitable depths for spawning adults assuming that access to these depths is not obstructed by habitat features further downstream. The depth relationships are based on the hypothesized minimum depths for spawning age Atlantic sturgeon. Figure 2 displays variable relationships.
- V3. Substrate, spawning and early incubation. This habitat variable is intended to capture behavioral preferences of spawning adults and habitat conditions for eggs during the incubation period prior to the first downstream migration of larvae. The curve and data values for Atlantic sturgeon are based on the model for shortnose sturgeon, assuming similar habitat preferences and conditions are required. Factors such as oxygenation, substrate embeddedness, available egg attachment sites, protection of eggs from other predators, light intensity, solar warming...are hypothesized to be available in gravel, boulder, and cobble gravel substrates. Bedrock typically is interspersed with pockets of cobble and gravel, and may also contain fissures and microhabitat features that provide cover and well oxygenated sites for egg maturation. Figure 3 displays a table of data values and SI relationships
- V4. Temperature, spawning. The SI values and relationships to temperature are based on the generally later upstream spawning movement of Atlantic sturgeon, compared with the shortnose sturgeon. Figure 4 displays a table of values and SI relationships.

The overall SI value for Atlantic sturgeon spawning habitat is represented by the lowest individual variable si value.

SI = the lowest of: V1si, V2 si, V3 si, V4 si

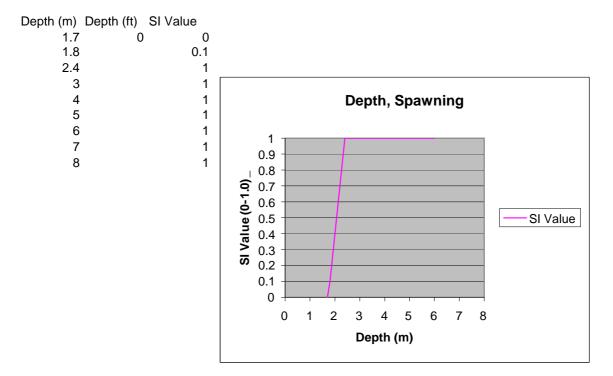
# REFERENCES

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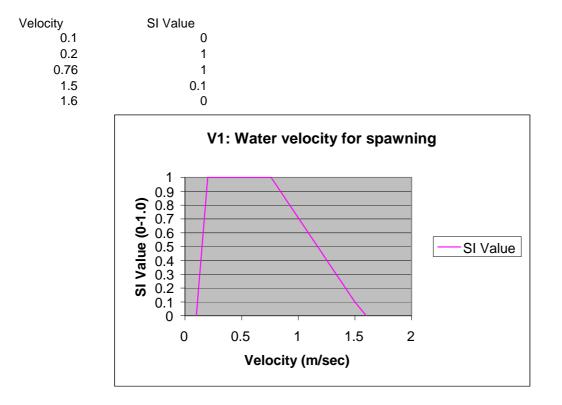
Atlantic Sturgeon V2: Depth, spawning and incubation.



# Shortnose Sturgeon IFIM Curves

Revised Shortnose Sturgeon Spawning Habitat Model

V1: Water velocity, spawning and incubation. Measured as mean water column velocity in meters per s



second.

From: Sent: To:

Subject:

Shane Boring Wednesday, March 07, 2007 11:52 AM Shane Boring; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bob Perry ; Brandon Stutts ; Buddy Baker ; Dick Christie; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle Lake Murray Waterfowl Surveys



Murray Waterfow... Murray Waterfow...

Dear Terrestrial Resources TWC Members:

The Lake Murray waterfowl survey for the 2006-2007 season are complete (see attached data summaries). Observations during the mid-February survey were similar to those in January, with scaup being the most abundant species observed. The data suggests that most ducks had cleared out by the February 27th survey. One interesting note was the observation of two mute swans during the February 19th survey. The final report from SREL should be forthcoming sometime around the first of April. Thanks for your continued interest in the Lake Murray waterfowl surveys.

Thanks , Shane

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

From:Amanda\_Hill@fws.govSent:Tuesday, February 13, 2007 3:23 PMTo:Jennifer SummerlinCc:Alan StuartSubject:Re: FW: Saluda Relicensing: Saluda Hydro Fish Entrainment/Turbine Mortality Report



Saluda Hydro Saluda Hydro Mortality Entrainment-Morat..Entrainment-Morat..atabase.pdf (301 KB Jenny,

Attached are some comments to the Entrainment/Mortality Study in track changes. In addition I have the following questions.

1. In addition to the "With and Without Filter" can you determine and develop a Table with the percentage of Entrained/Killed between units 1-4 and 5.

2. How does this study consider the unique circumstance at Lake Murray of the dissolved oxygen stratification in the summer/fall near the dam in front of unit #5?

3. Why are August and October flows considered in relation to the filters?

4. What might proposed mitigation include?

(See attached file: Saluda Hydro Entrainment-Moratlity Report 2007-1-29 (JMS)draft\_FWS\_comments.doc)

Amanda Hill Fisheries Biologist U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service 176 Croghan Spur Rd., Suite 200 Charleston, SC 29407 843-727-4707 ext. 303 843-727-4218 fax amanda\_hill@fws.gov

#### \*NOTE NEW PHONE EXTENSION\*

"Our mission is working with others to conserve, protect, and enhance fish, wildlife and plants and their habitats for the continuing benefit of the American people."

"Jennifer	
Summerlin"	
<jennifer.summerl< th=""><th>То</th></jennifer.summerl<>	То
in@KleinschmidtUS	<balesw@dnr.sc.gov>, "Amanda Hill"</balesw@dnr.sc.gov>
A.com>	<amanda_hill@fws.gov>, "Bill Argentieri"</amanda_hill@fws.gov>
02/12/2007 01:14	<bargentieri@scana.com>, "Hal</bargentieri@scana.com>
PM	Beard" <beardh@dnr.sc.gov>, "Jim</beardh@dnr.sc.gov>
	Glover" <gloverjb@dhec.sc.gov>,</gloverjb@dhec.sc.gov>
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	<tbowles@scana.com>, "Alan Stuart"</tbowles@scana.com>
	<alan.stuart@kleinschmidtusa.com></alan.stuart@kleinschmidtusa.com>
	CC

MONTH	DAYS SAMPLED	HOURLY ENTRAINMENT RATE	TOTAL HOURS OF TURBINE OPERATION	PROJECTED NUMBER OF FISH ENTRAINED
January	No Data	Used Feb = 0.4	3,140	1,256
February	13	0.4	3,656	1,487
March	13	4.6	3,937	18,150
April	9	4	3,362	13,474
May	7	12.8	2,862	36,701
June	15	11	1,708	18,722
July	15	5.9	1,655	9,838
August	9	14.8	1,489	22,037
September	12	8	1,357	10,788
October	No Data	Ave. of Sept. and Nov. rates = 13.2	2,605	34,386
November	9	18.4	2,064	37,936
December	No Data	Feb. rate $= 0.4$	2,026	810
TOTAL	101 days	Mean =6.9 fish/hr	29,861 hrs	205,585 fish

Table C-2:	Fish Entrainment at the Ninety-Nine Islands Project Based on Hydroacoustic Sampling During February - December of 1990

#### 2.0 GASTON SHOALS

Hydroacoustic and full recovery netting were performed on Unit 6 (a 2.5 MW vertical Francis-type turbine) of the Gaston Shoals Hydroelectric project during January - December of 1990.

#### 2.1 Full Recovery Entrainment Netting

Full recovery entrainment netting was performed on Unit 6 of the Gaston Shoals project during the daylight (0800 - 1600) and the nighttime hours (2000 - 0400). Netting was performed on a monthly basis with a 2 hour sample taken 4 times a day (one 24 hr period) once per month yielding a total of 64 (32 daytime and 32 nighttime) sampling hours for the year (Table 3). "Initial and steady-state", daytime, and nighttime sampling was performed, but no apparent trends were observed; therefore all monthly netting data was combined to yield a total number of fish (by species) entrained per hour of sampling. Monthly netting efficiencies were calculated and each monthly data set was corrected for net losses. The total number of fish entrained by month was determined by totaling the number of generation hours for each of the three operational turbine units at the project and multiplying by the monthly entrainment netting rate. The sum of the estimated monthly entrainment yields a total estimated annual entrainment of 156,619 fish for the project. Investigators indicated that these estimates may be inflated due to suspected net intrusion in the tailrace collections.

#### 2.2 <u>Hydroacoustic Entrainment Sampling</u>

Hydroacoustic sampling was performed on Unit 6 of the Gaston Shoals on a monthly basis during both daytime and nighttime project operation with a total of 112 days of data collected (Table 4). Fish entrainment is reported as the number of fish entrained per hour of sampling. Reported monthly rates are the mean of all hourly sampling rates for the collection month. The total number of fish entrained by month was determined by totaling the number of generation hours for each of the three turbine units at the project and multiplying by the monthly hydroacoustic entrainment rate for Unit 6. The sum of the monthly fish entrainment estimates yields a total estimated annual entrainment of 91,753 fish for the project. Based on background noise levels, it was calculated that the smallest fish target "acoustically visible" was 100 mm in length. By comparing simultaneous netting and hydroacoustic samples, it was determined that there was no acceptable correlation between the entrainment netting estimates and the hydroacoustic entrainment estimates for the Gaston Shoals project.

MONTH	HOURS SAMPLED	HOURLY ENTRAINMENT RATE	TOTAL HOURS OF TURBINE OPERATION	PROJECTED NUMBER OF FISH ENTRAINED
January	No Data	Ave. of Dec. and Feb. rates = 2.9	2,021	5,859
February	8	3.3	2,012	6,639
March	8	1.4	2,224	3,113
April	8	11.5	2,152	24,749
May	8	3.4	2,182	7,418
June	8	20.9	1,568	32,773
July	No Data	June rate = 20.9	1,382	28,882
August	No Data	June rate = 20.9	1,260	26,334
September	8	9.0	1,080	9,720
October	No Data	Ave. of Sep. and Nov. rates = 5.6	1,352	7,569
November	8	1.0	1,253	1,255
December	8	1.3	1,776	2,308
TOTAL	64 hrs	Mean = 7.7 fish/hr	20,262 hrs	156,619 fish

Table C 2.	Entroinment Netting Deservery Date Collected at the Caston Shools Project
Table C-5:	Entrainment Netting Recovery Data Collected at the Gaston Shoals Project
	During February - December of 1990
	During repruary - December of 1990

MONTH	DAYS SAMPLED	HOURLY ENTRAINMENT RATE	PROJECT TURBINE OPERATION	PROJECTED NUMBER OF FISH ENTRAINED
January	8	8.5	2,021	17,199
February	10	2.3	2,012	4,628
March	5	3.6	2,224	7,984
April	8	2.7	2,152	5,875
May	13	0.3	2,182	715
June	15	10.5	1,568	16,495
July	16	2.5	1,382	3,455
August	6	1.4	1,260	1,701
September	9	1.8	1,080	1,948
October	6	5.2	1,352	7,059
November	16	8.0	1,253	10,042
December	No Data	Ave of Nov.& Jan. rates = 8.25	1,776	14,652
TOTAL	112 days	Mean = 4.5 fish/hr	20,262 hrs	91,753 fish

Table C-4:Fish Entrainment at the Gaston Shoals Project Based on Hydroacoustic<br/>Sampling During February - December of 1990

#### 3.0 NEAL SHOALS

Hydroacoustic and full recovery netting were performed on Unit 3 (1.1 MW horizontal Francis-type turbine) of the Neal Shoals Hydroelectric project during February 1991 through January 1990.

#### 3.1 Full Recovery Entrainment Netting

Full recovery entrainment netting was performed on Unit 3 of the Neal Shoals project during the daylight hours (0600 - 1200 or 1600 - 2200 hrs). During each nettingmonth, a 6 hour sample taken once a day for 2 consecutive days per month (12 hrs/month). There were six successful netting events during March, May, June, August, October, and December yielding a total of 45.75 sampling hours for the year (Table 5). Entrainment netting collection efficiencies were determined for fish < 100 mm (96%) and for fish > 100 mm (71%). Reported entrainment rates were not corrected for these net losses but assumed 100% net efficiency. The total number of fish entrained annually was determined by totaling the number of generation hours for each of the four operational turbine units at the project and multiplying by the mean annual entrainment netting rate of 13.7 fish/hr. Based on the annual project operation time of 19,819.3 hours, the estimated annual entrainment for the project was 271,524.4 fish.

Discussions with Gerrit Jöbsis (South Carolina Department of Natural Resources) determined that the netting rates were adjusted for a 73% netting recovery rate which increased the annual entrainment rate to 345,510 fish for the project.

#### 3.2 <u>Hydroacoustic Entrainment Sampling</u>

Hydroacoustic entrainment sampling was performed on Unit 3 of the Neal Shoals project on a monthly basis during both daytime and nighttime project operation. The hydroacoustic data was analyzed through July of 1991 with poor or no correlation with the entrainment netting data. Based on these results, the number of fish entrained at the site was based solely on entrainment netting.

MONTH	HOURS SAMPLED	NUMBER OF FISH COLLECTED	INITIAL HOURLY ENTRAINMENT RATE	ADJUSTED HOURLY ENTRAINMENT RATE	PROJECTED NUMBER OF FISH ENTRAINED
January	NA		NA	NA	
February	NA		NA	NA	
March	10.25	171	16.7	21.2	
April	NA		NA	NA	
May	11	259	23.5	29.9	
June	3	58	19.3	24.5	Project
July	NA		NA	NA	Operation =
August	10	109	10.9	13.8	19819.3 hrs
September	NA		NA	NA	times the annual
October	0.5	5	10.0	12.7	entrainment rate
November	NA		NA	NA	of 17.4 fish/hr =
December	11	25	2.3	2.9	
TOTAL	45.75 hrs	627 fish	Mean = 13.7 fish/hr	Mean = 17.4 fish / hr	345,510 fish/yr

Table C-5:Entrainment Netting Recovery Data Collected at the Neal Shoals Project<br/>During March - December of 1991

#### 4.0 SALUDA STATION

Hydroacoustic and full recovery netting were performed on Unit 1 (a 0.6 MW horizontal twin-runner Francis-type turbine) of the Saluda Station project during January - December of 1990 and January of 1991.

#### 4.1 Full Recovery Entrainment Netting

Full recovery entrainment netting was performed on Unit 1 of the Saluda Station project during the daylight hours of 0800 - 1700 hrs. Netting was performed on a monthly basis with a 2 hour sample taken 2 times a day for 2 consecutive days per month (8 hrs/month) yielding a total of 48 sampling hours for the year (Table 6). "Initial and steady-state" sampling was performed, but no apparent trends were observed; therefore all the monthly netting data was combined to yield a total number of fish (by species) entrained per hour of sampling. Monthly netting efficiencies were calculated and each monthly data set was corrected for net losses. The total number of fish entrained by month was determined by totaling the number of generation hours for each of the four operational turbine units at the project and multiplying by the monthly entrainment netting rate. The sum of the estimated monthly entrainment for 9 months of operation yields a total estimated entrainment of 87,274 fish for the project. Investigators indicated that these estimates may be inflated due to suspected net intrusion in the tailrace collections.

#### 4.2 <u>Hydroacoustic Entrainment Sampling</u>

Hydroacoustic entrainment sampling was performed on both Unit 1 and Unit 2 of the Saluda Station project a monthly basis during both daytime and nighttime project operation with a total of 1587 hours of data collected over 95 days (Table 7). Unit 1 was sampled during January through October 1990 and Unit 2 was sampled during November of 1990 through January of 1991. Fish entrainment is reported as the number of fish entrained per hour of sampling. Reported monthly rates are the mean of all hourly sampling rates for the collection month. The total number of fish entrained by month was determined by totaling the number of generation hours for each of the four turbine units at the project and multiplying by the monthly hydroacoustic entrainment rate for either Unit 1 or Unit 2. The sum of the monthly fish entrainment estimates yields a total estimated annual entrainment of 31,811 fish for the project. Based on background noise levels, it was calculated that the smallest fish target "acoustically visible" was 100 mm in length. By comparing simultaneous netting and hydroacoustic samples, it was determined that there was limited agreement between the entrainment netting estimates and the hydroacoustic entrainment estimates for the Saluda Station project.

MONTH	HOURS SAMPLED	HOURLY ENTRAINMENT RATE	TOTAL HOURS OF TURBINE OPERATION	PROJECTED NUMBER OF FISH ENTRAINED
January	No Data	Dec. rate $= 6.2$	1917	11,885
February	No Data	Dec. rate $= 6.2$	2244	13,913
March	No Data	No estimate	2238	
April	No Data	No estimate	1963	
May	No Data	No estimates	1624	
June	8	11.6	1097	12,725
July	No Data	Ave. of June & Aug. rates = $9.3$	855	7,952
August	8	6.7	780	5,226
September	8	6.3	720	4,536
October	8	14.5	1350	19,575
November	8	5.5	932	5,126
December	8	6.2	1022	6,336
TOTAL	48 hrs	Mean = 5.2 fish/hr	16742	87,274 fish
Adjusted for sampling	9 months of	Mean = $8.0 \text{ fish/hr}$	10,917	87,274 fish

Table C-6:	Entrainment Netting Recovery Data Collected at the Saluda Hydroelectric
	Project During January - December of 1990

MONTH	DAYS SAMPLED	HOURLY ENTRAINMENT RATE	TOTAL HOURS OF TURBINE OPERATION	PROJECTED NUMBER OF FISH ENTRAINED
January	4	1.1	1,917	2,032
February	4	0.0	2,244	0
March	12	0.6	2,238	1,388
April	23	0.8	1,963	1,570
May	1	0.4	1,624	585
June	9	0.8	1,097	823
July	No Data	3.3	855	2,822
August	4	5.8	780	4,547
September	2	2.3	720	1,663
October	9	7.7	1,350	10,449
November	2	5.1	932	4,716
December	11	1.2	1,022	1,216
January	14	3.0	No Data	No Data
TOTAL	95 days	Mean = 2.4 fish/hr	16,742	31,811 fish

Table C-7:Fish Entrainment at the Saluda Hydroelectric Project Based on<br/>Hydroacoustic Sampling During January 1990 to January of 1991

#### 5.0 HOLLIDAYS BRIDGE

Hydroacoustic and full recovery netting were performed on Unit 3 (a 0.9 MW horizontal triple-runner Francis-type turbine) during January - December of 1990 and on Unit 2 during April - June of 1992 of the Hollidays Bridge Hydroelectric project.

#### 5.1 Full Recovery Entrainment Netting

Full recovery entrainment netting was performed on Unit 3 of the Hollidays Bridge project during the daylight hours of 0800 - 1700 hrs. Netting was performed on a monthly basis with a 2 hour sample taken 2 times a day for 2 consecutive days per month (8 hrs/month) yielding a total of 40 sampling hours for the year (Table 8). "Initial and steady-state" sampling was performed, but no apparent trends were observed; therefore all the monthly netting data was combined to yield a total number of fish (by species) entrained per hour of sampling. Monthly netting efficiencies were calculated and each monthly data set was corrected for net losses. The total number of fish entrained by month was determined by totaling the number of generation hours for each of the four operational turbine units at the project and multiplying by the monthly entrainment netting rate. The sum of the estimated monthly entrainment for 5 months of project operation yields a total estimated entrainment of 28,489 fish for the project.

To satisfy a FERC AIR, additional entrainment net sampling was performed during April - June of 1992 to fill in missing months of project entrainment. Unit 2 was sampled during this period using the same sampling methodology employed during the 1990 studies. The similarities between the configuration of Unit 3 and Unit 2 were deemed appropriate to assume similar entrainment rates. A total of 32 hours of entrainment netting were performed during the 1992 study bringing the total project entrainment netting to 72 hrs. The total estimated annual fish entrainment of 112,345 fish is based on project operation hours during 1992. Investigators indicated that these estimates may be inflated due to suspected net intrusion in the tailrace collections.

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#### 5.2 Hydroacoustic Entrainment Sampling

Hydroacoustic entrainment sampling was performed on a monthly basis during January, February, and September - December of 1990 with a total of 720 hours of data collected over 38 days (Table 9). Unit 1 was sampled during January - October 1990 and Unit 2 was sampled during November of 1990 - January of 1991. Fish entrainment is reported as the number of fish entrained per hour of sampling. Reported monthly rates are the mean of all hourly sampling rates for the collection month. The total number of fish entrained by month was determined by totaling the number of generation hours for each of the three turbine units at the project and multiplying by the monthly hydroacoustic entrainment rate for Unit 1 or Unit 2. The sum of the monthly entrainment estimates yields an estimated entrainment of 14,330 fish for 8 months of project operation. Based on background noise, it was calculated that the smallest fish target "acoustically visible" was 100 mm in length. There was no report of additional hydroacoustic sampling performed in 1992. This is probably due to the limited agreement between the entrainment netting estimates and the hydroacoustic entrainment estimates for the Hollidays Bridge project.

MONTH	HOURS SAMPLED	HOURLY ENTRAINMENT RATE	HOURS OF TURBINE OPERATION (1992)	PROJECTED NUMBER OF FISH ENTRAINED
January	NA	Dec. rate $= 3.8$	1,468	5,578
February	8	1.4	1,419	1,987
March (92)	8	11.1	1,475	16,373
April (92)	8	6.3	1,382	8,707
May (92)	8	19.9	1,290	25,671
June (92)	8	12.1	1,179	14,266
July	NA	June rate $= 12.1$	1,015	12,282
August	NA	June rate $= 12.1$	941	11,386
September	8	4.9	751	3,680
October	8	5.3	729	3,864
November	8	2.1	845	1,775
December	8	5.6	1,210	6,776
TOTAL	72 hrs	Mean = 8.2 fish/hr	13,704	112,345 fish

Table C-8:	Entrainment Netting Recovery Data Collected at the Hollidays Bridge
	Project During January - December of 1990 and April-June of 1992

MONTH	DAYS SAMPLED	HOURLY ENTRAINMENT RATE	TOTAL HOURS OF TURBINE OPERATION	PROJECTED NUMBER OF FISH ENTRAINED
January	9	0.3	1,749	507
February	13	0.3	2,102	631
March	No Data	Feb. rate $= 0.3$	1,179	354
April	No Data	ND	0	0
May	No Data	ND	0	0
June	No Data	ND	0	0
July	No Data	ND	0	0
August	No Data	1.3	475	618
September	4	1.4	782	1,103
October	2	1.2	1,312	1,561
November	6	4.8	852	4,124
December	4	5.3	1,023	5,432
TOTAL	38 days	Mean = 1.5 fish/hr	9,474 hrs	14,330 fish

Table C-9:	Fish Entrainment at the Hollidays Bridge Project Based on Hydroacoustic
	Sampling During January 1990 to January of 1991

### 6.0 RICHARD B. RUSSELL

Full recovery netting was performed on Unit 5 (an 80MW Francis-type turbine) at the Richard B. Russell Project.

#### 6.1 Full Recovery Entrainment Netting

Full discharge recovery netting was performed during conventional generation on Unit 5 of the Richard B. Russell Project as part of a mid-1980s study to analyze the effects of pumpback turbines on the fisheries of Lakes Russell and Thurmond. Sampling was conducted over a full 12-month cycle. Entrainment was dominated by threadfin shad (87.3%), blueback herring (6.6%), and yellow perch (4.2%). Entrainment rates from the Richard B. Russell entrainment study were presented by month and species. For the purpose of summarizing this study, Table 10 presents the average entrainment rate by month and Table 11 presents the average annual entrainment rate for each entrained fish species.

MONTH	ENTRAINMENT RATE (FISH/HR)
January	1,458.22
February	7,251.67
March	224.91
April	251.83
May	108.46
June	71.63
July	101.21
August	269.67
September	127.45
October	91.64
November	556.56
December	228.72
AVERAGE	894.23

 Table C-10:
 Monthly Average Entrainment Rates for the Richard B. Russell Project

 Conventional Generation Netting Study

NAME	MEAN ANNUAL
threadfin shad	781.363
blueback herring	58.397
yellow perch	36.635
white catfish	6.354
bluegill	2.939
white perch	2.080
black crappie	2.010
channel catfish	0.613
spottail shiner	0.379
white crappie	0.378
carp	0.265
gizzard shad	0.159
warmouth	0.085
yellow bullhead	0.084
flathead catfish	0.062
hybrid bass	0.060
black bullhead	0.036
spotted bass	0.026
green sunfish	0.016
striped bass	0.015
snail bullhead	0.014
golden shiner	0.013
largemouth bass	0.012
redbreast sunfish	0.012
silver redhorse	0.012
tesselated darter	0.010
blackbanded darter	0.007
whitefin shiner	0.007
longnose gar	0.007
rainbow trout	0.006
walleye	0.006
smallmouth bass	0.005
northern hogsucker	0.004
white bass	0.004
Coosa bass	0.001

# Table C-11: Mean Annual Entrainment Rates of Fish Entrained During Conventional Generation Netting at the Richard B. Russell Project

- C-22 -

COMMON NAME	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
Northern Hogsucker	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0726	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Silver Redhorse	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0047	0.0739	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0200
Black Crappie	0.0244	0.0023	0.1062	0.3718	5.2876	17.4898	1.8707	0.7093	0.0000	0.0000	0.0635	0.0400
Coosa Bass	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0148	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Largemouth Bass	0.0023	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0215	0.0970	0.0000	0.0000
Smallmouth Bass	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0216	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Spotted Bass	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0693	0.0000	0.0801	0.0000	0.0000	0.0086	0.0000
White Crappie	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.1535	0.0708	1.6104	0.0564	0.1290	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Blueback Herring	10.0929	3.5211	21.2217	29.5016	41.1762	30.8363	8.5071	24.1845	5.2183	24.1518	0.7930	1.0700
Gizzard Shad	0.0078	0.0009	0.0583	0.0420	0.0000	0.0665	0.4962	0.0701	0.1628	0.3686	0.0225	0.0400
Threadfin Shad	86.7983	95.5201	17.0483	17.0313	1.6977	15.1388	64.4096	66.4364	78.3285	28.0236	94.9874	83.700
Carp	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0619	0.0303	0.2377	0.9427	0.0494	0.0861	1.7073	0.0000	0.0300
Golden Shiner	0.0034	0.0000	0.0000	0.0436	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Spottail Shiner	0.0572	0.0060	0.5785	0.4113	0.3082	0.1868	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.2300
Whitefin Shiner	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0080	0.0000	0.0000	0.0606	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Walleye	0.0000	0.0009	0.0000	0.0117	0.0000	0.0000	0.1691	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Black Bullhead	0.0000	0.0000	0.0160	0.0963	0.0000	0.2065	0.0000	0.2615	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Brown Bullhead	0.0000	0.0000	0.0160	0.0000	0.1289	0.0813	2.3746	0.0000	5.8122	0.9271	0.0319	6.1400
Channel Catfish	0.0138	0.0015	0.0000	0.0262	0.5256	0.0813	0.0751	0.2293	0.2066	0.0970	0.8373	0.1100
Flathead Catfish	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0114	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0970	0.0915	0.0500
Snail Bullhead	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0707	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0500
White Catfish	0.1101	0.0246	0.4023	0.2249	0.7180	1.0050	1.1070	1.4991	5.0192	39.8065	2.6459	3.8000
Yellow Bullhead	0.0244	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.6421	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Longnose Gar	0.0023	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0665	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Hybrid Bass	0.0033	0.0000	0.1070	0.0808	0.1328	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0150	0.0000
Striped Bass	0.0000	0.0000	0.0301	0.0346	0.0271	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
White Bass	0.0000	0.0000	0.0151	0.0058	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
White Perch	0.0000	0.0090	0.8298	4.7006	9.1373	0.9421	0.0706	0.0000	0.0441	0.0000	0.0391	0.0000
Blackbanded Darter	0.0000	0.0018	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Tesselated Darter	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.1059	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Yellow Perch	2.7780	0.9028	59.0916	41.4511	38.7012	28.7646	15.6773	3.1601	2.6820	3.1278	0.3424	4.3600
Rainbow Trout	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0706	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Bluegill	0.0739	0.0090	0.4791	4.3537	1.7257	2.9677	3.4140	3.1195	2.3575	1.5961	0.1220	0.3200
Green Sunfish	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0149	0.0210	0.1062	0.0564	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Redbreast Sunfish	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0232	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0322	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Warmouth	0.0080	0.0000	0.0000	0.1334	0.1171	0.0000	0.0000	0.0395	0.0612	0.0000	0.0000	0.0300

 Table C-12:
 Richard B. Russell Fish Entrainment Species Composition (by Percent)

#### APPENDIX D

#### SALUDA RIVER MEAN ANNUAL DAILY FLOW DATA COLLECTED FROM USGS GAUGE NUMBER 02169000 DOWNSTREAM OF SALUDA HYDRO PROJECT

AVERAGE HISTORICAL OPERATION OF UNIT 5 BASED ON FLOW DURATION RECORDS 1978  $-\,2003$ 

SALUDA HYDRO PROJECT FLOW DURATION CURVES

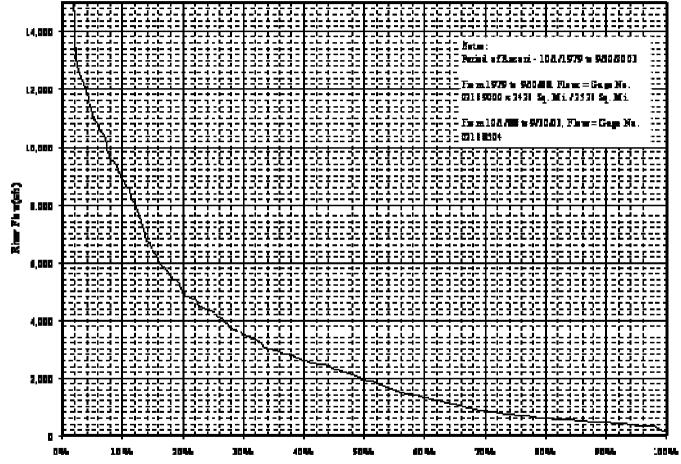
 Table D-1:
 Saluda River Mean Annual Daily Flow Data Collected from USGS Gauge Number 02169000 Downstream of Saluda Hydro Project

	1978- 1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
October	613	2386	2809	1131	1612	1791	1340	1458	1320	1385	2415	2408	5751	1732	3049	1442	3500	3626	2201	1863	2039	1176	2049	1776	2674
November	993	4110	2495	1061	621	927	1453	6552	927	743	1175	1844	1828	2262	4709	1962	2710	4574	991	3187	2179	435	1217	1296	1545
December	1700	2226	2124	1129	2916	5413	1267	4736	3582	1522	2286	4217	496	731	5826	2375	4000	3953	686	2871	1919	984	1641	621	3994
January	2673	3165	1825	9255	5521	5802	2160	1928	4854	942	462	2752	1281	1299	9053	2674	7089	3500	1175	6935	1553	3786	737	746	3049
February	5025	3013	955	5100	6348	5129	4654	707	4514	1455	795	7441	2794	1167	7346	1740	8416	4814	4444	8999	1390	1818	641	832	3888
March	5410	7807	787	3469	5451	5389	1305	711	5911	1049	4186	6161	4962	3162	7807	1913	1998	6118	4140	6510	1389	1476	686	717	10530
April	5747	5927	504	1039	5905	3484	880	862	2364	321	3199	3089	4202	2281	4385	1281	691	2424	1976	7260	803	981	609	603	7259
May	3304	2166	482	1137	1405	4510	602	575	541	441	2529	747	4121	1067	2270	774	911	2639	2226	5091	596	629	561	894	5811
June	3817	2101	542	2225	1686	1799	373	550	1460	349	1982	1453	2701	2582	1894	3283	2497	2397	2792	3508	626	663	685	848	3412
July	4108	2953	1153	1968	2229	3385	477	863	1991	380	4252	1754	4132	2273	2382	2996	2046	2234	2639	1151	2342	686	1090	1334	4705
August	2329	1039	656	2693	2884	4178	2620	534	1905	635	3192	2234	3933	2424	1813	5682	4377	2213	2657	1854	748	1468	2036	1545	3555
September	2631	1746	1929	1329	1261	2077	1931	1900	1490	558	2033	6390	2796	3009	1191	3423	3349	7642	1845	2513	726	1651	1040	1748	1496

 Table D-2:
 Average Historical Operation of Unit 5 Based on Flow Duration Records 1978 – 2003

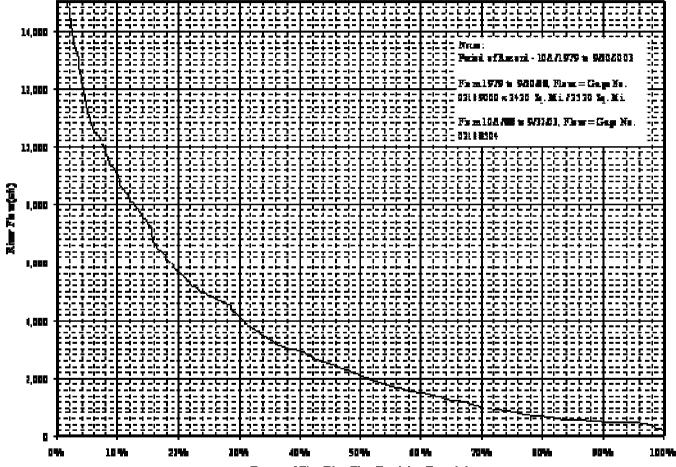
	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG	SEPT	OCT	NOV	DEC
Cubic Feet/Sec*	6000	6000	6000	6000	6000	6000	6000	6000	6000	6000	6000	6000
Cubic Feet / Hr	21600000	21600000	21600000	21600000	21600000	21600000	21600000	21600000	21600000	21600000	21600000	21600000
Days/Month	31	28.25	31	30	31	30	31	31	30	31	30	31
Hours/Month	744	678	744	720	744	720	744	744	720	744	720	744
Estimated % of time Unit 5 was Operated	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.01	0.005	0	0.01	0	0.01	0	0.005
Total flow through Unit 5 (cubic feet)	642,816,000	585,792,000	803,520,000	622,080,000	160,704,000	77,760,000	0	160,704,000	0	160,704,000	0	80,352,000

# Figure 1.0 Saluda Project FERC No. 516, South Carolina Bectric & Gas Co., January Flow Duration Curve



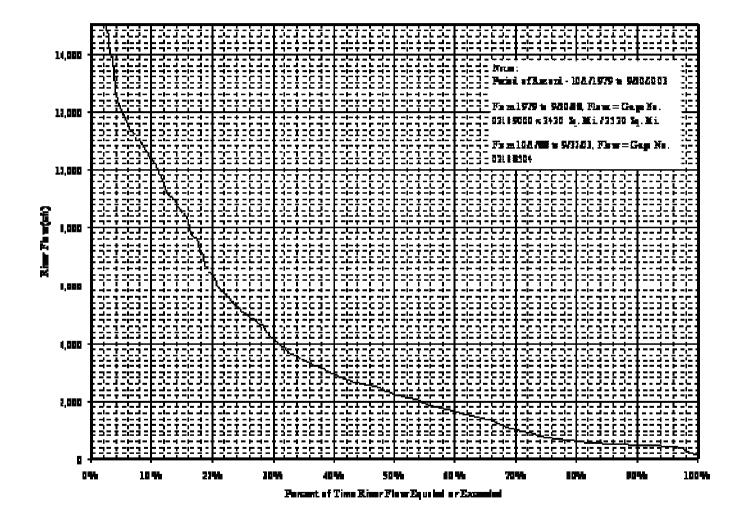
Percent of Time River Flow Equalsi or Exceeded

Figure 2.0 Saluda Project FERC No. 516, South Carolina Bectric & Gas Co., February FlowDuration Ourve



Persont of Time River Flour Equated or Exampled

Figure 3.0 Saluda Project FERC No. 516, South Carolina Bectric & Gas Co., Narch Flow Duration Curve





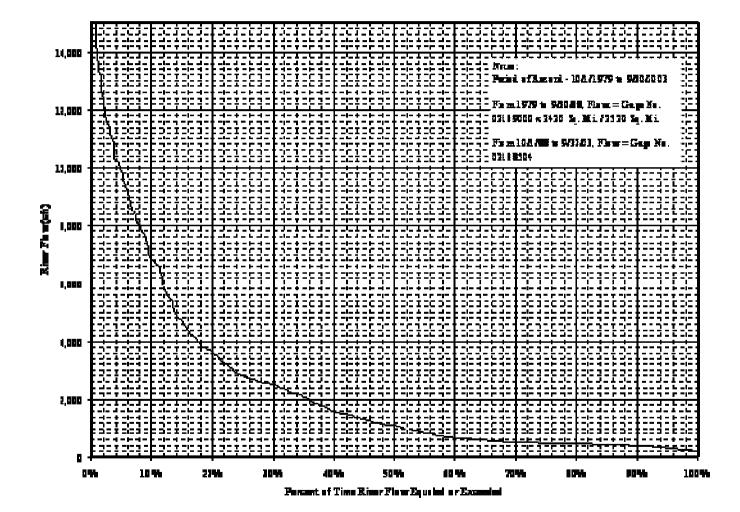


Figure 5.0 Saluda Project FERC No. 516, South Carolina Electric & Gas Co., Ivay FlowDuration Curve

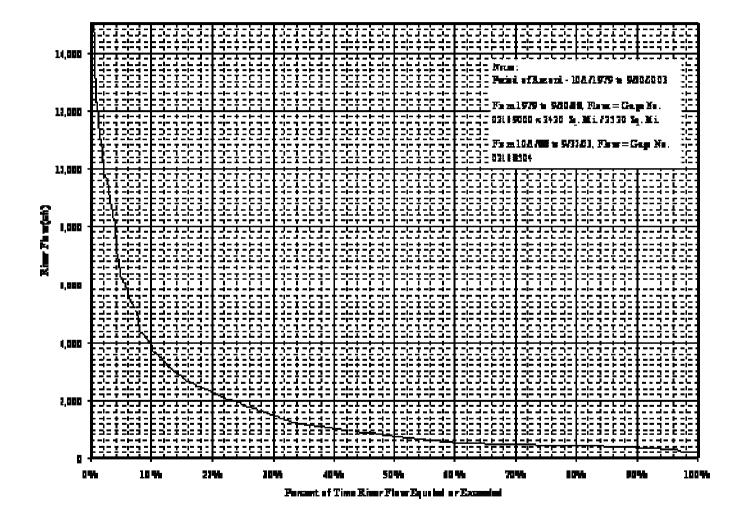
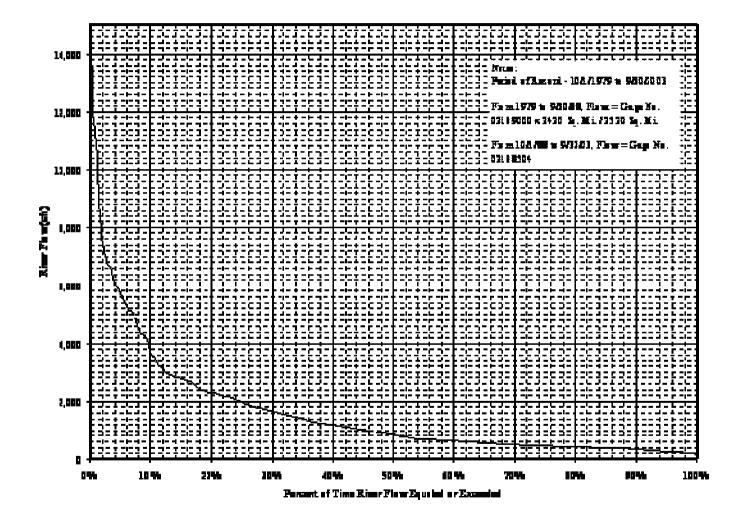
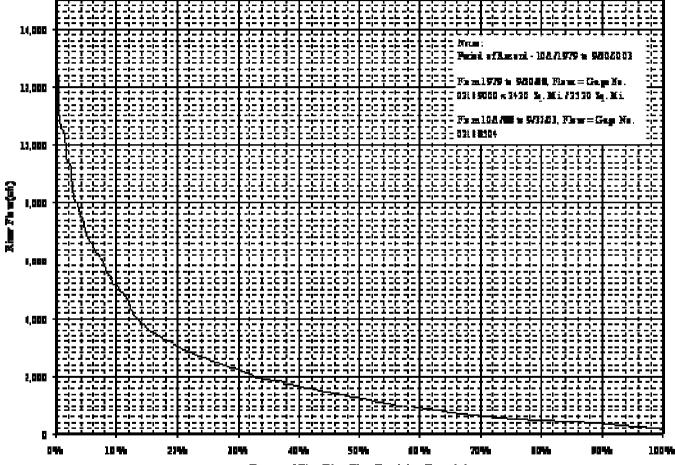


Figure 6.0 Saluda Project FERC No. 516, South Carolina Bectric& Gas Co., June RowDuration Ourve

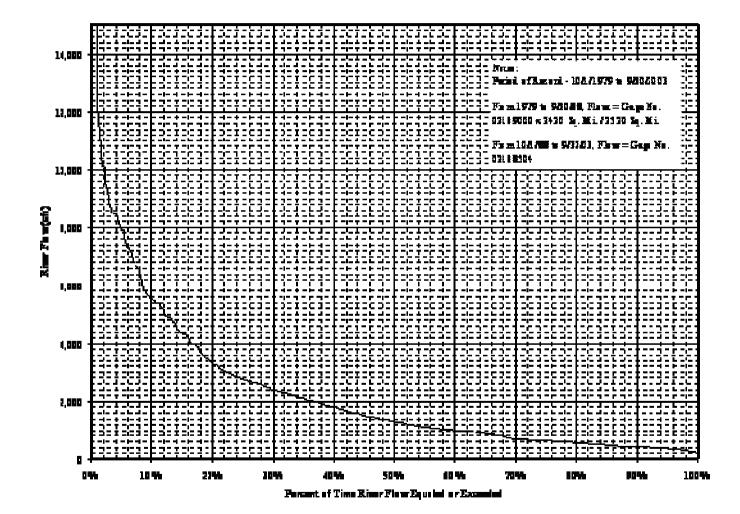






Persont of Time River Flour Equated or Exampled

Figure 8.0 Saluda Project FERC No. 516, South Carolina Electric & Gas Co., August Flow Duration Curve



- D-9 -

#### TURBINE PASSAGE SURVIVAL DATABASE SURVIVAL DATA

	TEST I	ID INFO					AL ESTIN					
	614 N			number re		Based on n				number rec		
Test ID No.	Site Name	Species Tested	Immediate Survival		48-Hour Survival	Immediate Survival		48-Hour Survival	Cont Immediate	rol Surviva 24 hour	d 48 hour	
SS-20	Sandstone Rapids	fathead minnow, creek chub, white sucker,	0.743	0.743	0.758	0.717	0.717	0.731	1.000	1.000	0.929	
SS-21	Sandstone Rapids	golden/shorthead redhorse fathead minnow, creek chub, white sucker, golden/shorthead redhorse	0.292	0.243	0.233	0.273	0.227	0.218	1.000	1.000	0.833	
SS-22	Sandstone Rapids	golden/shorthead redhorse fathead minnow, creek chub, white sucker,	0.659	0.659	0.659	0.794	0.794	0.794	1.000	1.000	1.000	
SS-23	Sandstone Rapids	golden/shorthead redhorse fathead minnow, creek chub, white sucker,	0.519	0.519	0.534	0.583	0.583	0.601	1.000	1.000	0.971	
SS-24	Sandstone Rapids	golden/shorthead redhorse fathead minnow, creek chub, white sucker, golden/shorthead redhorse	0.579	0.521	0.516	0.545	0.491	0.486	1.000	1.000	0.973	
SS-25	Sandstone Rapids	fathead minnow, creek chub, white sucker, golden/shorthead redhorse	0.405	0.381	0.357	0.424	0.399	0.374	0.955	0.955	0.955	
SS-26	Sandstone Rapids	fathead minnow, creek chub, white sucker, golden/shorthead redhorse	0.584	0.584	0.611	0.537	0.537	0.562	0.957	0.957	0.913	
STC-01	Schaghticok e	0	0.228		0.245	0.170		0.182	0.983		0.914	
STC-02	Schaghticok e	brook trout	0.000		0.000	0.000		0.000	0.905		0.703	
STC-03	Schaghticok e	largemouth bass	0.418		0.415	0.314		0.311	0.917		0.883	
STC-04	Schaghticok e	brook trout	0.506		0.486	0.433		0.416	0.966		0.862	
STC-05	Schaghticok e	-	0.531		0.483	0.617		0.561	0.985		0.923	
STC-06	Schaghticok e Schaghticok		0.503		0.405 0.492	0.516		0.415	0.928		0.594 0.897	
STC-07 STC-08	Schaghticok e Schaghticok		0.471 0.382		0.492	0.615 0.414		0.643 0.318	0.984		0.897	
STC-08	e Schaghticok	-	0.268		0.250	0.254		0.238	0.982		0.912	
STC-10	e Schaghticok	-	0.508		0.540	0.501		0.532	0.913		0.725	
STC-11	e Schaghticok	brook trout	0.061		0.063	0.045		0.047	0.846		0.821	
STC-12	e Schaghticok	white sucker	0.328		0.309	0.349		0.330	0.906		0.859	
STC-13	e Schaghticok e	white sucker	0.115		0.118	0.137		0.140	0.936		0.915	
STC-14	c Schaghticok e	largemouth bass	0.154		0.108	0.189		0.133	0.743		0.529	
STC-15	Schaghticok e	largemouth bass	0.000		0.000	0.000		0.000	0.824		0.608	
STC-16	Schaghticok e	brook trout	0.209		0.197	0.224		0.211	0.882		0.868	
STC-17	Schaghticok e		0.319		0.175	0.295		0.161	0.945		0.863	
STC-18	Schaghticok e		0.265		0.223	0.296		0.249	0.756		0.686	
STC-19	Schaghticok e	-	0.692		0.900	0.666		0.865	0.520		0.400	
STC-20	Schaghticok e	walleye	0.436		0.444	0.382		0.389	0.786		0.257	

#### TURBINE PASSAGE SURVIVAL DATABASE SURVIVAL DATA

TEST ID INFO						SURVIV	AL ESTIN	IATES			
			Based on	number re	eleased	Based on n			Based on 1	number rec	overed
Test ID No.	Site Name	Species Tested	Immediate Survival		48-Hour Survival	Immediate Survival		48-Hour Survival	Cont Immediate	rol Surviva 24 hour	al 48 hour
STC-21	Schaghticok	brook trout	0.806	Surviva	0.770	0.737	Surviva	0.704	0.969	24 II0ui	0.953
	e										
STC-22	Schaghticok e	brook trout	0.500		0.397	0.427		0.338	0.969		0.906
STC-23	Schaghticok e	bluegill	0.420		0.233	0.491		0.272	0.908		0.566
STC-24	Schaghticok e	yellow perch	0.758		0.751	0.791		0.784	0.900		0.800
STC-25	Schaghticok e	yellow perch	0.585		0.549	0.764		0.717	0.828		0.797
SC-01	Stevens Creek	blueback herring	1.019	1.010	0.993	0.967	0.959	0.943	1.000	1.000	1.000
SC-02	Stevens Creek	sunfish spp	0.974	1.053	1.057	0.974	1.053	1.057	0.981	0.907	0.778
SC-03	Stevens Creek	sunfish spp	0.938	0.909	0.976	0.938	0.909	0.976	1.000	0.964	0.804
SC-04	Stevens Creek	yellow perch/spotted sucker	0.983	0.966	0.972	0.983	0.966	0.972	0.983	0.975	0.883
TS-01	Townsend	largemouth bass	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.980	0.980	0.980
TS-02	Townsend	largemouth bass	0.860	0.860	0.860	0.860	0.860	0.860	1.000	1.000	1.000
TS-03	Townsend	rainbow trout	0.944			0.944			1.000		
TS-04	Townsend	rainbow trout	0.919	0.919	0.919	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
TBU1-01	Twin Branch	bluegill	1.231		1.202	0.973		0.950	1.000		0.971
TBU5-01	Twin Branch	chinook/channel catfish	0.986		0.963	1.000		0.976	1.000		1.000
TBU5-02	Twin Branch	chinook/channel catfish	0.970		0.815	0.986		0.829	1.000		0.903
TBU5-03	Twin Branch	steelhead/channel catfish	0.703		0.656	0.862		0.804	1.000		0.950
VNU10-01	Vernon	Atlantic salmon	0.959		0.949	1.000		0.989	1.000		1.000
VNU10-02	Vernon	Atlantic salmon	1.013		1.013	1.000		1.000	1.000		1.000
VNU4-01	Vernon	Atlantic salmon	0.851		0.851	0.840		0.840	1.000		1.000
WNP-01	Wanapum	coho salmon	0.897		0.897	0.897		0.897	0.988		0.981
WNP-02	Wanapum	coho salmon	0.949		0.955	0.949		0.955	0.988		0.981
WNP-03	Wanapum	coho salmon	0.935		0.942	0.924		0.930	0.994		0.987
WNP-04	Wanapum	coho salmon	0.981		0.987	0.968		0.975	0.994		0.987
WNP-05	Wanapum	coho salmon	0.942		0.942	0.948		0.948	0.987		0.987
WNP-06	Wanapum	coho salmon	1.006		1.006	1.000		1.000	0.987		0.987
WNP-07	Wanapum	coho salmon	0.868		0.873	0.885		0.890	1.000		0.994
WNP-08	Wanapum	coho salmon	0.962		0.962	0.968		0.968	1.000		0.994
WR-01	White Rapids	bluegill	0.944		1.022	0.945		1.024	1.000		0.852
WR-02	White Rapids	bluegill	0.957		0.967	1.000		1.011	1.000		0.676
WR-03	White Rapids	white sucker	1.018		1.000	1.009		0.992	0.941		0.882
WR-04	White Rapids	white sucker	0.991		1.023	0.930		0.960	1.000		0.932
WD-01	Wilder	Atlantic salmon	0.960	0.943	0.943	0.960	0.943	0.943	1.000	0.984	0.984

From: Sent: To:

Cc:

Subject:

Shane Boring Friday, February 09, 2007 3:23 PM Shane Boring; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bob Perry ; Brandon Stutts ; Buddy Baker ; Dick Christie; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle 'ARGENTIERI, WILLIAM R'; Alan Stuart FW: Lk. Murray Waterfowl Survey Data



2006-2007 Lake 2006-2007 Lake Murray Waterfow...

Dear Terrestrial Resources TWC Members:

The attached datasheets summarize observations of the Lake Murray waterfowl surveys through the January 19th survey. It is interesting to note that results are similar to those from SCDNR's boat surveys, with scaup being the most abundant species observed. Thanks for your continued interest in the Lake Murray waterfowl surveys.

Have a good weekend, Shane

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

			1/03			
		The Un	iversity of Ge	orgia		
		Savar	nnah River Ecology Labora	tory		
	2006 07 Lako Mu	urray South Car	olina Waterfewl (	Aerial Survey Flig	at Conditions	
		inay, South Card				
	12/14/2006	12/27/2006	1/9/2007	1/19/2007		
	W.L. Stephens	W.L. Stephens	W.L. Stephens	W.L. Stephens		
	14:45	13:00	12:00	12:30		
	16:15	14:45	13:30	14:30		
onditions	PC/Hazy/Calm	Clear/Calm	Clear/Windy	Clear/Windy		

Start Time	14:45	13:00	12:00	12:30		
Stop Time	16:15	14:45	13:30	14:30		
Noted General Conditions	PC/Hazy/Calm	Clear/Calm	Clear/Windy	Clear/Windy		
Irmo Temp Range (C)*	17-19°C	11°C	13-14°C	13-14°C		
Irmo Wind (mph)*	Calm-SW@2	Calm-W@5	Calm-SW@17;Gust@22	Calm-SW@14;Gust@23		
Irmo Rainfall (mm)*	None	None	None	None		
Irmo Sky Conditions*	OVC	FEW	CLR	BKN		
*Dutch Oaks, Irmo, SC Lat:	N 34 °8 ' 49 '' ( 34. 147 °)	; Lon: W 81 °12 ' 54 " (	-81.215 °); Elev ation: 36	6 ft; Station Hardware: O	regon Scientific WMR96	8

Abbreviations: PC=Partly Cloudy, OVC=Overcast, FEW=Few Clouds, SCT=Scattered Clouds, CLR=Clear Skies, BKN=Broken Skies

Survey Date: Observer



Savannah River Ecology Laboratory

Survey Date:	12/14/2006	12/27/2006	1/9/2007	1/19/2007			All Surveys
Mallard	211	46	16	23			296
American Black Duck							0
Nottled Duck							0
Gadwall							0
merican Wigeon							0
-W Teal							0
-W Teal							0
Cinnamon Teal							0
lorthern Shoveler							0
Iorthern Pintail							0
Vood Duck							0
Vhistling Ducks							0
otal Dabblers:	211	46	16	23	0	0	296
Redhead							0
Canvasback							0
caup spp.		920	100	600			1620
Ring-necked Duck		106					106
Common Goldeneye							0
ufflehead		14	8	11			33
Ruddy Duck							0
otal Divers:	0	1040	108	611	0	0	1759
ider spp.							0
Scoter spp.							0
ong-tailed Duck							0
larlequin Duck							0
otal Seaducks:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
lerganser spp.							0
Jnidentified Ducks							0
otal Ducks:	211	1086	124	634	0	0	2055
Brant							0
now Goose							0
lue Goose							0
Ross's Goose							0
Vhite-Fronted Goose							0
Canada Goose		66	144	140			350
otal Geese:	0	66	144	142	0	0	350
undra Swan							0
rumpeter Swan							0
Aute Swan							0
otal Swans:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
merican Coot	50		~		~		50
Grand Total:	261	1152	268	776	0	0	2455

From: Sent: To: Shane Boring Friday, February 09, 2007 1:18 PM Steve Summer; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Jennifer Price ; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Shane Boring Saluda Hydro Relicense: 2006 Lower Saluda Macroinvert report

Subject:



2006 Lower Saluda Macroinvert ...

ear Freshwater Mussel/Aquatic Macroinvertebrate TWC Members:

Attached for your review is the draft 2006 Lower Saluda River Macroinvertebrate Assessment, prepared by Dan Carnagey of Carnagey Biological (formerly with Shealy). Please review the draft document and provide comments to me (preferably in MS Word track changes) by March 2, 2007. Thanks to all who contributed to development of the study plan and thanks in advance for you comments.

Have a good weekend, Shane

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

2006 Lower Saluda Macroinvert report (agency review draft.doc;020907).doc

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Prescott Brownell [Prescott.Brownell@noaa.gov]
From:
                        Thursday, February 08, 2007 4:51 PM
Sent:
                        Shane Boring
To:
                        balesw@dnr.sc.gov; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Bud Badr; Dick
Cc:
                        Christie; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Hal Beard; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover;
                        Malcolm Leaphart; mguattlebaum@scana.com; RMAHAN@scana.com; Ron Ahle; Scott
                        Harder; Steve Summer; Theresa Thom; Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart
Subject:
                        Re: Instream Flow Study of Lower Saluda River DRAFT 2007-02-01.doc
 ATT375015.doc prescott.brownell.v
   (459 KB)
                 cf (401 B)
                            Hello Shane and Team,
Attached is a draft Study Plan with some minor additions and
clarifications shown in red text. An excellent Plan. Do you have
recommended HSI curves ready for review yet?
ΡB
Shane Boring wrote:
>
  All:
>
> Attached for your review is the updated draft of the Lower Saluda
> River IFIM Study Plan. If possible, please have your comments back to
> me by February 15, 2007. Thanks to all who provided comments on the
> previous draft.
>
> Shane
>
> C. Shane Boring
> Environmental Scientist
> Kleinschmidt Associates
> 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A
> West Columbia, SC 29170
> Phone: (803)822-3177
> Fax: (803)822-3183
>
>
>
>
   Instream Flow Study of Lower Saluda River DRAFT 2007-02-01.doc
>
> <<Instream Flow Study of Lower Saluda River DRAFT 2007-02-01.doc>>
```

From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Friday, February 02, 2007 7:06 AM
То:	Wade Bales (balesw@dnr.sc.gov); Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bud Badr; Dick
	Christie; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Hal Beard; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover;
	Malcolm Leaphart; Milton Quattlebaum (mquattlebaum@scana.com); Prescott Brownell;
	Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer; Theresa Thom;
	Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart
Subject:	Instream Flow Study of Lower Saluda River DRAFT 2007-02-01.doc



Instream Flow Study of Lower S... All:

Attached for your review is the updated draft of the Lower Saluda River IFIM Study Plan. If possible, please have your comments back to me by February 15, 2007. Thanks to all who provided comments on the previous draft.

Shane

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

Instream Flow Study of Lower Saluda River DRAFT 2007-02-01.doc

From: Sent: To: Subject: Prescott Brownell [Prescott.Brownell@noaa.gov] Friday, February 02, 2007 3:39 PM Shane Boring Re: Saluda Instream Flow Team address list

DRAFT spawning prescott.brownell.v ms. PDF.pdf (40... cf (401 B)

Hello Shane, Attached is a draft paper from Boyd Kynard and Kieffer. Look at Page 12 for their methods for using the egg nets. Id go with their approach. Boyd has used this approach extensively. Call if you'd like to discuss in more detail.

By the way....the TWC addresses did not come through our server for some reason. Could you try again to send the TWC email address/name list?

Thank you for your effort on this PB

Shane Boring wrote:
> Pres:

>

> Attached is an electronic business card with names and addresses of > all of the Instream Flow TWC members. On a different note, I left a > message at your office earlier today. I have a question regarding our > upcoming sturgeon sampling -- Specifically, we state in the study plan > that "eggs nets will be fished concurrently with gillnets to sample > for shortnose sturgeon eggs/larvae". We do not state, however, > exactly how long the egg nets should be fished. Kleinschmidt projects > in CT have fished a 1 m diameter D-ring net for 1 hour during each > sampling day. We have acquired 0.5 m diameter nets (flattened to > D-ring shape) for our project (we were concerned that the larger nets > would stick out of water in the shallow portions of the Congaree). > My question is this -- is there a specific length of time or volume of > water that you guys would like to have sampled? Thanks so much.

From:	Shane Boring
Sent:	Friday, January 19, 2007 5:36 PM
То:	Shane Boring; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bob Perry ; Brandon Stutts ; Buddy Baker ; Dick Christie; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Bob Seibels (bseibels@yahoo.com); Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); J. Hamilton Hagood; Tom Murphy (murphyt@dnr.sc.gov); Boozer Tommy (tboozer@scana.com); Dick Christie (dchristie@infoave.com); Ed_Eudaly@fws.gov; Hal Beard (BeardH@scdnr.state.sc.us); HOFFMAN, VAN B; Laura Blake (E-mail); Steve Summer (ssummer@scana.com); Alison
_	Guth; Alan Stuart
Cc:	Cheryl Balitz
Subject:	2006 Wood Stork Report Summary Report (DRAFT;011907;CSB).doc



2006 Wood Stork Report Summary... All:

Attached for your review is the draft 2006 Lake Murray wood stork survey report. If possible, please provide comments on the report by February 7th. Thanks for your interest in the Lake Murray Wood Stork Study.

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Dr., Suite-21A West Columbia, SC 29170 Phone: (803)822-3177 Fax: (803)822-3183

Cheryl: While these folks are reviewing, could you please update the formatting on the attached, the TOC in particular.

2006 Wood Stork Report Summary Report (DRAFT;011907;CSB).doc

# SOUTH CAROLINA ELECTRIC & GAS COMPANY

COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

# LAKE MURRAY WOOD STORK SURVEYS 2006 SUMMARY REPORT

JANUARY 2007

Prepared by:

Kleinschmidt Associates Energy & Water Resource Consultants 101 Trade Zone Drive Suite 21 West Columbia, SC 29170

# SOUTH CAROLINA ELECTRIC & GAS COMPANY COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

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# SOUTH CAROLINA ELECTRIC & GAS COMPANY COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

# LAKE MURRAY WOOD STORK SURVEYS 2006 SUMMARY REPORT

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### LIST OF APPENDICES AND ATTACHMENTS

Appendix A: Saluda Hydroelectric Project – Wood Stork Study Plan
 Attachment A: Trip Report From August 27, 2004, Wood Stork Aerial Survey
 Attachment B: Meeting Minutes From September 17, 2004, Conference Call With SCDNR and USFWS

12/14/05 – CLB 455-030-92-02 Z:\SCO\455\030\2005 Wood Stork Report Summary Report (Final;01032005).doc

# SOUTH CAROLINA ELECTRIC & GAS COMPANY COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

# LAKE MURRAY WOOD STORK SURVEYS 2005 SUMMARY REPORT

## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The wood stork was federally-listed as endangered on February 28, 1984 (USFWS 1997). The only stork native to North America, wood storks occurred historically throughout the coastal plain of the southeastern U.S. and Texas. The current U.S. breeding population has declined from an estimated 20,000 pairs in the 1930's to between 5,500 and 9,500 in recent years, with declines attributed primarily to loss of suitable foraging and nesting habitat. Currently, nesting of the species in the U.S. is thought to be limited to the coastal plain of South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida (USFWS 1997). No critical habitat has been designated for this species.

Wood storks are highly colonial and typically nest in large rookeries and feed in flocks (USFWS 1997). Typical foraging habitats include narrow tidal creeks, flooded tidal pools, and freshwater marshes and wetlands. Like most other wading birds, storks feed primarily on small fish. Because wood storks feed by tactilocation, depressions where fish become concentrated during periods of falling water levels are particularly attractive for foraging (USFWS 1997). Storks typically use tall cypresses or other trees near water for colonial nest sites. Nests are usually located in the upper branches of large trees and several nests are typically located in each tree. Trees utilized for nesting and roosting typically provide easy access from the air and an abundance of lateral limbs (USFWS 1997).

Although they are primarily birds of freshwater and brackish wetlands along the coastal plain, wood storks were reported from several locations in the Lake Murray area in recent years. Specifically, a local resident reported observing wood storks feeding at several locations in the Bush River and Big Creek embayments of upper Lake Murray during the period from approximately 2001 through 2004(Appendix A, Attachment A, Figure 1). In addition, approximately 60 storks were observed feeding at various locations in the middle Saluda River and the upper portion of Lake Murray during an aerial survey for bald eagles performed by the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources (SCDNR) in early August 2004 (Appendix A,

Attachment A, Figure 2). In response to these sightings, SCE&G, in coordination with the USFWS and SCDNR, conducted an aerial reconnaissance survey in the upper portions of Lake Murray on August 27, 2004. During this survey, biologists from SCDNR and Kleinschmidt documented approximately 60 wood storks foraging within the Saluda Project Boundary, as well as two potential nesting sites along the floodplain of the middle Saluda River (See detailed study observations in Attachment A of Appendix A).

Under the current FERC operating license, SCE&G is required to submit 5 year updates to the Lake Murray Shoreline Management Plan (FERC Order ¶ 61,332, June 1, 1984). In an order approving and amending SCE&G's most recent update, which was submitted on February 1, 2000, the FERC requested that SCE&G designate the two identified wood stork "roosting and foraging habitats" near Bush River as "conservation areas" (FERC Order No. 20040623-3015)." Further, the order required that these areas, as well as all other wood stork roosting and foraging habitat identified within the project boundary, remain protected and undeveloped until new evidence is submitted to indicate that protection of these areas is not warranted. In response to the wood stork sightings on Lake Murray and the subsequent FERC order, SCE&G initiated consultation efforts with the SCDNR and USFWS and developed a study plan aimed at documenting where and under what conditions wood storks are utilizing habitats within the Saluda Hydro Project Boundary and in the project vicinity. A number of specific study objectives were also identified in consultation with the resource agencies and are outlined in the attached Lake Murray Wood Stork Study Plan (Appendix A).

# 2.0 METHODS

Suitable habitat in the Saluda Project vicinity was surveyed monthly using fixed-wing aircraft (typically a Cessna 172) from February through November 2006 for the presence of wood storks (Table 1). The February through April surveys were conducted by SCDNR personnel (Tom Murphy) in conjunction with Avian Vacuolar Myelinopathy (AVM) / bald eagle surveys, while the remainder were conducted by biologists from Kleinschmidt Associates. During a typical survey, the Saluda River arm of Lake Murray and the river upstream to approximately Silverstreet were investigated at low altitude (approximately 1000 ft), focusing particularly on the sites where storks have previously been observed and the potential nesting areas at Silverstreet and Tosity Creek (Appendix A, Attachment A, Figures 1 - 5). During flights to and from the sites in the upper lake, the main body of the lake was flown at moderate altitude (1500 – 2000 ft) and scanned for presence of wading birds. Birds suspected of being wood storks (i.e., white birds) were circled at lower altitude and airspeed, and examined with binoculars until a positive identification was made.

DATE	PERSONNEL	OBSERVATIONS
2/18/05	Tom Murphy, SCDNR	No wood storks. Approximately 1/3 of the approximately 22 nests identified during 2004 utilized by nesting blue herons.
3/29/05	Tom Murphy, SCDNR	No wood storks. Remainder of nest identified during 2004 occupied by incubating great blue herons.
5/4/05	Tom Murphy, SCDNR	No wood storks. 13 and 15 great blue heron nests respectively at the Silverstreet and Tosity Creek nesting sites.
6/7/05	Shane Boring, Kleinschmidt	No wood storks. Tosity Creek and Silverstreet nests occupied by pre-flight juvenile great blue herons.
6/30/05	Shane Boring, Kleinschmidt	No wood storks. All juvenile great blue herons at Tosity Creek and Silverstreet sites fledged and nests vacant.
7/27/05	Shane Boring, Kleinschmidt	No wood storks. Scattered great blue herons and great egrets.
8/26/05	Shane Boring, Kleinschmidt	No wood storks. Scattered great blue herons and great egrets.
9/30/05	Shane Boring, Kleinschmidt	No wood storks. Scattered great blue herons and great egrets.
10/28/05	Shane Boring, Kleinschmidt	No wood storks. Waders very active; numerous solitary great blue herons and flocked great egrets.
11/23/05	Shane Boring, Kleinschmidt	No wood storks. Wading birds very abundant; numerous flocks of foraging great egrets.

Table 1:         Summary of 2005 Lake Murray Wood Stork Survey	Table 1:	Summary o	f 2005 Lake	Murray	Wood Stor	k Surveys
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\* Not provided by SCDNR; duration time assumed based on previous and subsequent surveys.

DATE	PERSONNEL	OBSERVATIONS
2/22/06	Tom Murphy - SCDNR	No wood storks. Nests identified during 2004 utilized by nesting blue herons.
3/20/06	Tom Murphy - SCDNR	No wood storks. Nests identified during 2004 occupied by incubating great blue herons.
4/28/06	Tom Murphy - SCDNR	No wood storks. Significant foraging habitat present along Saluda River above Lake Murray. Approx. 40 great blue heron nests at the Silverstreet and Tosity Creek nesting sites.
5/31/06	Shane Boring - Kleinschmidt	Wading birds observed in drying pools off Saluda main channel above Lake Murray; however, no wood storks.
6/30/06	Shane Boring - Kleinschmidt	Scattered foraging great blue herons and great egrets, but no wood storks.
8/04/06	Jennifer Summerlin - Kleinschmidt	No wood storks. Scattered great egrets.
8/26/06	Shane Boring - Kleinschmidt	Moderate wading bird activity. A single wood stork, likely a juvenile, observed soaring over Saluda River upstream of Lake Murray.
9/15/06	Shane Boring - Kleinschmidt	12-14 wood storks foraging in wetlands off of the Saluda mainstem upstream of Lake Murray: 6 foraging in a farm pond off of the Saluda mainstem just downstream of the Highway 121 bridge and 4-6 (4 confirmed, 2 suspected) soaring and feeding in wetlands adjacent to the wood chipping plant near Silverstreet.
10/26/06	Tom Murphy - SCDNR	No wood storks; many wetlands along Saluda above Lake Murray dry.
11/27/06	Tom Murphy - SCDNR	Habitat along Saluda, which were dry during 10/06 survey, refilled by rains, but no wood storks.

# Table 2: Summary of 2006 Lake Murray Wood Stork Surveys

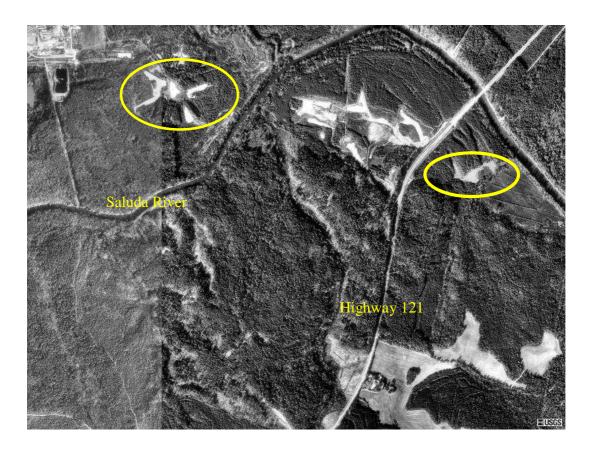
\* Not provided by SCDNR; duration time assumed based on previous and subsequent surveys.

# 3.0 RESULTS

No wood storks were observed during more than 13 hours of aerial surveys performed over the 10 month period from February through November 2005 (Table 1). During the 2006 survey season, wood storks were observed during August and September. A single juvenile wood stork was observed soaring above the Saluda River upstream of Lake Murray during the August survey, and an additional 12 - 14 were observed in the same general area during the September 15, 2006 survey - 6 foraging in a farm pond off of the Saluda mainstem just downstream of the Highway 121 bridge and 4 to 6 (4 confirmed, 2 suspected) soaring and feeding in wetlands adjacent to the wood chipping plant near Silverstreet (Figure 1).

No wood stork nesting was observed at the Tosity Creek or Silverstreet sites, which were identified as being potential wood stork nesting areas during the 2004 reconnaissance survey and associated agency consultation (see Meeting Notes, Appendix B). Surveys revealed these to be great blue heron nests, with both nesting adults and pre-flight juveniles observed during both 2005 and 2006 (Tables 1 & 2).

Figure 1. Aerial Photograph of Locations of Wood Stork Sightings During September 2006 Survey (Circles denote locations where wood storks were observed)



### 4.0 DISCUSSION

The lack of nesting in the study area is consistent with the known life-history of wood storks as a coastal nesting species (USFWS 1996). In South Carolina, all nesting colony sites currently known are located in the coastal plane, and primarily in the coastal counties (Murphy 2005).

Aerial survey observations suggested that wood storks likely did not utilize Lake Murray and the middle Saluda River upstream of the impoundment for nesting, foraging, roosting, or other activities during the 2005 survey period. In 2006, approximately 12 – 14 wood storks were observed in areas of the Saluda Basin upstream of Lake Murray on September 15, 2006. Timing of wood stork observations during 2006 (August and September), suggested that these were likely post-dispersal migrants from coastal nesting sites. During the late-summer/early-fall period, when chic have fledged and adults are no longer tied to the nest site by chic rearing, adult and juvenile wood stork dispersing from nesting colonies often undertake extensive migrations to exploit ephemeral food resources prior to returning to coastal areas for the winter months. In South Carolina and Georgia, young-of-year storks typically fledge during July and August, but return to the nest for an additional 3 to 4 weeks to be fed before finally dispersing from the colony site in August and September (USFWS 1996). Storks dispersing post-breeding from southern US colonies (Florida, Georgia, and South Carolina) have been documented as far north as North Carolina and as far west as Mississippi and Alabama (USFWS Recovery Plan, 1997).

Limited wood stork occurrences observed during 2005 and 2006 suggest that the relatively large number of storks observed during 2004 may have been attributed to favorable feeding conditions created by the drawdown of the reservoir during construction of the Saluda Backup Dam. Good feeding conditions for wood storks have been characterized as relatively calm water, with water depths between 2 - 10 inches, and where the water column is not cluttered by dense aquatic vegetation (Coulter and Bryan 1993). Reduced overall pool elevation associated with the drawdown likely increased the potential for fish entrapment in shallow embayments during periods of falling water levels, which has been cited as an important factor in wood stork foraging sites (Kahl 1964, Kushlan et al. 1975). This was likely the case during the reconnaissance survey on August 27, 2004, when USFWS and Kleinschmidt biologists observed approximately 60 wood storks foraging in a shallow embayment near the mouth of Beaverdam

Creek in the Saluda River Arm of Lake Murray during falling water (Appendix A, Attachment A, Figure 3).

# 5.0 MANAGEMENT IMPLICATIONS

Wood storks in South Carolina readily change foraging sites in response to prevailing hydrology (Murphy 2005), as was demonstrated by the large number of storks utilizing upper portions of Saluda Project vicinity during the Lake Murray drawdown. Because they have potential to occur anywhere within the Project in response to hydrologic conditions, continued designation of the Bush River and Big Creek areas as wood stork research or conservation areas is not warranted and should be discontinued. Further, usage of the Saluda Project area appears limited to post-dispersal foraging migrations, which are typical of the species during the postbreeding season. As such, continued surveys of the area may not be warranted.

# 6.0 LITERATURE CITED

- Coulter, M.C. and A.L. Bryan, Jr. 1993. Foraging ecology of Wood Storks (*Mycteria Americana*) in east-central Georgia. I. Characteristics of Foraging Sites. Colonial Waterbirds 16:59-59-70.
- Kahl, M.P., Jr. 1964. Food ecology of the wood stork (*Mycteria Americana*) in Florida. Ecological Monographs 34:97-117.
- Kushlan, J.A. 1979. Prey choice by tactile foraging wading birds. Proceedings of the Colonial Waterbird Group 3:133-142.
- Murphy, T.M. 2005. Memo: South Carolina Wood Stork Survey Results (1981-2005). South Carolina Department of Natural Resources, August 29, 2005. 7 pp.
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS). 1996. Revised Recovery Plan for the U.S. Breeding Population of the Wood Stork. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Atlanta, Georgia. 41 pp.

# APPENDIX A

# SALUDA HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT

# WOOD STORK STUDY PLAN

#### SALUDA HYDRO PROJECT (FERC NO. 516) STUDY PLAN

**Study Plan Name:** Wood Stork Monitoring Plan **Applicable Hydro Projects:** Saluda Hydro FERC No. 516

#### I. <u>Introduction</u>

Contained in the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission's (Commission or FERC) Order issuing a New Operating License for Saluda Hydro (FERC Order ¶ 61,332, June 1, 1984), are conditions that require South Carolina Electric &Gas Company (SCE&G) to submit 5 year updates to the Project shoreline management plan. SCE&G submitted the most recent five-year update to the Commission on February 1, 2000. The Commission issued an order approving and modifying the updated shoreline management plan on June 1, 2004 (FERC Order No. 20040623-3015). Item H of the order requires that SCE&G, in consultation with the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources (SCDNR) and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), designate two identified wood stork "roosting and foraging habitats" near Bush River as "conservation areas." Further, the order requires that these areas, as well as all other wood stork roosting and foraging habitat identified within the project boundary, remain protected and undeveloped until new evidence is submitted to indicate that protection of these areas is not warranted.

In response, SCE&G initiated consultation efforts with the SCDNR and USFWS. Following an initial reconnaissance survey to confirm wood stork activity within the project area (See Survey Trip Report; Attachment A), a meeting was held on September 17, 2004, among SCE&G and the resource agencies to begin development of a framework for a long-term study plan (See meeting notes; Attachment B).

#### II. <u>Summary of Existing Data</u>

The wood stork was federally-listed as endangered on February 28, 1984 (USFWS 1996). The only stork native to North America, wood storks occurred historically throughout the coastal plain of the southeastern U.S. and Texas. The current U.S. breeding population has declined from an estimated 20,000 pairs in the 1930's to between 5,500 and 9,500 in recent years, with declines attributed primarily to loss of suitable foraging and nesting habitat. Currently, nesting of the species in the U.S. is thought to be limited to the coastal plain of South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida (USFWS 1996). No critical habitat has been designated for this species.

Wood storks are highly colonial and typically nest in large rookeries and feed in flocks (USFWS 1996). Typical foraging habitats include narrow tidal creeks, flooded tidal pools, and freshwater marshes and wetlands. Like most other wading birds, storks feed primarily on small fish. However, because wood storks feed by tactilocation, depressions where fish become concentrated during periods of falling water levels are particularly attractive sites (USFWS 1996). Storks typically use tall cypresses or other trees near water for colonial nest sites. Nests are usually located in the upper branches of large trees and several nests are typically located in each tree. Trees utilized for nesting and roosting typically provide easy access from the air and an abundance of lateral limbs (USFWS 1996).

As previously noted, wood storks are primarily birds of freshwater and brackish wetlands along the coastal plain. However, wood stork activity has been reported by local residents at several locations within the Lake Murray area in recent years (See Attachment A, Figure 1). In addition, on August 11, 2004, Tom Murphy of the SCDNR observed approximately 60 storks feeding at various locations in the middle Saluda River area and the upper portion of Lake Murray while conducting an aerial survey for bald eagles (See Attachment A, Figure 2). In response to these sightings, SCE&G, in coordination with the USFWS and SCDNR, conducted an aerial reconnaissance in the upper portions of Lake Murray on August 27, 2004 (See Survey Trip Report; Attachment A). During this reconnaissance survey, biologists from SCDNR and Kleinschmidt documented approximately 60 wood storks foraging within the Saluda Project Boundary, as well as two potential nesting sites along the floodplain of the middle Saluda River (See detailed study observations in Attachment A).

#### III. <u>Study Objectives</u>

The overall study objective is to document where and under what conditions wood storks are utilizing habitats within the Saluda Hydro Project Boundary and in the project vicinity. In consultation with the SCDNR and the USFWS, a number of specific objectives have been identified (See September 17, 2004, meeting notes; Attachment B), including the following:

- Examination of the potential influence of the Lake Murray drawdown on the presence of storks in the area (i.e. whether and/or to what degree storks will continue to utilize the project once the reservoir is returned to its usual operating range).
- Documentation of nesting (i.e., whether the nests observed during 2004 were in fact stork nests, and if so, if successful reproduction is taking place).
- Documentation of foraging habitat and roosting areas, in particular, documentation of important night roosts (if they exist).
- Examination of foraging conditions over multiple years and a range of water levels.
- Documentation of seasonal usage by various age classes (i.e., young-of-year, immature, adult).

The following tasks must be undertaken and completed in order to meet the above objectives:

- a) Review and compilation of all credible anecdotal accounts of wood stork occurrences within the Saluda Hydro Project Boundary and in the project vicinity.
- b) Completion of surveys to document current wood stork usage of areas within the Saluda Hydro Project Boundary and in the project vicinity.

#### IV. Geographic and Temporal Scope

The Saluda Hydro Project Boundary will be the focal point of the wood stork study. The study area will include the main body of Lake Murray and the Middle Saluda River, from the Saluda Dam upstream to the vicinity of Silverstreet and including all tributaries within the project boundary.

Surveys for wood storks will commence in mid-February 2005 and continue through the fall of 2009 (5 years of study). On an annual basis, surveys will begin in mid-February, when storks would be expected to arrive in South Carolina, and continue on a monthly basis through November or until it is determined, in consultation the resource agencies, that storks have left the area.

In consultation with the USFWS and SCDNR, SCE&G proposes to designate the two wood stork foraging and roosting habitats cited in the FERC's order, as well as all other areas within the project boundary where wood stork activity has been documented (See Figures 1 and 2; Appendix B), as temporary Environmental Research Areas. These Environmental Research Areas will remain protected and undeveloped throughout the execution of this study plan. Upon completion of the study, a determination will be made in consultation with the resource agencies, as to whether or not the areas should be granted permanent protected status. If further protection of these areas is deemed necessary, any parameters, conditions, and/or requirements of that protective status will also be determined at this time.

#### V. <u>Methodology</u>

a) To the degree practicable, SCE&G and/or their consultant will coordinate with local residents to compile all credible occurrences of wood stork activity within the Saluda Hydro Project Boundary and in the project vicinity. Anecdotal occurrence will be considered credible only if they are from experienced observers (i.e., those who demonstrate the knowledge needed to identify wood storks). For all occurrences, information regarding the number of storks, where they were observed, the time of year when they were first and last observed, and the time of day when the birds arrived and departed on a daily basis will be obtained, if available. An attempt also will be made to acquire photo documentation of occurrences whenever possible.

While anecdotal, such information has the potential to provide significant insight into the daily movements of storks utilizing the area, as well as annual temporal patterns (i.e., when they first arrive and depart from the region).

- b) Aerial surveys to document wood stork activity within the Saluda Hydro Project Boundary will be conducted on a monthly basis during the 2005 through 2009 nesting and post-breeding seasons (mid- February through approximately November; See Section IV – Geographic and Temporal Scope). Aerial surveys will be conducted from fixed-wing aircraft, by qualified SCDNR, SCE&G, and/or Kleinschmidt staff. Aerial surveys initially will focus on those locations where wood stork activity was observed during the 2004 wood stork reconnaissance and bald eagle surveys and where stork activity has been reported by local residents (See Trip Report from 8/27/04). At each location where storks are observed, the following data will be collected:
  - An estimate of the total number of storks present.
  - An estimate of the numbers of storks of various age classes present (i.e., adult, juvenile, young-of-year).
  - Evidence of nesting activity (i.e., evidence of egg-laying, nest construction and/or maintenance, presence of pre-flight juveniles).
  - Other activity observed (i.e., foraging, roosting, loafing).
  - General description of the habitat being utilized.
  - GPS coordinates of the location (Lat/Long).

Supplemental ground surveys will be conducted as deemed necessary based on aerial surveys (i.e., to confirm nesting, confirm the number of individuals of various age classes, determine the presence of a night roost, etc.). Appropriate ground survey methods will vary on a site-by-site basis and thus will be developed on an as-needed basis in consultation with the USFWS and SCDNR.

# VI. <u>Schedule and Required Conditions</u>

- a) Compilation of all available anecdotal accounts of wood stork occurrences in the project vicinity will commence in November 2004 with the bulk of the information expected to be compiled by February 1, 2005. As will be discussed in greater detail below, an annual report will be issued upon completion of each field season. Results of the initial data gathering effort will be reviewed in consultation with the resource agencies and subsequently included in the 2005 annual report. As with any such effort, additional information will undoubtedly develop throughout the course of the study and will be duly incorporated into that year's annual report.
- b) For the 2005 nesting season, aerial surveys for wood storks will commence in Mid-February of 2005 and continue through approximately November of 2005 (See Section IV Geographic and Temporal Scope). Surveys will follow this schedule on an annual basis through October 2009 (5 years of study). A brief e-mail update will

be distributed to the Wood Stork Work Group following each survey. In addition, an annual report will be issued upon completion of each field season and distributed to the Group to provide an update on the study's progress. The Group will subsequently meet in person or via conference call to discuss the study findings and potential modifications to the study scope.

A more detailed report will be prepared following the second year of the study for inclusion in the SCE&G's Application for New License, which is slated for submission to the FERC in 2008.

### VII. Use of Study Results

Results of the wood stork study will be used as an information resource during discussion of relicensing issues with the SCNDR, USFWS, relicensing issue working groups and other relicensing stakeholders. Specifically, study results will be used to assess, in coordination with the resource agencies, whether permanent wood stork conservation measures are warranted and to help identify appropriate conservation measures.

	NAME	ORGANIZATION	PHONE	E-MAIL
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				midtusa.com
	Bill Argentieri	SCE&G	(803)217-9162	bargentieri@scana.co
				<u>m</u>

## VIII. <u>Study Participants</u>

## IX. List of Attachments

ATTACHMENT A: August 27, 2004, Wood Stork Aerial Survey Trip Report

ATTACHMENT B: Meeting Minutes from September 17, 2004, conference call with SCDNR and USFWS

# X. <u>List of References</u>

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS). 1996. Revised Recovery Plan for the U.S. Breeding Population of the Wood Stork. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Atlanta, Georgia. 41 pp.

# ATTACHMENT A

# TRIP REPORT FROM AUGUST 27, 2004, WOOD STORK AERIAL SURVEY

#### Lake Murray and Saluda River August 27, 2004

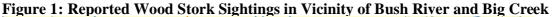
#### Survey Attendees

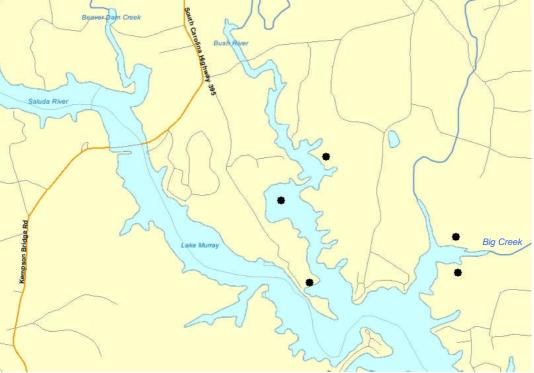
Shane Boring	Kleinschmidt		
Tom Murphy	SCDNR Endangere	d Species Biologist	
Bucky Harris	SCDNR Pilot		
<u>Aircraft:</u>	Fixed-Wing Cessna 210	Survey Duration:	1300 - 1415 hrs

#### Survey Observations

The survey crew departed the SC Avionics Facility at Columbia Metropolitan Airport at approximately 1300 hrs. The survey traversed the Lower Saluda River, from the confluence to the Saluda Hydro Dam, and the lower portion of Lake Murray, with the survey crew remarking on the lack of stork habitat in the vicinity. According to the USGS gauge (Lake Murray near Columbia, SC), the reservoir elevation at the time of the survey was 349.9 ft.

The survey crew also examined several sites along Bush River and Big Creek where foraging storks have been reported by a local resident for approximately the past three years (See Figure 1). However, no storks were observed at these sites.

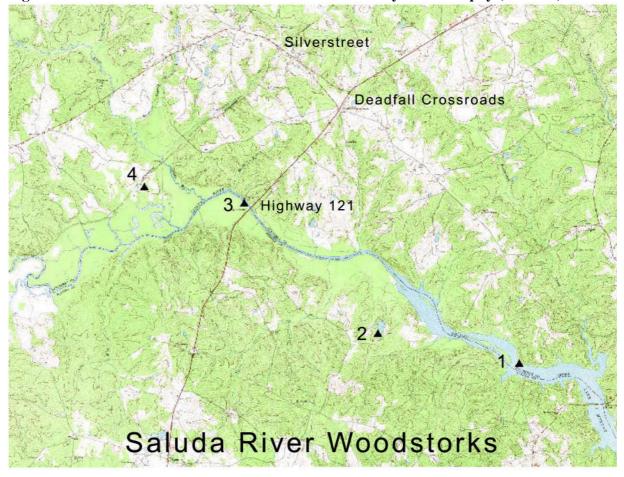




Lake Murray and Saluda River August 27, 2004

The remainder of the survey focused on the extreme upper end of Lake Murray and upstream in the middle Saluda River. Four sites where foraging wood storks were previously observed by Tom Murphy on 8/4/04 were examined (See Figure 2). Approximately 60 wood storks were observed foraging on exposed mudflats within the project boundary upstream of Beaverdam Creek on the Saluda River (See Point 1 - Figure 2). Several passes were made to confirm that the birds were wood storks, photograph the birds (See Figure 3), and obtain a more accurate count of the number of birds.

Figure 2: Saluda River Wood Stork Locations Provided By Tom Murphy (SCDNR)



#### Lake Murray and Saluda River August 27, 2004

Figure 3: Wood Stork Feeding Assemblage Observed Upstream of Beaverdam Creek



The potential nesting area (See Point 4 – Figure 2; also See Figure 4), originally identified by Tom Murphy on 8/4/04, was also examined as part of the survey. Approximately 12 nests were observed in a small forested wetland (old clay pit) located in the floodplain of the middle Saluda River, south of Silverstreet, and adjacent to International Paper's wood chipping facility (See Figure 5). The nests appeared to be wood stork nests, but no storks were observed in the vicinity at the time of the survey. It should be noted that approximately 20 storks were observed standing on the nests and roosting in the vicinity of the nests when they were first located on 8/4/04; however, none appeared to be freshly-fledged juveniles.

The survey examined another potential nesting site in the Saluda River floodplain near the mouth of Tosity Creek, which was initially located by Bucky Harris (SCDNR Pilot) during a flight on approximately 8/25/04. Approximately 10 nests were observed in two adjacent forested wetlands (See Figure 4). The nests appeared to be wood storks nests; however, no storks were present at the site, and it was noted by Tom Murphy that they could potentially be great blue heron nests. GPS coordinates for the two potential nesting areas are provided in Table 1.

Table 1. Dantade and Donghade of Fotential Wood Stork Resting Docations				
	Latitude (Deg. / Dec. Min.)	Longitude(Deg. / Dec. Min.)		
Silverstreet Site	34 11.20	81 45.28		
Tosity Creek Site	34 10.19	81 42.19		

#### Table 1: Latitude and Longitude of Potential Wood Stork Nesting Locations

Lake Murray and Saluda River August 27, 2004

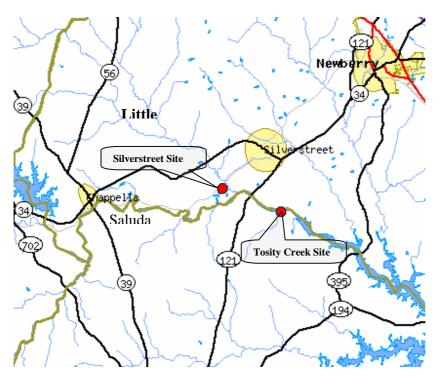


Figure 4: Potential Wood Stork Nesting Sites on the Middle Saluda River

Figure 5: Aerial Photo of Potential Wood Stork Nesting Site Near Silverstreet, SC



#### Lake Murray and Saluda River August 27, 2004

#### Summary

Approximately 60 wood storks were observed foraging on exposed mudflats within the Saluda Project Boundary upstream of Beaverdam Creek (See Point 1 - Figure 2). This observation, combined with other sightings of feeding assemblages throughout the middle Saluda Basin, suggests that wood storks are readily using a wide range of habitats in the basin for foraging. The storks observed feeding within the project boundary were feeding on mudflats exposed by the Lake Murray drawdown. It remains unclear at this time whether storks will utilize the lake as a foraging area once the lake has returned to full pool elevation. Tom suggested follow-up surveys next year to determine if storks are utilizing the lake for foraging after it is returned to full pool.

Two potential nesting sites were examined during the survey, one just south of Silverstreet and the other along the Saluda River near Tosity Creek (See Figure 4). At the Silverstreet site, approximately 12 nests resembling wood stork nests were observed; however, no storks were present at the time of the survey. When the nests were initially located on 8/4/04, several storks were observed standing in the nests and roosting nearby; however, none appeared to be newly-fledged juveniles. The Silverstreet Site is not located within the Saluda Project Boundary.

Approximately 10 nests were located at the Tosity Creek site. The size, structure, and location of the nests were typical of wood storks; however, no wood storks were observed in the vicinity and it was noted that they could potentially be great blue heron nests. Based on initial field observations, the Tosity Creek site appears to be located within the Saluda Project Boundary.

Some uncertainty remains as to whether the observed nests were wood stork nests, and if so, whether nesting was successful at the Silverstreet and Tosity Creek sites. In discussions with Tom Murphy, it was suggested that a similar survey be conducted during next year's nesting season to determine whether reproduction is taking place at these locations.

# ATTACHMENT B

MEETING MINUTES FROM SEPTEMBER 17, 2004, CONFERENCE CALL WITH SCDNR AND USFWS

#### Saluda Hydro Project – Meeting RE August 27, 2004 Wood Stork Reconnaissance Survey Via Conference Call – September 17, 2004

Revision 09-30-04

#### **Attendees**

Ed Eudaly	USFWS	Tom Murphy	SCDNR
Randy Mahan	SCANA Services	Kristina Massey	SCE&G
Tom Eppink	SCANA Services	Tommy Boozer	SCE&G
Van Hoffman	SCE&G	Bill Argentieri	SCE&G
Shane Boring	Kleinschmidt	Alan Stuart	Kleinschmidt

#### **Action Items**

<u>Due Date</u>

- Incorporate comments from 9/17/04 conference call into report and distribute to group. Shane Boring
   October 12, 2004
- Draft study plan based on recommendations from 9/17/04 conference call and distribute to group for review and comment.
   Shane Boring
   October 13, 2004

#### **Meeting Notes**

These notes summarize the major items discussed during the meeting and are not intended to be a transcript or analysis of the meeting.

Shane opened the meeting at 10:00 AM and noted that the focus of the meeting would be to discuss: (1) the trip report from the 8/27/04 wood stork aerial reconnaissance survey, (2) future wood stork monitoring needs on Lake Murray, and (3) FERC's order to designate two areas in the Brushy Creek and Bush River areas as "conservation areas" for wood storks.

#### Comments on Reconnaissance Survey Trip Report

The group found the report generally acceptable. Ed Eudaly asked that the reservoir elevation be added to the Survey Observations portion of the report in order to provide as much pertinent background information as possible.

Shane asked Tom Murphy to clarify whether the storks reported feeding along Brushy Creek and Bush River (See Figure 1 of report) had been observed by SCDNR staff or had been reported by private individuals. Tom indicated that Mr. Joe Harris (a local resident) had observed and documented storks feeding at these locations intermittently over an approximately three-year-long period. Randy Mahan noted that SCE&G staff had a meeting scheduled with Mr. Harris on October 4 to discuss these observations.

Van Hoffman noted that the two locations where potential nests were observed (See Figure 4) were located in backwater areas approximately 500-600 feet off the main river channel and that these areas are more influenced by operations at Lake Greenwood (Buzzard's Roost) than by the Lake Murray pool. He added that the location where storks were observed feeding during the survey (Point 1 on Figure 2) is in the vicinity of where the riverine habitat (influenced

## Saluda Hydro Project – Meeting RE August 27, 2004 Wood Stork Reconnaissance Survey Via Conference Call – September 17, 2004

#### Revision 09-30-04

by Buzzard's Roost) begins to give way to more lacustrine habitats influenced by the Lake Murray pool.

### Future Monitoring Needs

Tom and Ed both noted the need for a longer-term study (possible 3-7 years) to document where and under what conditions storks are using Lake Murray. The group identified several objectives for the study including the following:

- Documentation of nesting (i.e., whether the nests observed during 2004 were in fact stork nests), and if so, if successful reproduction is taking place.
- Documentation of foraging habitat and roosting areas, in particular, documentation of important night roosts (if they exist in the area).
- Examination of foraging conditions over multiple years and a range of water levels.
- Documentation of usage by various age classes (i.e., young-of-year, immature, adult).
- Examination of the influence of the Lake Murray drawdown on the presence of storks in the area.

The group briefly discussed the possibility of additional surveys during 2004, but decided that it would be better to begin surveys in March 2005 (when the birds begin returning to SC for the nesting season) and focus the remainder of this year on putting together a solid study plan. The group agreed upon the following study plan components:

- Monthly aerial surveys beginning in late-March and continuing through October each year.
- Ground surveys as necessary based on aerial observations (i.e., to confirm nesting, presence of young-of-year or pre-flight juveniles, presence of night roosts, etc.)
- A defined geographic and temporal scale.

Shane Boring agreed to draft a proposed study plan as outlined above and distribute the group for review as soon as is practicable.

Kristina Massey suggested, and the group agreed, that the preliminary result of the first two years of the study should be compiled in a report for inclusion with the Saluda Hydro FERC license application. The group also agreed that a brief annual report should be issued, followed by a conference call with the agencies to discuss the progress of the study and need for potential modifications to the scope. Shane and Tom agreed that a brief e-mail update could be issued following each survey flight.

### Saluda Hydro Project – Meeting RE August 27, 2004 Wood Stork Reconnaissance Survey Via Conference Call – September 17, 2004

#### Revision 09-30-04

### <u>Potential Designations of Conservation Areas in response to the Shoreline Management Plan</u> <u>FERC Order</u>

Randy Mahan provided a brief explanation of FERC's Shoreline Management Plan order (dated 06/24/04), specifically, Item H dealing with consultation with the agencies regarding wood storks. Randy explained that Item H required SCE&G to consult with the agencies and to develop a plan to provide protection for areas where wood stork foraging and roosting has been documented. Randy indicated that consultation efforts are underway and that SCE&G proposes to temporarily designate these areas as Environmental Research Areas. Randy indicated that, under SCE&G's proposal, consultation efforts and protection of the areas would continue through the duration of the long-term study outlined above. He added that this would allow for evaluation of the influence of the Lake Murray drawdown on usage of the project area by storks (i.e., whether they will be present in significant numbers at normal reservoir elevation) and an appropriate long-term designation. Alan queried Tom Murphy and Ed as to whether this approach seemed logical and whether their agencies would support SCE&G's efforts in this regard. Ed and Tom were both of the opinion that SCE&G's proposal sounded like a reasonable approach and one that their respective agencies could support.

# **Cheryl Balitz**

From:Jennifer SummerlinSent:Monday, January 08, 2007 10:07 AMTo:'Steve Bell'; Alan Stuart; Alison Guth; 'Amanda Hill'; 'Bill Argentieri'; 'Columbia Individual<br/>(jdjaco@columbiasc.net)'; 'Dee Bennett '; 'Dick Christie'; 'Harold Moxley'; Jennifer Summerlin;<br/>'Prescott Brownell'; Shane BoringSubject:Saluda Relicensing: 2007 American Shad Telemetry Study Plan

All:

Attached for your review is the 2007 American Shad Telemetry Study Plan. Please review and have comments back to me by January 29, 2007.



American Shad Telemetry Study ...

Thanks,

Jennifer Summerlin Scientist Technician Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Drive, Suite 21A West Columbia, SC 29170 P:803.822.3177 F:803.822.3183

# Saluda Hydro Project (FERC No. 516)

# Study Plan: 2007 Diadromous Fish Studies American Shad Telemetry Study for the Lower Saluda, Congaree and Broad Rivers

# Diadromous Fish Technical Working Committee Draft – January 8, 2007

# I. <u>Study Objective</u>

The objective of this study will be to characterize the movements of migrating American shad (*Alosa sappadissima*) in the Lower Saluda (LSR), Congaree, and Broad Rivers for purposes of determining:

- usage of the lower Saluda River (LSR) downstream of Saluda Hydro dam;
- potential usage of the Columbia Hydro tailrace;
- potential usage of the Columbia fish passage facility on the Broad River; and
- migration upstream of the Columbia Hydro Project to the base of Parr Hydro.

# II. <u>Basis</u>

Enhancement and restoration of anadromous Alosids to South Carolina waters has become an important objective of resource agencies. Each spring, efforts to pass migrating American shad and blueback herring are undertaken at the first barriers to migration in the Santee-Cooper system. Once passed, these fish have several migration pathways from which to choose. One potential pathway could result in these fish entering the LSR near Columbia. The relative abundance and potential spawning of this segment of the population is of particular interest to managers.

Another pathway would result in fish entering the Broad River, also located near Columbia. Recently, South Carolina Electric and Gas (SCE&G) installed a fish passage facility at the Columbia Hydro diversion dam. The fish passage facility was constructed to allow target fish species, such as American shad and blueback herring, to migrate upstream over the diversion dam to reach spawning grounds. The success of passing diadromous species through the Columbia fish passage facility is of importance to resource agencies and interested stakeholders.

During the relicensing process of Columbia Hydro, resource agencies expressed interest in the potential for American shad to utilize the tailwaters of the project. Agencies were concerned that during times of high power generation, American shad may be influenced and be attracted to the tailrace as opposed to migrating up the bypass reach towards the fish way. Further, the agencies indicated that if significant numbers of Alosids utilize the Columbia tailrace then reductions in project operations may be necessary to re-direct shad in the tailrace to the bypass reach.

# III. <u>Geographic and Temporal Scope</u>

The telemetry study will focus on the Congaree River near the downstream extent of the Congaree National Park, upstream of Highway 601 Bridge; the LSR from downstream of the Saluda Hydro Dam to its confluence with the Broad River; and the Broad River from the Parr Shoals Dam to its confluence with the LSR.

The study will be conducted during Spring 2007, when American shad would be expected to undertake their upstream spawning migrations. Study timing will be based on passage numbers at the St Stephens Fish Ladder located downstream at the Santee Cooper Project (FERC Project No. 299). Duration of the study may be adjusted based on battery life of transmitters, mortality of target species and/or consultation with resource agencies and interested stakeholders. It is anticipated the study will last through August 2007.

# IV. <u>Methodology</u>

# Tagging

Approximately 40 - 50 American shad will be collected from the Congaree River in the vicinity of the Highway 601 Bridge during the 2007 inmigrating spawning season. Both male and female will be captured depending on availability. To facilitate collections, the SCDNR will notify Kleinschmidt Associates and/or SCE&G when significant numbers of Alosids begin to move through St. Stephens Fish Lift at Pineopolis Dam. Collections will be by standard boat electrofishing methods, and captured fish will be dip netted and placed in a live well. Each captured fish will be measured (mm) and a VemcoV-9 coded acoustic transmitter will be inserted through the esophagus into the upper alimentary canal via a slender wooden probe (Olney et al. 2006). Each transmitter will be coated with glycerin to reduce abrasion of the esophagus (Beasley et al. 2000). Dry weight of acoustic transmitters will not exceed 2% of fish wet weight. Tagged American shad will be placed in a holding pen for a short observation period to ensure recovery and then released.

# Monitoring

The SCNDR has installed an array of receivers in the lower Saluda and Congaree Rivers. To expand the current SCDNR study and conduct the scope of this study, additional receivers will be installed at locations in the Broad River and below the Columbia Hydro Powerhouse. Acoustic equipment for this study will include Vemco V-9 coded acoustic transmitters (69 kHz) and Vemco VR2 ultrasonic receivers (Vemco, Shad Bay, Nova Scotia). The transmitters will relay an acoustic ping to the Vemco receiver(s), which will be programmed to record the transmitter code, time of passage, depth, and location of each shad. Data will be downloaded from receivers on a bi-monthly basis.

Locational data will be recorded from an array of Vemco receivers deployed (or will be deployed prior to tagging) at the following locations (Attachment A):

- Congaree River near Highway 601 Bridge;
- Congaree River at the upstream extent of the Congaree National Park;
- Congaree River near Carolina Eastman;

- Congaree River in the vicinity of the Rosewood Boat Landing;
- LSR below Lake Murray Dam;
- LSR near Corley Mill Island;
- LSR adjacent to the Radio Towers;
- LSR adjacent to Riverbanks Zoo;
- Broad River in the vicinity of Columbia Hydro tailrace;
- Broad River below the diversion dam;
- Broad River in the vicinity of Harbison State Park; and
- Broad River below Parr Shoals Dam.

# Data Retrieval

Data will be retrieved from the receivers on a bi-monthly basis by SCDNR, SCE&G or Kleinschmidt personnel. Data retrieved from the receivers will be given a unique file name which includes receiver location and date.

# V. <u>Schedule and Required Conditions</u>

Sampling for American shad in the lower Saluda, Broad, and Congaree Rivers will be conducted during spring 2007 when significant number of American shad reaches the St. Stephens fish lift at Pineopolis Dam. A draft report summarizing the results will be issued in October 2007. The report will contain information on spatial and temporal movements of tagged fish and contain any appropriate maps or GIS information.

# VI. <u>Use of Study Results</u>

Results of the telemetry study will be used as an information resource during discussion of relicensing issues with the SCDNR, NMFS, USFWS, relicensing issue working groups, and other relicensing stakeholders.

	NAME	ORGANIZATION	PHONE	E-MAIL
Applicant	Stephen Summer	SCANA Services	803.217.7357	ssummer@scana.com
Leads	Milton Quattlebaum	SCANA Services	803.608.6296	mquattlebaum@scana.com
	Alan Stuart	Kleinschmidt	803.822.3177	alan.stuart@kleinschmidtusa.com
	Shane Boring	Kleinschmidt	803.822.3177	shane.boring@kleinschmidtusa.com
	Jennifer Summerlin	Kleinschmidt	803.822.3177	jennifer.summerlin@kleinschmidtusa.com
Agency Leads	Dick Christie	SCDNR	803.289.7022	dchristie@infoave.net
	Jason Bettinger	SCDNR	803.353.8232	BettingerJ@dnr.sc.gov
	Amanda Hill	USFWS	843.727.4707	Amanda-hill@fws.gov
	Prescott Brownell	NOAA Fisheries	843.762.8591	Prescott.brownell@noaa.gov
Other	William Argentieri	SCE&G	803.217.9162	bargentieri@scana.com
Participants	Randy Mahan	SCANA Services	803.217.9538	rmahan@scana.com

# VI. <u>Study Participants</u>

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### **ATTACHMENT A:**

Map of receiver monitoring stations on the lower Saluda, Broad, and Congaree rivers.

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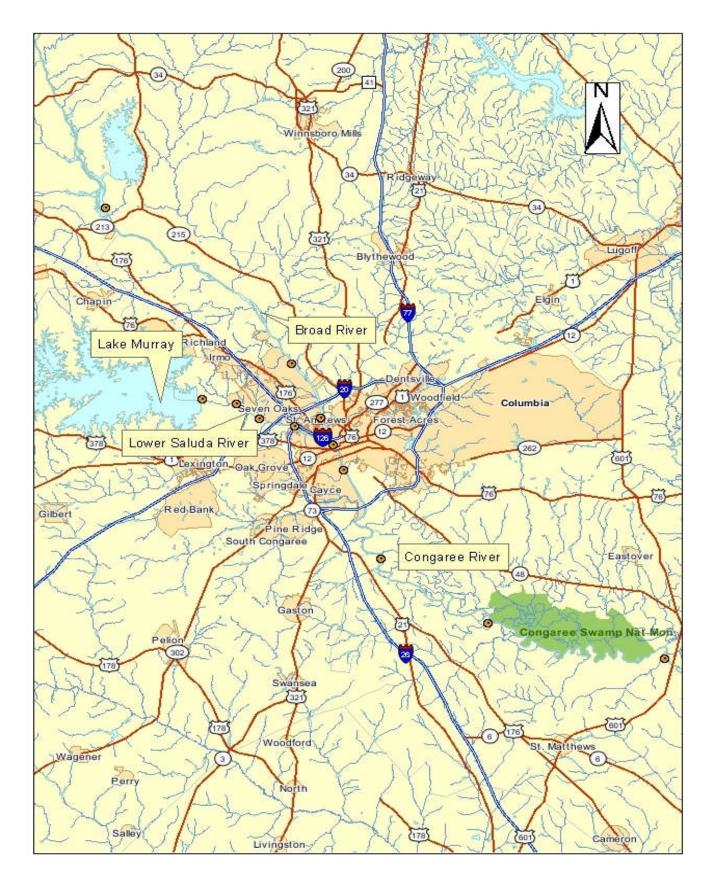
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- Olney, J.E., R.J. Latour, B.E. Watkins, and D.G. Clarke. 2006. <u>Migratory</u> <u>behavior of American shad (*Alosa sapidissima*) in the York River, Virginia with <u>implications for estimating in-river exploitation from tag-recovery data</u>. Transactions of the American Fisheries Society 135:889-896.</u>
- VEMCO. 2004. Coded Acoustic Tag Technical Information Website. Available: http://www.vemco.com/products/transmitters/index.php. Accessed: December 21, 2006.

# ATTACHMENT A

Map of receiver monitoring stations on the lower Saluda, Broad, and Congaree Rivers

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# Receiver monitoring stations on the lower Saluda, Broad, and Congaree Rivers



### Kacie Jensen

From:Jennifer SummerlinSent:Monday, January 08, 2007 10:07 AMTo:'Steve Bell'; Alan Stuart; Alison Guth; 'Amanda Hill'; 'Bill Argentieri'; 'Columbia Individual<br/>(jdjaco@columbiasc.net)'; 'Dee Bennett '; 'Dick Christie'; 'Harold Moxley'; Jennifer Summerlin;<br/>'Prescott Brownell'; Shane BoringSubject:Saluda Relicensing: 2007 American Shad Telemetry Study Plan

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Diadromous Fish Technical Working Committee Draft – January 8, 2007

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Data will be retrieved from the receivers on a bi-monthly basis by SCDNR, SCE&G or Kleinschmidt personnel. Data retrieved from the receivers will be given a unique file name which includes receiver location and date.

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	Shane Boring	Kleinschmidt	803.822.3177	shane.boring@kleinschmidtusa.com
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Agency Leads	Dick Christie	SCDNR	803.289.7022	dchristie@infoave.net
	Jason Bettinger	SCDNR	803.353.8232	BettingerJ@dnr.sc.gov
	Amanda Hill	USFWS	843.727.4707	Amanda-hill@fws.gov
	Prescott Brownell	NOAA Fisheries	843.762.8591	Prescott.brownell@noaa.gov
Other	William Argentieri	SCE&G	803.217.9162	bargentieri@scana.com
Participants	Randy Mahan	SCANA Services	803.217.9538	rmahan@scana.com

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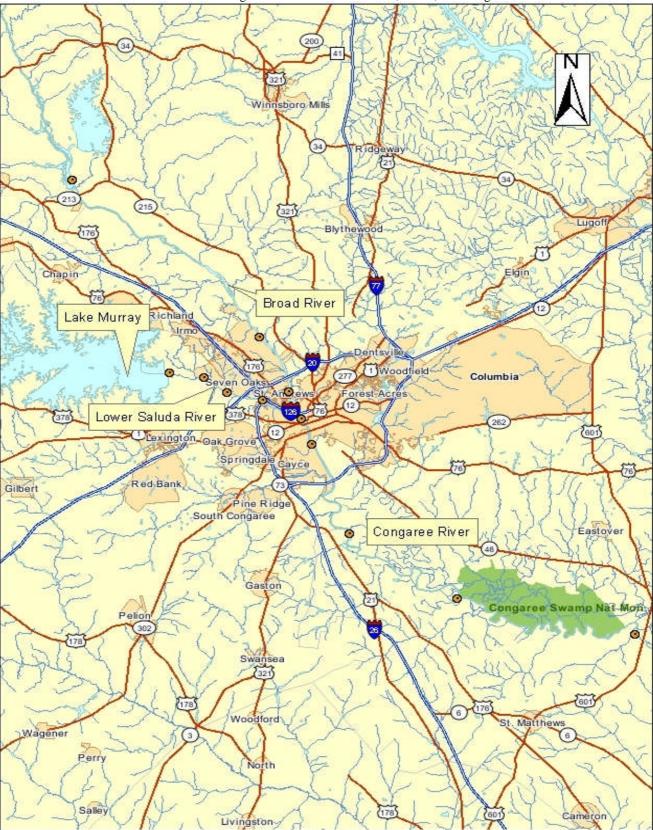
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### VIII. List of References

- Beasley, C. A. and J. E. Hightower. 2000. <u>Effects of a low-head dam on the</u> <u>distribution and characteristics of spawning habitat used by striped bass and</u> <u>American shad.</u> Transactions of the American Fisheries Society 129:1316-1330.
- Olney, J.E., R.J. Latour, B.E. Watkins, and D.G. Clarke. 2006. <u>Migratory</u> <u>behavior of American shad (*Alosa sapidissima*) in the York River, Virginia with <u>implications for estimating in-river exploitation from tag-recovery data.</u> Transactions of the American Fisheries Society 135:889-896.</u>
- VEMCO. 2004. Coded Acoustic Tag Technical Information Website. Available: http://www.vemco.com/products/transmitters/index.php. Accessed: December 21, 2006.

# ATTACHMENT A

Map of receiver monitoring stations on the lower Saluda, Broad, and Congaree Rivers



Attachment A: Receiver monitoring stations on the lower Saluda, Broad, and Congaree Rivers

From:	Alison Guth
То:	<u>"Kenneth Fox";</u>
Subject:	Osprey nesting platforms
Date:	Thursday, November 15, 2007 1:30:35 PM

#### Hello Ken,

Hope you are doing well. I was wondering if you were still involved with the osprey nesting platforms with LMA. I need to put a little blurb about it in the draft license application and was wondering if you can tell me a little about what has been done over the past several years, and the work that LMA has done and any support SCE&G has given, as well. Thanks so much in advance. I am sure I will see you soon at one of our many relicensing meetings! Take care, Alison Alison Guth Licensing Coordinator Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane, Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072

Phone 803-951-2077 Fax 803-951-2124

From:	Ed_Eudaly@fws.gov
То:	Alan Stuart;
cc:	Alan Stuart; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; BARGENTIERI@scana.com;
	<u>J. Hamilton Hagood; Laura Blake (E-mail);                                    </u>
	RMAHAN@scana.com; Shane Boring; ssummer@scana.com; tboozer@scana.
	<u>com;</u>
Subject: Date:	Re: Conference Call to dicuss the wood stork study Friday, February 02, 2007 8:10:38 AM

February 6 is acceptable if you can start at 2:30 instead of 2:00. February 9 at 2:00 is acceptable.

Ed EuDaly U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service 176 Croghan Spur Road, Suite 200 Charleston, SC 29407 843-727-4707 ext. 227 FAX 843-727-4218

"Alan Stuart" <alan. Stuart@KleinschmidtUSA.com&gt;</alan. 	To "Shane Boring" <shane. boring@kleinschmidtusa.com&gt;, "Alan Stuart"</shane. 
02/01/2007 05:46 PM	<alan.stuart@kleinschmidtusa.com>, "Amanda Hill" <amanda_hill@fws.gov>, "Bill Argentieri" <bargentieri@scana.com>, "Randy Mahan" <rmahan@scana.com>, "J. Hamilton Hagood" <jhamilton@scana.com>, <murphyt@dnr.sc. gov&gt;, <tboozer@scana.com>, <ed_eudaly@fws.gov>, "Laura Blake \(E-mail \)" <lblake@scana.com>, <ssummer@scana. com&gt;, "Alison Guth" <alison. Guth@KleinschmidtUSA.com&gt;</alison. </ssummer@scana. </lblake@scana.com></ed_eudaly@fws.gov></tboozer@scana.com></murphyt@dnr.sc. </jhamilton@scana.com></rmahan@scana.com></bargentieri@scana.com></amanda_hill@fws.gov></alan.stuart@kleinschmidtusa.com>
	CC

CC

Subject Conference Call to dicuss the wood stork study

Good afternoon,

Hopefully by now you have had a little opportunity to review the wood stork two year summary report Shane distributed back on February 20, 2007. One of the goals of the wood stork study was to document wood stork usage and any critical habitats (with special concern for rookery and reproductive habitat/evidence). If you recall, the Wood Stork Study Plan prepared back in 2004/2005 stated that we would reconvene to discuss the results of the first two years of surveys and the need to continue the study. Results of the study to date, suggest very limited and sporadic post-dispersal foraging within habitats surrounding the project and no evidence of reproductive behavior in the project area. As relicensing costs continue to mount for SCE&G I believe their is interest on their part to discontinue or curtail the surveys given the results of the first two years of effort.

Since the study plan outlines this 2 year check and adjust point, I would like to schedule a conference call for either 2:00 pm on Tuesday February 6th or 2:00 pm Friday, February 9th. Could you please check your calendars and let me know if you are available on either of those days to discuss the report and findings to date. Preference is given to the afternoon of the 6th with the 9th as secondary.

Thank you for your efforts on the wood stork study and relicensing of Saluda Hydro. You may respond via email but if you have questions or need more clarification please do not hesitate to give me a call.

bests, Alan

Alan Stuart Senior Licensing Coordinator Kleinschmidt Energy and Water Resources 101 Trade Zone Drive Suite 21A West Columbia, SC 29170

Office: 803-822-3177 Cell: 803-640-8765 Fax: 803-822-3183

email: Alan.Stuart@kleinschmidtusa.com

From:	Alison Guth
То:	<u>"C Coleman";</u>
Subject:	RE: Draft Flow Study Report
Date:	Wednesday, October 17, 2007 9:19:34 AM

Hey Charlene,

Sure, is this address right?

3361 Makeway Drive Columbia, SC 29201

> -----Original Message----- **From:** C Coleman [mailto:cheetahtrk@yahoo.com] **Sent:** Wednesday, October 17, 2007 8:48 AM **To:** Alison Guth **Subject:** Re: Draft Flow Study Report

could you mail me a CD? Thanks Charlene

It is not so much the example of others we imitate, as the reflection of ourselves in their eyes and the echo of ourselves in their words. --Eric Hoffer

Charlene Coleman

American Whitewater Regional Coordinator

----- Original Message -----

From: Alison Guth <Alison.Guth@KleinschmidtUSA.com> To: Tony Bebber <tbebber@scprt.com>; Bill Argentieri <bargentieri@scana.com>; Bill Marshall <marshallb@dnr.sc.gov>; Charlene Coleman <cheetahtrk@yahoo.com>; Dave Anderson <dave. anderson@kleinschmidtusa.com>; Guy Jones <guyjones@sc.rr.com>; J. Hamilton Hagood <jhamilton@scana.com>; Jennifer Summerlin <Jennifer.Hand@KleinschmidtUSA.com>; Jim Cumberland <jimc@scccl.org>; Karen Kustafik <kakustafik@columbiasc.net>; Kelly Maloney <Kelly.Maloney@KleinschmidtUSA.com>; Malcolm Leaphart <malcolml@mailbox.sc.edu>; Mike Waddell <mwaddell@esri.sc.edu> Cc: Alan Stuart <Alan.Stuart@KleinschmidtUSA.com> Sent: Tuesday, September 25, 2007 4:39:43 PM Subject: Draft Flow Study Report

# The following message is from Kelly Maloney:

# Good Afternoon Everyone,

I hope this email finds you well. First of all, I would like to thank everyone for assisting with this effort - whether it be feedback received during TWC meetings, participation in the focus group, and/or participation in the on-site evaluations, your input into this effort is truly appreciated and invaluable.

Attached is the Draft Downstream Flow Study Report for your review and comment. I have attempted to reduce the file size by zipping the three files (report and two appendices). I was unable to email them, however, because the file sizes are still too large. I am having Alison Guth pass these files along to you but if you are unable to retrieve these due to file size constraints, please let me know and I will get these to you in hardcopy or via CD, if necessary.

I would love to be able to tell everyone to take their time in reviewing this document but alas, my due date is impending. It would be wonderful if everyone could get their comments and edits back to me in the next three weeks (by October 19). That should give me enough time to address any issues or corrections and finalize the report before my departure. I thank everyone, in advance, for their time and assistance.

Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns.

Thank you, Kelly Maloney <u>Kleinschmidt Associates</u> <u>Energy and Water Resource Consultants</u> 141 Main Street, PO Box 650 Pittsfield, Maine 04967-0650 207-487-3328 x 271 207-487-3124 fax Kelly.Maloney@KleinschmidtUSA.com <<Draft Flow Assessment Report.zip>> Do You Yahoo!? Tired of spam? Yahoo! Mail has the best spam protection around http://mail.yahoo.com

From:	Jennifer Hand
То:	"Prescott Brownell";
Subject:	RE: 2007 Shortnose Sturgeon draft Report
Date:	Friday, October 05, 2007 11:24:26 AM

Thanks Prescott! Hope to see ya soon! Jeni -----Original Message-----From: Prescott Brownell [mailto:Prescott.Brownell@noaa.gov] Sent: Friday, October 05, 2007 11:22 AM To: Alan Stuart Cc: Jennifer Hand; QUATTLEBAUM, MILTON; SUMMER, STEPHEN E Subject: Re: 2007 Shortnose Sturgeon draft Report

Good morning Alan, This is to confirm for record purposes that NMFS completed review of the Draft Shortnose Sturgeon Report, and finds it to be adequate. Thanks to Jenni Summerlin for directing this important study. Best regards Prescott Brownell National Marine Fisheries Service South Atlantic Branch Office 219 Fort Johnson Road Charleston, SC 29412 843-953-7204

From:	Shane Boring
То:	<u>Shane Boring; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bob Perry ;</u>
	Brandon Stutts ; Buddy Baker ; Dick Christie (dchristie@comporium.net);
	Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle;
Subject: Date:	Lake Murray Waterfowl Surveys - Update Friday, November 30, 2007 9:25:39 AM

Dear Terrestrial Resources TWC Members:

Warren "Cub" Stephens from Savannah River Ecology Lab flew the first of 6 waterfowl surveys on Lake Murray for the 2007 - 2008 waterfowl season on Friday, November 16th. Four mallards and approximately 20 Canada geese were observed. Cub noted that water levels were extremely low due to prevailing drought conditions, resulting in limited availability of littoral habitats and aquatic vegetation. The next survey is scheduled for Monday, December 3rd. Please don't hesitate to call should you have questions regarding the surveys.

Shane C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist HYPERLINK "http://www.kleinschmidtusa.com/" Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124

From:	Alison Guth
То:	"Kenneth and Sandy Fox";
Subject:	RE: Osprey nesting platforms
Date:	Friday, November 16, 2007 12:11:15 PM

Thank you so much! I appreciate all the helpful data!

Have a great Thanksgiving,

Alison

-----Original Message----- **From:** Kenneth and Sandy Fox [mailto:skfox@sc.rr.com] **Sent:** Thursday, November 15, 2007 2:45 PM **To:** Alison Guth **Subject:** Re: Osprey nesting platforms

Alison, over the past three years I have written several articles about the Ospreys on Lake Murray, they are attached. Ignore all the numbers of platforms in the articles because the number has been a moving target because of installation of additional platforms. LMA established a goal of two platforms each year. This goal has been met each year. As some of the articles state a new all metal platform was designed and is now in use. The wood platforms failed after some years and had to be replaced, two this year as a matter of fact. Here are the actual numbers of platforms at this time. thirteen (13) wooden platforms, seven (7) all metal platforms. We have on hand three (3) all metal platforms for replacement and future installation. SCE&G paid for six (6) of the all metal platforms. I hope this information will be useful to you.

Ken Fox

----- Original Message -----From: <u>Alison Guth</u> To: <u>Kenneth Fox</u> Sent: Thursday, November 15, 2007 1:30 PM Subject: Osprey nesting platforms

Hello Ken,

Hope you are doing well. I was wondering if you were still involved with

the osprey nesting platforms with LMA. I need to put a little blurb about it in the draft license application and was wondering if you can tell me a little about what has been done over the past several years, and the work that LMA has done and any support SCE&G has given, as well. Thanks so much in advance. I am sure I will see you soon at one of our many relicensing meetings!

Take care, Alison

Alison Guth Licensing Coordinator Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane, Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone 803-951-2077 Fax 803-951-2124

From:	Jennifer Hand
То:	"Prescott Brownell";
Subject:	RE: 2007 Shortnose Sturgeon draft Report
Date:	Friday, October 05, 2007 11:24:26 AM

Thanks Prescott! Hope to see ya soon! Jeni -----Original Message-----From: Prescott Brownell [mailto:Prescott.Brownell@noaa.gov] Sent: Friday, October 05, 2007 11:22 AM To: Alan Stuart Cc: Jennifer Hand; QUATTLEBAUM, MILTON; SUMMER, STEPHEN E Subject: Re: 2007 Shortnose Sturgeon draft Report

Good morning Alan, This is to confirm for record purposes that NMFS completed review of the Draft Shortnose Sturgeon Report, and finds it to be adequate. Thanks to Jenni Summerlin for directing this important study. Best regards Prescott Brownell National Marine Fisheries Service South Atlantic Branch Office 219 Fort Johnson Road Charleston, SC 29412 843-953-7204

From:	Amanda_Hill@fws.gov
То:	Shane Boring; Alison Guth; Alan Stuart;
Subject:	FWS Macroinvert Report Comments
Date:	Monday, November 26, 2007 12:36:38 PM
Attachments:	2007 Lower Saluda Macroinvert report(agency draft.doc;11192007)
	_FWScomments.doc

(See attached file: 2007 Lower Saluda Macroinvert report(agency draft.doc;11192007)\_FWScomments.doc)

Amanda Hill Fisheries Biologist U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service 176 Croghan Spur Rd., Suite 200 Charleston, SC 29407 843-727-4707 ext. 303 843-727-4218 fax amanda\_hill@fws.gov "For all at last returns to the sea to Oceanus, the ocean river, like the everflowing stream of time, the beginning and the end." -Rachel Carson

From:	Shane Boring
То:	Shane Boring; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bob Perry ;
	Brandon Stutts ; Buddy Baker ; Dick Christie (dchristie@comporium.net);
	Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle;
Subject:	Lk. Murray Waterfowl Survey Update
Date:	Monday, December 17, 2007 3:11:27 PM
Attachments:	2007-2008 Lake Murray Waterfowl Aerial Survey Flight Conditions.pdf
	2007-2008 Lake Murray Waterfowl Aerial Survey Data.pdf

All:

Warren Stephens of the Savannah River Ecology Lab flew the second Lake Murray waterfowl survey of the 2007-2008 season on December 12th, 2007. Results were similar to those of the previous survey, with only mallards and Canada geese observed. Summaries of the data from SREL are attached. Thanks for your continued interest in the Lake Murray waterfowl surveys and have a great holiday season.

Shane C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124

From:	Jennifer Summerlin
То:	"Patrick Moore";
Subject: Date:	RE: Saluda Relicensing: Fish Entrainment and Turbine Mortality Report, TWC Final Version Monday, March 12, 2007 5:12:55 PM

Hey Patrick,

Yes, I will be handling the monitoring at the Columbia Fishway this Spring. I will be monitoring two days a week (shift 1: 6:00am-10:00am and 4:00pm-8:00pm, shift 2: 10:00am-6:00pm) until I see 50 shad per day. Once I see 50 shad, then I will be monitoring 7 days a week alternating between the two schedules I just mentioned. The time of my shifts may vary, due to available day light hours. However, I will monitor a total of 8 hours per shift. Unfortunately I do not have a set schedule, because of other projects I have going on right now. Problems that I will most likely encounter are inclement weather and bad water clarity. Hopefully we won't encounter too much of this during the American shad migration (right now). If you have any other questions, please let me know!

Thanks,

#### Jennifer-most people call me Jeni

-----Original Message----- **From:** Patrick Moore [mailto:PatrickM@scccl.org] **Sent:** Monday, March 12, 2007 3:12 PM **To:** Jennifer Summerlin **Subject:** RE: Saluda Relicensing: Fish Entrainment and Turbine Mortality Report, TWC Final Version

#### Hi Jennifer,

I believe I heard that you were going to handle the monitoring at the fishway this Spring. I was wondering when the monitoring period begins, what hours etc.

Any word?

Thanks

Patrick Moore Project Manager Coastal Conservation League 2231 Devine St. Suite 100 Columbia, S.C. 29205 803.771.7750

> -----Original Message----- **From:** Jennifer Summerlin [mailto:Jennifer.Summerlin@KleinschmidtUSA.com] **Sent:** Monday, March 12, 2007 2:47 PM **To:** balesw@dnr.sc.gov; Alan Stuart; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bill East; Bill Hulslander; Bill Marshall; Bob Perry; bseibels@yahoo.com; Charlene Coleman; Daniel Tufford; Dick Christie; Ed Diebold; George Duke;

Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Gina Kirkland; Hal Beard; Jeff Duncan; Jennifer O'Rourke; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Jim Goller; Joe Logan; Joy Downs; turnerle@dhec.sc.gov; laura.mccary@gmail.com; Malcolm Leaphart; Mark Leao; Mike Sloan; Norman Ferris; Patrick Moore; Prescott Brownell; Ralph Crafton; Randy Mahan; rbull@davisfloyd.com; Robert Lavisky; Ron Ahle; Sam Drake; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Bell; Steve Leach; Steve Summer; Suzanne Rhodes; tbowles@scana.com

**Subject:** Saluda Relicensing: Fish Entrainment and Turbine Mortality Report, TWC Final Version

All:

Attached for your reference is the Final Technical Working Committee Version of the Saluda Hydro Fish Entrainment and Turbine Mortality Report. The report will be posted on the Saluda Hydro Relicensing Website. Thank-you for your continued cooperation in the Saluda relicensing process.

<<Saluda Hydro Entrainment-Moratlity Report 2007-03-12 FINAL TWC Version. pdf>>

Thanks,

Jennifer Summerlin Scientist Technician

#### Kleinschmidt Associates

101 Trade Zone Drive, Suite 21A West Columbia, SC 29170 P:803.822.3177 F:803.822.3183

<ul> <li>To: Alison Guth: Winward point Yacht Club : Aaron Small: Alan Axson; Alan Stuart: Amanda Hill; Andy Miller: Bertina Floyd; Bill Brebner : Bill East; BGreen@smeinc.com; Bill Hulslander; Bill Marshall; Bill Mathias; bseibels@yahoo.com; STUTTS, BRANDON G; Bret Hoffman; Brett Bursey; TRUMP, BETH W; Bud Badr; Buddy Baker : Charlene Coleman; Charles Floyd: Charlie Compton: Charlie Rentz; Chris Judge: Chris Page; Daniel Tufford; Dave Anderson; Dave Landis; David Allen; HANCOCK, DAVID E; David Jones; David Price; Dick Christie; Don Tyler; Donald Eng; Ed Diebold; duncane@mrd.dnr.state.sc.us; Ed Fetner; Edward Schnepel: aregaf@dnr.sc.gov; George Duke; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Gina Kirkland; Guy Jones; Hal Beard; Hank McKellar; ipitts@scprt.com; Jeff Duncan; Jennifer O'Rourke; Jennifer Price ; Jennifer Hand; Jerry Wise; DEVEREAUX, JAMES; Jim Glover; Jim Goller; Jim Ruane ; BUTLER, JO A; Joe Logan; Joel Huggins : John and Rob Altenberg; johned44@bellsouth.net; jsfrick@mindspring.com; Jon Leader; Joy Downs; Karen Kustafik; Keith Ganz-Sarto; Ken Styer ; Ken Uschelbec; Kenneth Fox: Kim Westbury; Kristina Massey, turnerle@dhec.sc.gov; Lee Barber; Linda Lester ; Malcolm Leaphart; Marianne Zajac; Mary Kelly; Michael Murrell; Mike Duffy; Mike Sloan; SUMMER, MICHAEL C; Mike Waddell; Miriam Atria; Norm Nicholson; Norman Ferris; Parkin Hunter; Patricia Wendling; Phil Hamby ; Prescott Brownell; Randal Shealy; RMAHAN@scana.com; AMMARELL, RAYMOND R, Rebekah Dobrasko; rbull@davif.god.com; Rhett Bickley; Richard Kidder; Richard Mikell; SKEENER@sc.rr.com; Robert Lavisky; Ron Ahle; Ronald Scott: Roy Parker; Russell Jernigan; YANITY, ROBERT; Sam Drake; Sandra Reinhardt; Sean Norris; Shane Boring; Skeet Mills ; Stanley Yalicki; Steve Bell; SUMMER, STEPHEN E; Suzanne Rhodes; tpowers@mexberycounty.net; Theresa Thom; Tim Vinson; BOWLES, THOMAS M; HAMILTON, J. HAGODD JR; Tom Ruple; Tom Stonecypher; BOOZER, THOMAS C; Tony Bebber; HOFFMAN, VAN B; Wenonah Haire; Mike Schimgff; FITTS, MARY R; LANDRETH, JAMES M; Chuck Cantley; ji</li></ul>	From:	ARGENTIERI, WILLIAM R
Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Andy Miller; Bertina Floyd; Bill Brebner ; Bill East; BGreen@smeinc.com; Bill Hulslander; Bill Marshall; Bill Mathias; bseibels@yahoo.com; STUTTS, BRANDON G; Bret Hoffman; Brett Bursey; TRUMP, BETH W; Bud Badr; Buddy Baker ; Charlene Coleman; Charles Floyd; Charlie Compton; Charlie Rentz; Chris Judge; Chris Page; Daniel Tufford; Dave Anderson; Dave Landis; David Allen; HANCOCK, DAVID E; David Jones; David Price; Dick Christie; Don Tyler; Donald Eng; Ed Diebold; duncane@mrd.dnr.state.sc.us; Ed Fetner; Edward Schnepel; aregaf@dnr.sc.gov; George Duke; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Gina Kirkland; Guy Jones; Hal Beard; Hank McKellar; ipitts@scprt.com; Jeff Duncan; Jennifer O'Rourke; Jennifer Price ; Jennifer Hand; Jerry Wise; DEVEREAUX, JAMES; Jim Glover; Jim Goller; Jim Ruane ; BUTLER, JO A; Joe Logan; Joel Huggins ; John and Rob Altenberg; johned44@bellsouth.net; Jsfrick@mindspring.com; Jon Leader; Joy Downs; Karen Kustafik; Keith Ganz-Sarto; Ken Styer ; Ken Uschelbec; Kenneth Fox; Kim Westbury; Kristina Massey; turnerle@dhec.sc.gov; Lee Barber; Linda Lester ; Malcolm Leaphart; Marianne Zajac; Mary Kelly; Michael Murrell; Mike Duffy; Mike Sloan; SUMMER, MICHAEL C; Mike Waddell; Miriam Atria; Norm Nicholson; Norman Ferris; Parkin Hunter; Patricia Wendling; Phil Hamby ; Prescott Brownell; Randal Shealy; RMAHAN@scana.com; AMMARELL, RAYMOND R: Rebekah Dobrasko; rbuil@davisfloyd.com; Rhett Bickley; Richard Kidder: Richard Mikell; SKEENER@sc.rr.com; Robert Lavisky; Ron Ahle; Ronald Scott; Roy Parker; Russell Jernigan; YANITY, ROBERT; Sam Drake; Sandra Reinhard; Seen Norris; Shane Boring; Skeet Mills ; Stanley Yalicki; Steve Bell; SUMMER, STEPHEN E; Suzanne Rhodes; tpowers@newberrycounty.net; Theresa Thom; Tim Vinson; BOWLES, THOMAS M; HAMILTON, J. HAGOOD JR; Tom Ruple; Tom Stonecypher; BOOZER, THOMAS C; Tony Bebber; HOFFMAN, VAN B; Wenonah Haire; Mike Schimp		
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Date: Wednesday, September 19, 2007 9:36:02 AM	-	
	Date:	Wednesday, September 19, 2007 9:36:02 AM

## To all Saluda Hydro Relicensing RCG and TWC Members:

Please be advised that Saluda Hydro turbine venting testing is scheduled for the week of September 23, 2007. Saluda Hydro Units 2, 3, and 5 will be tested September 24 through September 28. \*\*\*Please note that during these tests, the Saluda Hydro units will be operated in several combinations and at various loads, with vents closed and open, in order to evaluate the effect on downstream DO of the hub baffles (Unit 5), nose cone (Unit 3) and runner seal improvements (Units 2 & 3) which were completed earlier this year.

# These tests are likely to produce short duration impacts on DO in the lower Saluda River for some distance downstream of the plant (essentially zero at times, in particular in the upper reaches of the river).

SCE&G is conducting these tests to gather information which will be used when dispatching the Saluda Hydro units during future low DO periods.

William R. Argentieri

South Carolina Electric & Gas Company 111 Research Drive Columbia, SC 29203

Phone - (803) 217-9162 Fax - (803) 933-7849 Cell - (803) 331-0179

Bill Marshall
Kelly Maloney; Tony Bebber; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Charlene Coleman;
Dave Anderson; Guy Jones; J. Hamilton Hagood; Jennifer Hand;
Karen Kustafik; Malcolm Leaphart; Patrick Moore; Alan Stuart; Dick Christie;
RE: Downstream Flows Study Update
Monday, September 10, 2007 4:23:31 PM

Okay, Kelly. Thanks for the quick reply. I hope all goes well for you and baby.

-----Original Message-----

From: Kelly Maloney [mailto:Kelly.Maloney@KleinschmidtUSA.com] Sent: Mon 9/10/2007 4:12 PM

To: Bill Marshall; Tony Bebber; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Charlene Coleman; Dave Anderson; Guy Jones; J. Hamilton Hagood; Jennifer Summerlin; Karen Kustafik; Malcolm Leaphart; Patrick Moore; Alan Stuart; Dick Christie Subject: RE: Downstream Flows Study Update

Bill,

Good afternoon. The draft report including all components identified below has been completed and is undergoing internal review. I would anticipate that the draft for TWC review will be available as per the schedule originally provided in the study plan. It says "Fall 2007", which is general, but I anticipate distribution to the TWC for review and comment before I depart for maternity leave in October.

Hope all is well, Kelly

-----Original Message-----

From: Bill Marshall [mailto:MarshallB@dnr.sc.gov]

Sent: Monday, September 10, 2007 4:04 PM

To: Kelly Maloney; Tony Bebber; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Charlene Coleman; Dave Anderson; Guy Jones; J. Hamilton Hagood; Jennifer Summerlin; Karen Kustafik; Malcolm Leaphart; Patrick Moore; Alan Stuart; Dick Christie

Subject: RE: Downstream Flows Study Update

Dave, Kelly, or Alan -- I just looked over the online presentation slides for the "Flow Release Study" (study based on level-logger data) that was provided at the July 19 quarterly meetings. I had to miss those meetings and the presentation but am interested in knowing more about the findings, as the slides are brief and some even seem to get into issues beyond our basic question -- that is, how fast does the water rise under a range of typical hydro release scenarios?

Please remind me of the plan for sharing results with the TWC and producing draft reports on this and the other parts of the downstream flows assessment, described below. Thanks.

Bill Marshall

From: Kelly Maloney [mailto:Kelly.Maloney@KleinschmidtUSA.com] Sent: Friday, April 06, 2007 3:16 PM

To: Tony Bebber; Bill Argentieri; Bill Marshall; Charlene Coleman; Dave Anderson; Guy Jones; J. Hamilton Hagood; Jennifer Summerlin; Karen Kustafik; Kelly Maloney; Malcolm Leaphart; Patrick Moore

Cc: Alan Stuart Subject: Downstream Flows Study Update

Downstream Flows TWC,

Good afternoon. I hope this email finds you well. As several of you have posed questions and inquiries as to the status of the Downstream Recreation Flow Assessment, we thought we would provide a progress report. I have provided an update below on the various phases outlined in the Downstream Recreation Flow Assessment Study Plan:

Phase I - Literature Review and Desktop Analysis

This component of the study is ongoing and will continue through the duration. So far, we have compiled a fair amount of literature pertaining to recreation on the lower Saluda River including the Three Rivers Greenway Plan, South Carolina Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan (SCORP), the Lower Saluda Scenic River Corridor Plan and Update, the Draft 2006 Saluda Recreation Assessment, and lower Saluda River creel surveys. In addition, we have collected hydrologic data from the USGS.

#### Phase II - Focus Group and Field Reconnaissance

Expert Panel Focus Group - We would like to schedule this fairly soon as input received during the focus group will help us to determine what flows should be evaluated during the on-site reconnaissance. The members of the Downstream Flows TWC, and additional experienced recreational users and resources experts, as needed, will comprise the focus group. Please provide information regarding your availability for a focus group meeting on the afternoon or evening or April 17, the afternoon or evening of April 18 or the morning of April 20. Please also provide any suggestions you may have for additional individuals who should be invited to participate in the focus group panel.

Expert Panel On-site Evaluation - We would also like to schedule this effort soon. We are tentatively looking at the week of May 14 through May 20. We anticipate that this will be a combination of a land and water-based reconnaissance whereby participants will engage in a variety of activities (paddling, angling) or observe recreation sites with specific activities in mind (swimming, rock hopping) to provide input on the appropriateness of each flow level for the specific activity in which that individual is participating or observing. There will be three flows provided which will be discussed and finalized during the expert panel focus group. Tentatively, we anticipate requesting a flow of 1,000 cfs or less (indicated in TWC meeting notes as being most appropriate for boating, swimming, rock hopping and wade angling), a flow of 2,500 cfs (indicated in TWC meeting notes as being most appropriate for boating, tubing and bank angling), and a flow of 5,000 cfs (indicated in TWC meeting notes and American Whitewater as most appropriate for whitewater paddling).

Rate of Change Video Documentation - A high flow rate of change event (18,000 cfs) was video documented on January 31, 2007. The surveyor was stationed at Mill Race rapids from approximately 7:00 am to about 12:30 pm to capture both the water rise and a duration of maximum stage

#### Phase III - Field Data Collection

Level Logger Deployment and Data Collection - The level loggers, which record the stage (in feet) and temperature every minute, were deployed at the 8 sites detailed in the study plan. The level loggers were installed during the week of January 15 and removed during the week of February 19. Data was collected from January 22 through February 22 and includes the following flow events:

Monday, January 22 - 12,000 cfs - 5:49 AM Tuesday, January 23 - 10,000 cfs - 5:56 AM Wednesday, January 24 - 8,000 cfs - 5:49 AM Tuesday, January 30 - 14,000 cfs - 6:11 AM Wednesday, January 31 - 18,000 cfs - 6:10 AM Thursday, February 1 - 16,000 cfs - 6:10 AM Tuesday, February 6 - 14,000 cfs - 5:00 AM Tuesday, February 6 - 1,000 cfs - 5:00 PM Wednesday, February 7 - 2,000 cfs - 5:55 PM Thursday, February 8 - 3,000 cfs - 3:55 AM Tuesday, February 13 - 4,000 cfs - 6:03 AM Wednesday, February 14 - 5,000 cfs - 5:00 PM

Level Logger Analysis - Analysis of the level logger data, in conjunction with USGS hydrologic data, as per the study plan is ongoing.

We hope that this helps to clarify the status of the Downstream Recreation Flow Assessment Study Plan. If you have any additional questions or concerns, do not hesitate to contact me or Dave Anderson.

Thank you, Kelly Maloney

From:	Shane Boring
То:	Steve Summer; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri;
	Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Jennifer Price ; Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover;
	Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Shane Boring;
Subject:	Saluda Hydro Relicensing: 2007 Lower Saluda Macroinvert Draft Report
Date:	Monday, November 19, 2007 10:29:05 AM
Attachments:	2007 Lower Saluda Macroinvert report(agency draft;11192007).doc

Dear Freshwater Mussels/Aquatic Macroinvertebrate Technical Working Committee Members: As you may recall, the Lower Saluda Macroinvertebrate Study Plan called for sampling of the Lower Saluda biota in both 2006 and 2007. Attached for your review is the draft report for the 2007 sampling season, which was prepared by Dan Carnagey at Carnagey Biological. Please provide comments on the draft, preferably in MS Word track changes, by Friday November 30th. Many thanks to all who have contributed, and in particular, thanks to Jeni Hand and Milton Quattlebaum for their hard work in the field on this project. Please don't hesitate to call should you have questions about the draft report. C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124

\*\*\*\* Due to our recent move, please note that updated Kleinschmidt contact info is provided above.

Saluda Hydro Project Relicense: Draft Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species Assessment

Shane,

I just gave the report a quick review and didn't see anything on mussel surveys in the Saluda River below the dam and the fact that no species were collected. This was obviously a substantial finding and should be thoroughly covered in the final report.

Also, I reported in a committee meeting that I collected a Saluda darter in the Saluda River just upstream of the Corley Mill Road boat ramp (Metts Landing?) in 1988/1989. This was not in the report.

The report does not compare species collected to the DNR's Comprehensive Wildlife Conservation Strategy report. Several species collected are listed as priority species for protection by the DNR. I have attached the priority species list from that report for your information. It is also available online or through Lynn Quattro (copied).

Finally, the final RT&E report should include recommended actions to protect, restore or enhance species of interest.

I will try to get more detailed comments before your deadline.

Gerrit

#### We've moved! Please see our new suite number below.

Gerrit Jöbsis Southeast Regional Director American Rivers 2231 Devine Street, Suite 202 • Columbia, S.C. 29205 803/771-7114 803/771-7580 Fax gjobsis@americanrivers.org

www.AmericanRivers.org

American Rivers protects and restores healthy natural rivers for the benefit of communities, fish and wildlife.

From: Shane Boring [mailto:Shane.Boring@KleinschmidtUSA.com]
Sent: Thursday, September 20, 2007 4:21 PM
To: Shane Boring; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; bseibels@yahoo.com; Gerrit Jobsis; J.
Hamilton Hagood; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle
Subject: Saluda Hydro Project Relicense: Draft Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species Assessment

All:

Attached for your review is the draft Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species Assessment for the Saluda Hydro Project Relicensing. Please note that Figure 1 and Appendix A are included as separate files. If possible, please have your comments on the assessment to me by Thursday October 4th 20007. Thanks for your continued participation in the Saluda relicensing process.

Shane

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist <u>Kleinschmidt Associates</u> 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124

<<Saluda RTE Assessment - Fig 1.pdf>> <<Saluda RTE Assessment Draft 2007-09-20.doc>> <<Saluda RTE Assessment - Appendix A.pdf>>

Saluda Hydro Project Relicense: Draft Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species Assessment

The lack of mussels below the dam is certainly an interesting finding. It is likely that this is due to the water quality of the water coming out of the dam, probably the low oxygen and maybe even the cold temperatures. Mussels are certainly plentiful in the Broad and Congaree Rivers above and below the confluence with the Saluda. It even seems to be the case (based upon my own personal observations) that more mussels are found on the side of the Congaree River where the Broad River sends water down when compared with the side of the river dominated by water from the Saluda.

#### **Jennifer Price**

From: Gerrit Jobsis [mailto:gjobsis@americanrivers.org]
Sent: Friday, September 21, 2007 12:13 PM
To: Shane Boring; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; bseibels@yahoo.com; J. Hamilton Hagood; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle
Cc: Jennifer Price; Lynn Quattro; Matt Rice
Subject: RE: Saluda Hydro Project Relicense: Draft Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species Assessment

#### Shane,

I just gave the report a quick review and didn't see anything on mussel surveys in the Saluda River below the dam and the fact that no species were collected. This was obviously a substantial finding and should be thoroughly covered in the final report.

Also, I reported in a committee meeting that I collected a Saluda darter in the Saluda River just upstream of the Corley Mill Road boat ramp (Metts Landing?) in 1988/1989. This was not in the report.

The report does not compare species collected to the DNR's Comprehensive Wildlife Conservation Strategy report. Several species collected are listed as priority species for protection by the DNR. I have attached the priority species list from that report for your information. It is also available online or through Lynn Quattro (copied).

Finally, the final RT&E report should include recommended actions to protect, restore or enhance species of interest.

I will try to get more detailed comments before your deadline.

Gerrit

#### We've moved! Please see our new suite number below.

Gerrit Jöbsis Southeast Regional Director American Rivers 2231 Devine Street, Suite 202 • Columbia, S.C. 29205 Saluda Hydro Project Relicense: Draft Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species Assessment

803/771-7114 803/771-7580 Fax gjobsis@americanrivers.org

www.AmericanRivers.org

# American Rivers protects and restores healthy natural rivers for the benefit of communities, fish and wildlife.

From: Shane Boring [mailto:Shane.Boring@KleinschmidtUSA.com]
Sent: Thursday, September 20, 2007 4:21 PM
To: Shane Boring; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; bseibels@yahoo.com; Gerrit Jobsis; J.
Hamilton Hagood; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle
Subject: Saluda Hydro Project Relicense: Draft Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species Assessment

All:

Attached for your review is the draft Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species Assessment for the Saluda Hydro Project Relicensing. Please note that Figure 1 and Appendix A are included as separate files. If possible, please have your comments on the assessment to me by Thursday October 4th 20007. Thanks for your continued participation in the Saluda relicensing process.

Shane

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist <u>Kleinschmidt Associates</u> 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124

<<Saluda RTE Assessment - Fig 1.pdf>> <<Saluda RTE Assessment Draft 2007-09-20.doc>> <<Saluda RTE Assessment - Appendix A.pdf>>

From:	ARGENTIERI, WILLIAM R
То:	Alan Stuart; Alison Guth; Jennifer Hand;
	Shane Boring;
Subject:	Fw: Saluda RTE Report Comments
Date:	Tuesday, December 04, 2007 2:55:04 PM
Attachments:	References Cited.doc
	Saluda RTE Assessment Draft 2007-09-20-NMFS.doc
	Saluda RTE Report NMFS Comments FINAL.pdf
	prescott_brownell.vcf

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From:	Jennifer Summerlin
То:	"Patrick Moore";
Subject: Date:	RE: Saluda Relicensing: Fish Entrainment and Turbine Mortality Report, TWC Final Version Monday, March 12, 2007 5:12:55 PM

Hey Patrick,

Yes, I will be handling the monitoring at the Columbia Fishway this Spring. I will be monitoring two days a week (shift 1: 6:00am-10:00am and 4:00pm-8:00pm, shift 2: 10:00am-6:00pm) until I see 50 shad per day. Once I see 50 shad, then I will be monitoring 7 days a week alternating between the two schedules I just mentioned. The time of my shifts may vary, due to available day light hours. However, I will monitor a total of 8 hours per shift. Unfortunately I do not have a set schedule, because of other projects I have going on right now. Problems that I will most likely encounter are inclement weather and bad water clarity. Hopefully we won't encounter too much of this during the American shad migration (right now). If you have any other questions, please let me know!

Thanks,

#### Jennifer-most people call me Jeni

-----Original Message----- **From:** Patrick Moore [mailto:PatrickM@scccl.org] **Sent:** Monday, March 12, 2007 3:12 PM **To:** Jennifer Summerlin **Subject:** RE: Saluda Relicensing: Fish Entrainment and Turbine Mortality Report, TWC Final Version

#### Hi Jennifer,

I believe I heard that you were going to handle the monitoring at the fishway this Spring. I was wondering when the monitoring period begins, what hours etc.

Any word?

Thanks

Patrick Moore Project Manager Coastal Conservation League 2231 Devine St. Suite 100 Columbia, S.C. 29205 803.771.7750

> -----Original Message----- **From:** Jennifer Summerlin [mailto:Jennifer.Summerlin@KleinschmidtUSA.com] **Sent:** Monday, March 12, 2007 2:47 PM **To:** balesw@dnr.sc.gov; Alan Stuart; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bill East; Bill Hulslander; Bill Marshall; Bob Perry; bseibels@yahoo.com; Charlene Coleman; Daniel Tufford; Dick Christie; Ed Diebold; George Duke;

Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Gina Kirkland; Hal Beard; Jeff Duncan; Jennifer O'Rourke; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Jim Goller; Joe Logan; Joy Downs; turnerle@dhec.sc.gov; laura.mccary@gmail.com; Malcolm Leaphart; Mark Leao; Mike Sloan; Norman Ferris; Patrick Moore; Prescott Brownell; Ralph Crafton; Randy Mahan; rbull@davisfloyd.com; Robert Lavisky; Ron Ahle; Sam Drake; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Bell; Steve Leach; Steve Summer; Suzanne Rhodes; tbowles@scana.com

**Subject:** Saluda Relicensing: Fish Entrainment and Turbine Mortality Report, TWC Final Version

All:

Attached for your reference is the Final Technical Working Committee Version of the Saluda Hydro Fish Entrainment and Turbine Mortality Report. The report will be posted on the Saluda Hydro Relicensing Website. Thank-you for your continued cooperation in the Saluda relicensing process.

<<Saluda Hydro Entrainment-Moratlity Report 2007-03-12 FINAL TWC Version. pdf>>

Thanks,

Jennifer Summerlin Scientist Technician

#### Kleinschmidt Associates

101 Trade Zone Drive, Suite 21A West Columbia, SC 29170 P:803.822.3177 F:803.822.3183

Bill Marshall
Kelly Maloney; Tony Bebber; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Charlene Coleman;
Dave Anderson; Guy Jones; J. Hamilton Hagood; Jennifer Hand;
Karen Kustafik; Malcolm Leaphart; Patrick Moore; Alan Stuart; Dick Christie;
RE: Downstream Flows Study Update
Monday, September 10, 2007 4:23:31 PM

Okay, Kelly. Thanks for the quick reply. I hope all goes well for you and baby.

-----Original Message-----

From: Kelly Maloney [mailto:Kelly.Maloney@KleinschmidtUSA.com] Sent: Mon 9/10/2007 4:12 PM

To: Bill Marshall; Tony Bebber; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Charlene Coleman; Dave Anderson; Guy Jones; J. Hamilton Hagood; Jennifer Summerlin; Karen Kustafik; Malcolm Leaphart; Patrick Moore; Alan Stuart; Dick Christie Subject: RE: Downstream Flows Study Update

Bill,

Good afternoon. The draft report including all components identified below has been completed and is undergoing internal review. I would anticipate that the draft for TWC review will be available as per the schedule originally provided in the study plan. It says "Fall 2007", which is general, but I anticipate distribution to the TWC for review and comment before I depart for maternity leave in October.

Hope all is well, Kelly

-----Original Message-----

From: Bill Marshall [mailto:MarshallB@dnr.sc.gov]

Sent: Monday, September 10, 2007 4:04 PM

To: Kelly Maloney; Tony Bebber; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Charlene Coleman; Dave Anderson; Guy Jones; J. Hamilton Hagood; Jennifer Summerlin; Karen Kustafik; Malcolm Leaphart; Patrick Moore; Alan Stuart; Dick Christie

Subject: RE: Downstream Flows Study Update

Dave, Kelly, or Alan -- I just looked over the online presentation slides for the "Flow Release Study" (study based on level-logger data) that was provided at the July 19 quarterly meetings. I had to miss those meetings and the presentation but am interested in knowing more about the findings, as the slides are brief and some even seem to get into issues beyond our basic question -- that is, how fast does the water rise under a range of typical hydro release scenarios?

Please remind me of the plan for sharing results with the TWC and producing draft reports on this and the other parts of the downstream flows assessment, described below. Thanks.

Bill Marshall

From: Kelly Maloney [mailto:Kelly.Maloney@KleinschmidtUSA.com] Sent: Friday, April 06, 2007 3:16 PM

To: Tony Bebber; Bill Argentieri; Bill Marshall; Charlene Coleman; Dave Anderson; Guy Jones; J. Hamilton Hagood; Jennifer Summerlin; Karen Kustafik; Kelly Maloney; Malcolm Leaphart; Patrick Moore

Cc: Alan Stuart Subject: Downstream Flows Study Update

Downstream Flows TWC,

Good afternoon. I hope this email finds you well. As several of you have posed questions and inquiries as to the status of the Downstream Recreation Flow Assessment, we thought we would provide a progress report. I have provided an update below on the various phases outlined in the Downstream Recreation Flow Assessment Study Plan:

Phase I - Literature Review and Desktop Analysis

This component of the study is ongoing and will continue through the duration. So far, we have compiled a fair amount of literature pertaining to recreation on the lower Saluda River including the Three Rivers Greenway Plan, South Carolina Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan (SCORP), the Lower Saluda Scenic River Corridor Plan and Update, the Draft 2006 Saluda Recreation Assessment, and lower Saluda River creel surveys. In addition, we have collected hydrologic data from the USGS.

#### Phase II - Focus Group and Field Reconnaissance

Expert Panel Focus Group - We would like to schedule this fairly soon as input received during the focus group will help us to determine what flows should be evaluated during the on-site reconnaissance. The members of the Downstream Flows TWC, and additional experienced recreational users and resources experts, as needed, will comprise the focus group. Please provide information regarding your availability for a focus group meeting on the afternoon or evening or April 17, the afternoon or evening of April 18 or the morning of April 20. Please also provide any suggestions you may have for additional individuals who should be invited to participate in the focus group panel.

Expert Panel On-site Evaluation - We would also like to schedule this effort soon. We are tentatively looking at the week of May 14 through May 20. We anticipate that this will be a combination of a land and water-based reconnaissance whereby participants will engage in a variety of activities (paddling, angling) or observe recreation sites with specific activities in mind (swimming, rock hopping) to provide input on the appropriateness of each flow level for the specific activity in which that individual is participating or observing. There will be three flows provided which will be discussed and finalized during the expert panel focus group. Tentatively, we anticipate requesting a flow of 1,000 cfs or less (indicated in TWC meeting notes as being most appropriate for boating, swimming, rock hopping and wade angling), a flow of 2,500 cfs (indicated in TWC meeting notes as being most appropriate for boating, tubing and bank angling), and a flow of 5,000 cfs (indicated in TWC meeting notes and American Whitewater as most appropriate for whitewater paddling).

Rate of Change Video Documentation - A high flow rate of change event (18,000 cfs) was video documented on January 31, 2007. The surveyor was stationed at Mill Race rapids from approximately 7:00 am to about 12:30 pm to capture both the water rise and a duration of maximum stage

#### Phase III - Field Data Collection

Level Logger Deployment and Data Collection - The level loggers, which record the stage (in feet) and temperature every minute, were deployed at the 8 sites detailed in the study plan. The level loggers were installed during the week of January 15 and removed during the week of February 19. Data was collected from January 22 through February 22 and includes the following flow events:

Monday, January 22 - 12,000 cfs - 5:49 AM Tuesday, January 23 - 10,000 cfs - 5:56 AM Wednesday, January 24 - 8,000 cfs - 5:49 AM Tuesday, January 30 - 14,000 cfs - 6:11 AM Wednesday, January 31 - 18,000 cfs - 6:10 AM Thursday, February 1 - 16,000 cfs - 6:10 AM Tuesday, February 6 - 14,000 cfs - 5:00 AM Tuesday, February 6 - 1,000 cfs - 5:00 PM Wednesday, February 7 - 2,000 cfs - 5:55 PM Thursday, February 8 - 3,000 cfs - 3:55 AM Tuesday, February 13 - 4,000 cfs - 6:03 AM Wednesday, February 14 - 5,000 cfs - 5:00 PM

Level Logger Analysis - Analysis of the level logger data, in conjunction with USGS hydrologic data, as per the study plan is ongoing.

We hope that this helps to clarify the status of the Downstream Recreation Flow Assessment Study Plan. If you have any additional questions or concerns, do not hesitate to contact me or Dave Anderson.

Thank you, Kelly Maloney

From:	Shane Boring
То:	Theresa Thom; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bud Badr;
	Dick Christie (dchristie@comporium.net); Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers);
	Gina Kirkland; Hal Beard; Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart;
	<u>Mark Giffin (giffinma@dhec.sc.gov); Mike Waddell;</u>
	Milton Quattlebaum (mquattlebaum@scana.com); Prescott Brownell;
	Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer;
	Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart;
cc:	Cheryl Balitz;
Subject:	Final Saluda Self-Sustaining Trout White Paper
Date:	Friday, December 21, 2007 11:47:20 AM
Attachments:	Trout White Paper _2007pdf

Hello folks:

Attached for you records in the final version of the white paper examining potential for a self-sustaining trout fishery in the Lower Saluda River. It was finalized several weeks ago based on comments received at the Oct 30th Fish and Wildlife meeting, but I don't believe the PDF was every distributed to the TWC. As with other documents, it will be posted to the Saluda relicensing website. Thanks to the many folks who contributed to the paper. Best Holiday Wishes,

Shane

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist HYPERLINK "http://www.kleinschmidtusa.com/" Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124

Cheryl: Could you please post to the website under documents/Lower Saluda River. Thanks

From:	Jennifer Summerlin
То:	<u>Alan Stuart; "Bill Argentieri"; "Milton Quattlebaum (mquattlebaum@scana.</u>
	<pre>com)"; "Randy Mahan"; "Steve Summer";</pre>
cc:	Shane Boring;
Subject:	Saluda Relicensing: draft American shad telemetry study plan
Date:	Thursday, January 04, 2007 2:25:00 PM
Attachments:	American Shad Telemetry Study Plan 01-4-2006 (jms_csb_aws).doc

All:

Attached for your review is the draft American shad telemetry study plan. Please have comments back to me by January 30, 2007.

Thanks, Jennifer Summerlin Scientist Technician Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Drive, Suite 21A West Columbia, SC 29170 P:803.822.3177 F:803.822.3183

From:	Brandon Kulik
То:	Shane Boring; "Theresa Thom"; Alison Guth; "Amanda Hill"; "Bill Argentieri";
	"Bud Badr"; "Dick Christie (dchristie@comporium.net)";
	"Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers)"; "Gina Kirkland"; "Hal Beard"; Jennifer Hand;
	"Jim Glover"; "Malcolm Leaphart"; "Mark Giffin (giffinma@dhec.sc.gov)";
	<u>"Mike Waddell"; "Milton Quattlebaum (mquattlebaum@scana.com)";</u>
	"Prescott Brownell"; "Randy Mahan"; "Ron Ahle"; "Scott Harder"; "Steve Summer";
	Alan Stuart;
Subject: Date: Attachments:	Saluda River IFIM study - revised PHABSIM model output for Reach 4 Run (Transect 2) Monday, December 03, 2007 2:16:25 PM revised section 4242.doc

Hello all -

Scott Harder and I have been interactively reviewing the PHABSIM model over the course of the past week or so. Along the way, he and I detected a bed vs. water elevation mismatch on transect (T-2, which describes the run in Reach 2 - near the Riverbanks Zoo). This transect is unique in that the bed elevation was profiled using the ADCP unit (rather than via rod-and-level survey) and then the relationship of the ADCP profile and DEM-derived land topography elevations were subsequently assembled during post-processing. A data entry error uncoupled the water elevations in the model from the bed elevations; correcting the elevations required recalibration and rerunning PHABSIM for this transect.

The attached text file reflects the revised model output for this transect. Please substitute the attached five pages for the corresponding original section 4.2.4.2 material in the draft report. I apologize for any inconvenience this may have caused you. If you have any questions please feel free to contact me.

Regards, Brandon Brandon H Kulik Senior Fisheries Biologist Kleinschmidt Energy & Water Resources 141 Main Street Pittsfield, ME 04967 (207) 487-3328 Fax: 487-3124 Message

Good afternoon all,

Attached for your records is the Turbine Aeration Study Plan to be carried out the week of September 24th. It appears everything is on schedule with respect for resealing Unit 2 and that work should be concluded in the coming weeks. The Study will require closing turbine vents for short periods which will result in depressed dissolved oxygen concentrations in the lower Saluda River. While we do not anticipate any fish kills, the potential does exist and your agencies may receive calls in the event a fish kill does occur. Hopefully, the study will go smoothly and we can limit low DO exposure times for aquatic organisms.

Robert Yanity with SCE&G will be putting out a press release informing the general public of these upcoming testing efforts.

Should you have any questions, please let me know.

regards, Alan

#### Alan Stuart

Senior Licensing Coordinator *Kleinschmidt Energy and Water Resources* 204 Caughman Farm Lane, Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Cell 803.640.8765

From:	Jim Ruane
То:	Mark Giffin;
cc:	Alan Stuart; Alison Guth;
Subject:	Fw: Water Quality TWC - Draft Report on Striped Bass Habitat Modeling
Date:	Wednesday, December 12, 2007 9:39:21 AM
Attachments:	Lake Murray W2 applications Report-Draft 12-03-07-stuart rev.doc

Hi Mark

Please see the attached report on the W2 model applications for Lake Murray.

Let me know if you need additional information or have questions.

Thanks, Jim

Richard J. Ruane, Reservoir Environmental Mgt., Inc. 900 Vine Street Suite 5 Chattanooga, TN 37403 423-265-5820; cell: 423-605-5820; Fax: 423-266-5217; jim@chatt.net

From: Alan Stuart [mailto:Alan.Stuart@KleinschmidtUSA.com] Sent: Monday, December 03, 2007 11:15 AM To: ARGENTIERI, WILLIAM R; Jennifer Hand; Tom Brooks; Amanda Hill; Andy Miller; Daniel Tufford; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Gina Kirkland; Jim Glover; Jim Ruane ; turnerle@dhec.sc.gov; RMAHAN@scana.com; rbull@davisfloyd.com; Richard Kidder; Ron Ahle; Roy Parker; Shane Boring; BOWLES, THOMAS M Subject: Water Quality TWC - Draft Report on Striped Bass Habitat Modeling

Good morning,

Attached is the draft report prepared by Jim Ruane and Andy Sawyer on the effects of Unit 5 operation and striped bass habitat availability in Lake Murray. This report consolidates the efforts of and provides TWC recommendations on operational scenarios which may increase striped bass habitat in Lake Murray. These recommendations reflect the discussions had during our November 6, 2007 TWC meeting.

Please review the document and provide comments by December 27, 2007.

Thank you all for your continued hard work in the relicensing of the Saluda

Project.

Have a very Happy and Safe Holiday season ! Alan

### Alan Stuart

Senior Licensing Coordinator *Kleinschmidt Energy and Water Resources* 204 Caughman Farm Lane, Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Cell 803.640.8765

From:	Alison Guth
То:	Alison Guth; "biser@windstream.net"; "Van Hoffman"; Alan Stuart;
	Alison Guth; "Amanda Hill"; "Bill Argentieri"; "Carl Sundius";
	"David Hancock"; "Dick Christie (dchristie@comporium.net)";
	"Jennifer O"Rourke"; "Jim Cumberland "; "John Frick"; "Joy Downs";
	"Randy Mahan"; "Rhett Bickley"; "Ron Ahle"; "Ronald Scott"; "Roy Parker";
	"Steve Bell"; "Suzanne Rhodes"; "Tom Ruple"; "Tommy Boozer";
	"Tony Bebber"; "Wendy0815@sc.rr.com";
Subject:	October 16, final notes
Date: Attachments:	Tuesday, February 05, 2008 1:55:30 PM 2007-10-16 final Meeting Minutes - LLM.pdf

Hello all,

Attached are the final Lake and Land Management TWC notes from October 16th, 2007. These will also be posted to the website. Thanks for all of your comments. Alison

Alison Guth Licensing Coordinator Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane, Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone 803-951-2077 Fax 803-951-2124

From:	Jennifer Summerlin
То:	"Steve Bell"; Alan Stuart; Alison Guth; "Amanda Hill"; "Bill Argentieri";
	<pre>"Columbia Individual (jdjaco@columbiasc.net)"; "Dee Bennett ";</pre>
	"Dick Christie"; "Harold Moxley"; Jennifer Hand; "Prescott Brownell";
	Shane Boring;
Subject:	Saluda Relicensing: 2007 American Shad Telemetry Study Plan
Date:	Monday, January 08, 2007 10:06:55 AM
Attachments:	American Shad Telemetry Study Plan 01-8-2007 (jms_csb_aws).doc

All:

Attached for your review is the 2007 American Shad Telemetry Study Plan. Please review and have comments back to me by January 29, 2007.

Thanks, Jennifer Summerlin Scientist Technician Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Drive, Suite 21A West Columbia, SC 29170 P:803.822.3177 F:803.822.3183

From:	Jennifer Hand
То:	"Steve Summer"; Alan Stuart; "Amanda Hill"; "Bill Argentieri";
	"Dick Christie"; "Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers)"; "Jim Glover";
	"Prescott Brownell"; "Randy Mahan"; Shane Boring; "Steve Leach";
Subject:	Saluda Relicensing: 2007 Shortnose Sturgeon Final Report
Date:	Monday, October 01, 2007 9:54:30 AM
Attachments:	2007 Shortnose Sturgeon Final Report _JMS_ 2007-09-28.pdf

Dear Diadromous Fish TWC Members:

Attached for your records is the 2007 Shortnose Sturgeon Final Report for the Saluda Hydro Project. As always the document will be posted to the Saluda relicensing website. Thanks for your continued participation in the Saluda relicensing process.

Jennifer S. Hand Biologist Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane, Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 P:803.951.2077 F:803.951.2124

From:	Jennifer Summerlin
То:	"Bill Argentieri"; "Milton Quattlebaum (mquattlebaum@scana.com)";
	"Randy Mahan"; "Steve Summer";
cc:	Alan Stuart; Shane Boring;
Subject:	Saluda Relicensing: 2007 Shortnose Sturgeon Draft Report
Date:	Monday, July 30, 2007 2:45:10 PM
Attachments:	2007 Shortnose Sturgeon Draft Report (JMS) 2007-07-30.doc

#### AII;

Attached for your review is the 2007 Shortnose Sturgeon Draft Report. Please have comments back to me by August 13, 2007. If you finish reviewing the report before August 13th, then go ahead and send it to me. Thanks and hope everyone has a wonderful day!

Jennifer Summerlin Scientist Technician Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Drive, Suite 21A West Columbia, SC 29170 P:803.822.3177 F:803.822.3183

From:	Shane Boring
То:	Shane Boring; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri;
	Bob Seibels (bseibels@yahoo.com); Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers);
	J. Hamilton Hagood; Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle;
Subject: Date:	Saluda Relicensing: Draft Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species Assessment Monday, October 08, 2007 9:10:22 AM

All:

Just a reminder that comments on the draft Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species Assessment for Saluda Hydro Relicensing were due this past Thursday, October 4th. For those still wishing to provide comments, please have those to me by this Friday, October 12th. Many thanks to those who have provided comments thus far. C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist HYPERLINK "http://www.kleinschmidtusa.com/" Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124

From:	Shane Boring
То:	Theresa Thom; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bud Badr;
	Dick Christie (dchristie@comporium.net); Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers);
	Gina Kirkland; Hal Beard; Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart;
	Mark Giffin (giffinma@dhec.sc.gov); Mike Waddell;
	Milton Quattlebaum (mquattlebaum@scana.com); Prescott Brownell;
	Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer;
	Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart;
Subject:	FW: Charts
Date:	Wednesday, December 12, 2007 9:33:48 PM
Attachments:	RAINBOW TROUT.xls
	BROWN TROUT.xls

Here are the trout lifestage and WUA tables that Kevin prepared for tomorrow's session. Thanks for all of your input. Shane -----Original Message-----From: Kevin Nebiolo Sent: Wednesday, December 12, 2007 6:34 PM To: Shane Boring Cc: Brandon Kulik Subject: Charts

From:	<u>Kustafik, Karen</u>
То:	Alison Guth;
Subject:	RE: Aquatic Studies Next Week
Date:	Friday, June 01, 2007 1:00:10 PM

Aaaah, studies. We just concluded the Rocky Shoals Spider Lily survey this week. Yay!

I want to let you know that Andy Grizzell and I will be on the water 1-5 Tuesday -Friday with kids from summer camp. We will certainly stay alert for cables and survey staff. Tuesday and Wednesday will be Millrace 1 & 2 areas, probably downsteam to Gervias Thursday & Friday.

# Happy Weekend, Karen

-----Original Message-----

**From:** Alison Guth [mailto:Alison.Guth@KleinschmidtUSA.com] **Sent:** Friday, June 01, 2007 12:44 PM

**To:** Winward point Yacht Club ; Aaron Small; Axson, William; Alan Stuart; aharmon@lpagroup.com; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Amy Bennett; Andy Miller; Bertina Floyd; Bill Argentieri; Bill Brebner; Bill East; BGreen@smeinc.com; Bill Hulslander; Bill Marshall; Bill Mathias; Bob Olsen; bseibels@yahoo.com; Brandon Stutts; Bret Hoffman; Brett Bursey; btrump@scana.com; Bud Badr; Buddy Baker ; Charlene Coleman; Charles Floyd; Charlie Compton; Charlie Rentz; Chris Page; ccantley@scdah.state.sc.us; Daniel Tufford; Dave Anderson; Dave Landis; David Allen; David Hancock; David Jones; David Price; Dee Dee Simmons; Dick Christie; Don Tyler; Donald Eng; Ed Diebold; duncane@mrd.dnr. state.sc.us; Edward Schnepel; aregaf@dnr.sc.gov; George Duke; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Gina Kirkland; Guy Jones; Hal Beard; Hank McKellar; ipitts@scprt.com; J. Hamilton Hagood; Jay Schabacher ; Jeff Duncan; Jennifer O'Rourke; Jennifer Price ; Jerry Wise; Jim Devereaux; Jim Glover; Jim Goller; Jim Ruane ; JoAnn Butler; Joe Logan; Joel Huggins ; John and Rob Altenberg; johned44@bellsouth.net; John Frick; Jon Leader; Joy Downs; Kustafik, Karen; Keith Ganz-Sarto; Ken Styer; Ken Uschelbec; Kenneth Fox; Kim Westbury; Kristina Massey; turnerle@dhec.sc. gov; Lee Barber; Linda Lester; Linda Schneider; Malcolm Leaphart; Mary Kelly; Michael Murrell; Mike Duffy; Mike Sloan; msummer@scana.com; Mike Waddell; Miriam Atria; Norm Nicholson; Norman Ferris; Parkin Hunter; Patricia Wendling; Patrick Moore; Phil Hamby; Prescott Brownell; Randal Shealy;

Randy Mahan; Ray Ammarell; Rebekah Dobrasko; rbull@davisfloyd. com; Rhett Bickley; Richard Kidder; Richard Mikell; SKEENER@sc.rr. com; Robert Lavisky; Roger Hovis ; Ron Ahle; Ronald Scott; Roy Parker; Russell Jernigan; ryanity@scana.com; Sandra Reinhardt; Sean Norris; Shane Boring; Sheri Armstrong ; Skeet Mills ; sjones@imichotels.net; Steve Bell; Steve Summer; Suzanne Rhodes; Synithia Williams; Theresa Powers; Theresa Thom; Tim Vinson; tbowles@scana.com; Tom Ruple; Tom Stonecypher; Tommy Boozer; Tony Bebber; tylehowe@nc-cherokee.com; Van Hoffman; balesw@dnr.sc.gov; Wenonah Haire **Subject:** Aquatic Studies Next Week

Hello All,

This is just a reminder regarding next week's IFIM (Instream Flow Incremental Methodology) Study on the lower Saluda River. SCE&G, Kleinschmidt and DNR will perform this detailed study of aquatic habitat in the lower Saluda Sunday, June 3, through Friday, June 8 from approximately 7 am to 6 pm each day. As Alan has described in the past RCG/TWC and Quarterly Public Meetings, the study methodology requires scientists and biologists to establish approximately 20 transects across the lower Saluda River and collect information such as habitat types, water depth, water surface elevations and water velocity measurements at various flows released from the dam.

To collect data, field crews will establish Kevlar cables across the river at each transect where data is to be collected. The cables are used to stabilize the boats in which the scientists are collecting the required data. The cables will be marked with orange flagging and will be manned by a field crew at all times. The field crews will move across the cabled transects laterally collecting data which may present an obstacle to boaters and other river users.

The location of the field scientists and transects where they are collecting data will vary from day to day. Locations of the transects range from just below the Saluda Dam to the confluence with the Broad River.

We ask that you use caution during any river activities and watch for field crew members and cables. Also, it is important that you pay attention to signage, sirens and changing water elevations. There will be a press release published in the local papers regarding this, as well. Thanks, Alison

Alison Guth Licensing Coordinator Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Drive Suite 21A West Columbia, SC 29170 P: (803) 822-3177 F: (803) 822-3183

From:	Shane Boring
То:	Theresa Thom; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bud Badr;
	Dick Christie (dchristie@comporium.net); Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers);
	Gina Kirkland; Hal Beard; Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart;
	<u>Mark Giffin (giffinma@dhec.sc.gov); Mike Waddell;</u>
	Milton Quattlebaum (mquattlebaum@scana.com); Prescott Brownell;
	Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer;
	Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart;
Subject: Date:	Saluda Hydro Relicense: Draft Lower Saluda IFIM Report Monday, November 19, 2007 11:58:51 AM

Dear Instream Flow Technical Working Committee Members:

In preparation for the upcoming Lower Saluda instream flow workshop on Dec 11 - 13, the draft Saluda IFIM Report is now available for download from the Kleinschmidt FTP site. The report is being made available through the FTP site due to file size. Please not that Appendix A, the consultation history, is included as a separate document. To access the files, visit the Kleinschmidt FTP site (link provided below). Once at the site, right click on each file and choose "copy to folder." ftp://ftp.kleinschmidtusa.com/455-058/Draft\_Saluda\_IFIM\_Report/ This was a very challenging field study, so many thanks go out to those who helped out during its development and in the field. Hope you all have a safe and happy holiday, and please do not hesitate to call or e-mail if you have problems accessing the files or if you have questions. Thanks. C. Shane Boring **Environmental Scientist** HYPERLINK "http://www.kleinschmidtusa.com/" Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124

From:	Shane Boring
То:	Theresa Thom; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bud Badr;
	Dick Christie (dchristie@comporium.net); Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers);
	Gina Kirkland; Hal Beard; Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart;
	Mark Giffin (giffinma@dhec.sc.gov); Mike Waddell;
	Milton Quattlebaum (mquattlebaum@scana.com); Prescott Brownell;
	Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer;
	Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart;
Subject:	FW: Charts
Date: Attachments:	Wednesday, December 12, 2007 9:31:29 PM Guild revisions.xls

Hello folks. Here are the additional PHABSIM runs we discussed at today's meeting.
Shane
C. Shane Boring
Environmental Scientist
HYPERLINK "http://www.kleinschmidtusa.com/" Kleinschmidt Associates
204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301
Lexington, SC 29072
Phone: (803)951-2077
Fax: (803)951-2124

-----Original Message-----From: Brandon Kulik Sent: Wednesday, December 12, 2007 8:29 PM To: Kevin Nebiolo; Shane Boring Cc: Alan Stuart Subject: RE: Charts

Shane,

Attached are additional PHABSIM runs for the guild groups requested earlier today. Note that one of the requested species lifestages from the deep-fast guild (N Hogsucker juvenile) has some sort of bug in the SI curve I brought along that doesn't play well with the program. It is excluded for now I will try to debug it and revise tomorrow if at all possible but did not want to delay sending out these other data to the TWC

I have not QC'd these comprehensively so they should be considered draft for now Brandon

From:	LEAPHART, JR., MALCOLML
То:	Shane Boring; Theresa Thom; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill;
	BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Bud Badr; dchristie@comporium.net;
	Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Hal Beard; Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover;
	Mike Waddell; mquattlebaum@scana.com; Prescott Brownell;
	RMAHAN@scana.com; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Steve Summer;
	Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart; ahler@dnr.sc.gov; selfr@dnr.sc.gov;
	marshallb@dnr.sc.gov; tbebber@scprt.com; Amanda_Hill@fws.gov;
CC:	rankind@dnr.sc.gov;
Subject:	RE: Saluda Hydro Relicense: Trout White Paper
Date:	Friday, October 26, 2007 6:29:54 PM

Shane and others:

Thanks to SC DNR for suggesting, and to Kleinschmidt for preparing the white paper. The time and effort to scientifically measure, describe, and assess the lower Saluda River (LSR) is appreciative as such a study is the proper starting point for decision making, as long as the focus is accurate...

The first comment from Trout Unlimited (TU) however concerns the focus and scope of the white paper... I agreed at a past IFIM meeting and documented in writing that TU's main concern was for conditions needed for trout reproduction, not a 'self sustaining' trout fishery which is determined by too many factors outside of the utility company's operations. As I documented in my email to you for filing with the TWC minutes, I used the term 'self sustaining' synonomously with 'reproducing' in the TU ICD letter as is often done in the 'literature' and by fishery biologists all over the country. Clarifying that usage is important as it changes the scope of the white paper completely, certainly making the conclusions meaningless. If the 'self sustaining' response was necessary because of the TU ICD letter,,, fine; but, a further evaluation of reproduction potential as agreed on needs to be done too.

Even with the unwanted 'self sustaining' focus, much of the report however has value in that it establishes the needs of rainbow and brown trout and attempts to evaluate how the LSR fares in meeting those needs (ie, recruitment potential). Specific comments regarding the white paper follow.

-- We are not surprised that the temperature regime is satisfactory for trout reproduction and survival as that is consistent with the conclusions from the 1985 USGS study that TU funded for \$5,250 for SC DNR. The note that the temperature range during brown trout spawning is marginal is somewhat surprising, but does provide a target for an important habitat improvement that should be closely evaluated for remedies.

-- According to Monte Seehorn, retired USFS Southeast Fisheries Biologist, experience has shown that pool to riffle ratios are not absolutes and that many trout streams with much less than ideal ratios have significant reproduction, often from relatively small areas suitable for spawning. The point is that many other factors come to bear besides the ratio, or the size of the spawning area, and trout are quite resilient. Much of the documented brown trout spawn in the White River in Arkansas for example has been found to occur in stretches relatively short for the length of the river. And their resiliency has been shown there too as they adapted to huge fluctuations in release levels, including for spawning site selection.

-- The implication that the LSR only has a 100' x 300' suitable for trout spawning is misleading. Most of the entire stretch of river on both sides of the islands below I26 where the 'Oh Brother Rapids' and 'Ocean Boulevard Rapids' are has the potential for trout spawning. Since the islands extend for nearly half a mile, that would mean over a mile of potential spawning sites alone exists there, counting both sides. Plus, the riffles at the spillway channel juncture, the rapids above Hopes Ferry Landing, the rapids at Corley Islands, and those below the islands below I26 extending all the way to the to the confluence would all have some potential. The .8 mile of riffle habitat is certainly a conservative estimate, and to infer that trout spawning would not occur anywhere else is questionable. That's not even consistent with the cited Raleigh conclusions that trout can spawn in up to 8.2 feet of water with suitable velocity and substrate which could certainly fall out of the observed riffle areas. Again, an empirical study apparently beyond the scope of the white paper is needed to be more definite here.

-- There appears to be a lack of comparison with many southern trout rivers that have more in common with the LSR than many in Maine. Tailrace trout fisheries in Arkansas for example were previously pointed out as examples that were very analagous and whose management could be looked at for guidance giving the hundreds of miles of those rivers and their longer history of research and management by both that state and the Corps of Engineers that built most of the dams. What other state has an 'Aquatic Habitats Manager' as Arkansas has in Larry Rider? But, apparently Mr. Ryder was not consulted after I shared his expertise and contact information with you as to trout habitat for this white paper. The success of their revetments to deepen channels (while providing handicap and other angler access), of gravel beds developed from anchored tree tops, and from root wads installed to provide holding areas (as we have done on the Eastatoe and other upstate streams) are all examples of tailrace habitat improvements for trout that should be considered as the LSR potential is evaluated for trout.

In "The Future of Trout in South Carolina" (A Plan for the Management of South Carolina's Trout Resources" (Geddings, 1998), "Put, grow, and take" trout

fisheries are described as having "various habitat deficiencies" that "do not permit successful reproduction" by trout. The LSR is essentially described as 'deficient habitat' in the white paper, though without any empirical studies or peer reviewed research to support that categorization, only observations and assumptions. However, it's difficult to question that description as the Lake Murray dam transformed a warm water piedmont river into a cold water fishery in the late 1920's. That the aquatic habitat that once was a 'self sustaining' warm water fishery is out of sync with the coldwater fishery created is not a surprise to no on. Indeed, that transformation is the crux of the 'habitat deficiency' problem for trout in the LSR and should be acknowledged, with remedies to get the two better in sync as part of the new license.

In summary: TU does not expect the utility company to develop a 'self sustaining' trout fishery as the white paper describes. TU does expect the utility to document steps in their plan to foster trout reproduction through habitat improvements, such as through annual projects developed in concert with TU, US Fish & Wildlife, and SC DNR. Those undertaken in upstate South Carolina in the SC DNR "Partners for Trout" program with the NRCS, and those in Arkansas as mentioned above would both be good starting points. While not totally replacing the need for trout stockings as the white paper indicates, the goal would be to improve the now coldwater habitat to the point where reproduction could at least occur, even if not in significant numbers to reduce stocking needs given the current fishing regs. To not do that while the dissolved oxygen and flow problems are being remedied would be short-sighted to say the least for a state 'wild and scenic' river that is the heart of the extensive rivere greenways of the Columbia area.

From: Shane Boring [mailto:Shane.Boring@KleinschmidtUSA.com] Sent: Mon 10/15/2007 9:05 AM

**To:** Theresa Thom; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bud Badr; dchristie@comporium.net; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Hal Beard; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; LEAPHART,JR., MALCOLML; Mike Waddell; mquattlebaum@scana.com; Prescott Brownell; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer; Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart **Subject:** Saluda Hydro Relicense: Trout White Paper

Dear Instream Flow/Aquatic Habitat TWC Members:

Attached for your review is the updated draft of the white paper examining the potential for a self-sustaining trout fishery on the Lower Saluda River. Many thanks to those who provided comments on the previous draft. Please provide us with your comments on the updated draft by Tuesday, October 31, 2007. Also, the paper will be an agenda item at our October 30th meeting of the Fish and Wildlife Technical Working Committees. Thanks again for your continued participation in the Saluda relicensing process.

Shane

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist <u>Kleinschmidt Associates</u> 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124

From:	Bill Marshall
То:	Alison Guth; Tony Bebber; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Charlene Coleman;
	Dave Anderson; Guy Jones; J. Hamilton Hagood; Jennifer Hand;
	Jim Cumberland ; Karen Kustafik; Kelly Maloney; Malcolm Leaphart;
	Mike Waddell;
cc:	Alan Stuart;
Subject:	RE: Draft Flow Study Report
Date:	Thursday, October 18, 2007 6:46:45 PM

Hello everyone – Here are my comments on the Draft Downstream Recreation Flow Assessment Report. Only wish I had a bit more time to process this and do a more thorough review but must get it out today.

General comment: I think this report provides much useful information and provides a helpful integration of Saluda River recreational information, which has been produced in various reports of the Saluda Relicensing Process.

Page 10: regarding the paragraph explaining the hydro operational scenarios that are demonstrated by the model. Comment: Demonstrating typical hydro operational scenarios, as was done, is appropriate; however, because we are concerned with safety issues and risks from hydro operations to downstream river users, we should include analyses of maximum flow scenarios that create conditions that pose the greatest risks to downstream river users. Conditions that pose the greatest risks are probably those where the hydro operations produce the maximum rates of change in river stage at each downstream station. A reserve call of only 1.5-hour duration may have less affect (produce slower rates of rise) at the Zoo area than reserve calls of longer durations (three hours or more) because it takes roughly two hours for the "wave" to arrive at the zoo. While, the 6-hour lake-level management scenarios provide adequate duration of flows to see a maximum effect at the zoo, another question arises (as presented in a following comment re. page-13): how would the incremental flow increase of 1,167 cfs per minute, versus 850 cfs, effect the results for rate of change?

Page 11: The second and third paragraphs refer to matching calculated hydraulic results with the observed hydraulic results. Comment: The report needs to include more information and discussion of accuracy. Is there some measure of error or accuracy that can be reported for matching the calculated results with those observed? It would be helpful to have a graphical presentation of model calibration results comparing model predictions against observed data for important hydraulic features such as depth, time of arrival, and rates of stage

increase along the river reach.

Page 13: The first paragraph explains assumptions related to the analyses and reports that incremental flow increases were set at 850 cfs per minute (a median figure) regardless of operational scenario. Comment: Because we are concerned with safety issues and risks to river users related to downstream flows resulting from hydro operations, shouldn't we model flow scenarios using the maximum incremental flow of 1,167 cfs per minute, as this would give us information about the most rapid rates of change in the river. And if judged that there are only minor differences in results using the various incremental flow increases, then it would be useful to demonstrate and explain the differences.

Page 13-14: regarding the paragraph explaining "wave arrival." Comment: Explanations about "initial rates of rise" and the transition to the "more steep rates of rise" and how much time is involved overall is important to understand. More graphical presentations would help improve the information.

The last sentence of this paragraph mentions the importance of understanding the first 15 minutes following "wave arrival" compared to overall rate of change at each location on the river. Based on our knowledge of the lower Saluda, it would seem that the first 15 and 30-minute periods of time after wave arrival and the first 1 to 4 feet in rise are the most important aspects to understand for dealing with river safety concerns.

Overall, more graphical presentations in the report would be a welcomed addition to the many tables provided.

Page 14, second paragraph, last sentence may need clarification: Sentence seems to say the greatest rate of change is between 75% and 90% of maximum. Should it say "between start of rise to 75% and 90% of maximum"?

Pages 13-14, discussion of assumptions: Comment: Please explain what boundary conditions were used in the downstream side. Does the downstream condition always include 500 cfs flow.

Page 17, second paragraph – Edit: Cornerstone Presbyterian Church, located off of <u>Old</u> Bush River Road, owns waterfront property adjacent to <u>the boat ramp at</u> <u>Saluda Shoals Park</u> (not Rawls Creek).

Page 21, one report bullet says: "A hand-carry access <u>site below the I-20 bridge</u> (City of Columbia is currently working on this access site)." – this should be "site below I-26 bridge" -- as this is where City of Columbia will be developing the

Saluda River Walk with a boater access just below the bridge.

Pages 27-29 – Comment: The discussion of average daily flows (here and on page 81) tends to misrepresent the flows that are realistically available to recreational users. Because flows fluctuate widely in any given day due to hydro operations, the statistical "average daily flow" (3,291 cfs for example) might only be available for 10 minutes in a given day as the river goes from 500 cfs to 18,000 cfs and back down again in one day.

Perhaps a better way to characterize "available flows" for recreationist would be to look at hourly averages and describe when favorable flow ranges are maintained for some period of time (and not just a brief point on a dynamic hydrograph). For example, I'd suggest looking at favorable flow ranges that were maintained four hours during daylight hours, as this sort of timeframe better fits what recreational uses might really consider as a flow opportunity.

Page 73, bullet item – I think the telephone ring-down (call-down) system was tested for a while but is not yet "in place" (or is it?)

Page 80, third paragraph -- I don't think the River Alliance study evaluated flows for flatwater boating, as the report, on pp 22-23, says that the study "focused only on sections of the lower Saluda which had whitewater characteristics." The RA study does address "open tandem canoes" on the whitewater sections and two flows (roughly 2,000 cfs and 4500 cfs) were evaluated. On p. 45 a table RA reports flows as "recommended safety ranges" for "canoe" but does not distinguish between the "open tandem canoe" and "whitewater canoe" categories.

Page 81-82 – Comment: Similar to comments, above, for page 10 and page 13, I think the rate of change analyses and conclusions about rate of change should address a maximum and sustained flow scenario from the hydro plant that produces the most rapid change effects downstream at all sites. I think that would be a 3-hour reserve call requiring 18,000 cfs released at maximum incremental flow rates (1,167 cfs?). Various scenarios are well analyzed and presented in this report but none of them of them seem to push the variables to their potential maximum limits.

Probably the most safety-relevant information to produce and report is the steepest rates of change within the first 15 and 30 minutes (or first 1 to 4 feet of rise) after "wave arrival" at each site.

From:	Alison Guth
То:	Tony Bebber; Alan Stuart; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri;
	David Hancock; Dick Christie; Joy Downs; Ron Ahle; Steve Bell;
Subject:	RT&E tracking tool
Date:	Tuesday, January 16, 2007 1:44:50 PM
Attachments:	Section 7 Saluda Hydro Tracking Tool 1-15-07.xls

Hello Folks,

I had a homework item at the last meeting to acquire from Shane what has been accomplished so far for RT&E species. Attached below is the tracking tool that has been developed to track RT&E species with their preferred habitat. I will bring a copy of this tomorrow and we can discuss it more then. Thanks! Alison

Alison Guth Licensing Coordinator Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Drive Suite 21A West Columbia, SC 29170 P: (803) 822-3177 F: (803) 822-3183

From:	Alison Guth
То:	Steve Summer; AI Blott (al.blott@verizon.net); Alan Stuart; Alison Guth;
	Amanda Hill; Ben Rizzo (Ben_Rizzo@fws.gov); Bill Argentieri; Dee Bennett ;
	Dick Christie; GibbonsJ@dnr.sc.gov; Harold Moxley; Jennifer Hand;
	Joey Jaco; Milton Quattlebaum (mquattlebaum@scana.com);
	Prescott Brownell; Ross Self; Shane Boring;
Subject:	Columbia Fishway Evaluation Study Plan Addition
Date:	Wednesday, February 21, 2007 3:55:44 PM
Attachments:	Columbia Fishway Evaluation Plan 1-07.doc
	2007-1-23 Columbia Fishway-Saluda Relicensing final meeting notes.pdf

Hello All,

Attached is the Columbia Fishway Evaluation Plan with all of the changes discussed in the January 23 meeting incorporated. You will also notice that there is an additional footnote on the bottom of the second page of the document. As previously written, the Evaluation Plan requires that we begin observations at the Columbia Fishway by March 1st regardless of whether or not American shad are being passed at St. Stephens. Based on our current understanding, the American shad have not yet begun to move through the fish lift at St. Stephens this year, and spawning runs have been delayed due to temperatures. A footnote has been added that states that fishway observations will begin on a 2-day-per-week basis one week after notification that a cumulative total of 10,000 American shad are passed at the St. Stephens project or March 1st "Unless American Shad are not being passed at St. Stephens due to delays in spawning runs as a result of varying climate and/or mechanical problems at the fish lift". Unless there are concerns expressed regarding the footnote, we will consider the Fishway Evaluation Plan final. Thanks, and I have also included the final meeting notes for your records. Alison

Alison Guth Licensing Coordinator Kleinschmidt Associates 101 Trade Zone Drive Suite 21A West Columbia, SC 29170 P: (803) 822-3177 F: (803) 822-3183

From:	Mike Waddell
То:	Kelly Maloney;
Subject:	RE: Down Stream Recreation Flow Assessment Report
Date:	Tuesday, October 16, 2007 11:11:04 AM

Kelly: On the calibrations curves all I have are river station numbers. I would just like know what other constraints besides maximum rate of rise of 850 cfs.

Mike

From: Kelly Maloney [mailto:Kelly.Maloney@KleinschmidtUSA.com]
Sent: Tuesday, October 16, 2007 10:54 AM
To: Mike Waddell
Cc: Jon Quebbeman; Alan Stuart
Subject: RE: Down Stream Recreation Flow Assessment Report

Mike,

Good morning. Could you clarify what you mean by constraints on the model?

I am unable to edit the pdf that shows the level logger locations in the report. Suffice it to say that the labels for the level loggers correspond to the locations on the river which are already labeled.

- Upstream of Hope Ferry is the most upstream location, just up from Hope Ferry.
- Corley Island, Gardendale, Oh Brother, Ocean Boulevard, Stacy's Ledge, and Shandon Rapids already have labels that correspond to the locations of the level loggers.
- Botanical Gardens is the level logger location at Mill Race Rapids in between Stacy's Ledge and Shandon Rapids - it has the label "Riverbanks Botanical Garden" right below it.

Thanks, Kelly

> -----Original Message-----From: Mike Waddell [mailto:mwaddell@esri.sc.edu] Sent: Tuesday, October 16, 2007 10:28 AM To: Kelly Maloney Subject: RE: Down Stream Recreation Flow Assessment Report

{SpamScore: sss} {SpamScore: sss} {SpamScore: sss}

Kelly: How many constraints were put on the model. These calibrations are remarkable. Would please send me a map with river stations label on it. The only thing I can find on the calibrations is on Feb 14th and 15th the miss that event. Base on the calibrations curves nobody can argue the model results. I will be sending in the next few days my official comments, but now there will be very few. Thank you for your patience.

Mike

From: Kelly Maloney [mailto:Kelly.Maloney@KleinschmidtUSA.com]
Sent: Monday, October 15, 2007 3:26 PM
To: Mike Waddell
Cc: Alan Stuart; Jon Quebbeman
Subject: RE: Down Stream Recreation Flow Assessment Report {SpamScore: sss} {SpamScore: sss}

Mike,

My apologies...I intended to include the graphs with the last email. Here they are for your review. As discussed in the report, the maximum stage and rate of change comes from the model. Actually, all of the results come from the model which was built using the level logger data. It's not appropriate to use the actual level logger data for the analysis because it would be comparing apples and oranges. For example, there were flows that were provided for such a short duration that the "maximum" stage was never actually achieved. The flow did not have enough time to stabilize so analyzing the data for that flow directly would have underestimated the max and time to max. Also as discussed in the report, the level loggers recorded water depths once per minute for 30 days from January 22 through February 22, 2007. The model likewise produces stage levels (in feet) for every minute of a 24-hour period for the reserve call scenario and the lake level management scenario and once every minute for 36 hours for the river stabilization scenario.

Thank you, Kelly

-----Original Message-----

From: Mike Waddell [mailto:mwaddell@esri.sc.edu]
Sent: Monday, October 15, 2007 3:05 PM
To: Kelly Maloney
Subject: RE: Down Stream Recreation Flow Assessment Report {SpamScore: sss} {SpamScore: sss}

Kelly: I understand this a recreation flow assessment. You talk about the modeling. With that being said, and I am person who does modeling but not surface water, I want to see the calibration curves and rms errors between the model data and measure data. That give me an ideal on how reliable the results from the model are. You publish maximum stage and rate of change table in the report are those numbers from the data recorder or results from the modeling. If the data is from the data recorders how often did the recorders punch data. Your last paragraph explains a lot, because a year ago June one of our TU members was at Corley Island when one of those rare call up for reserved came and he saw a wall of water ~2 feet in height sweep him down stream. Mike

From: Kelly Maloney [mailto:Kelly.Maloney@KleinschmidtUSA. com]
Sent: Monday, October 15, 2007 2:47 PM
To: Mike Waddell
Cc: Alan Stuart; Jon Quebbeman
Subject: RE: Down Stream Recreation Flow Assessment Report {SpamScore: sss} {SpamScore: sss}

## Mike,

We identified the 850 cfs as a median release flow observed during the actual level logger deployments - which captured a full range of flow releases. In addition, this release represents a balance between the higher release of 1,167 cfs experienced during reserve calls (which last about an hour and a half) and the lower release of 500 cfs during lake level management releases (which last about 6 hours). The reality is (according to USGS hourly gage data provided by the SCDNR) that an hourly average of 18,000 cfs or greater has occurred only 18 days in the last 7 years; an average hourly of 12,000 cfs or greater has occurred only 6 percent of the time (139 days) in the last 7 years; an average hourly of 8,000 cfs or greater has occurred only 13 percent of the time (301 days) in the last 7 years. So, in reality, reserve call is not a frequent occurrence.

The limitation has to do with the fact that an assumption for operations had to be made within the scope and context of this study. This is a recreational flow study - this study was never intended to be a full-blown operations model. That is being handled by another TWC. The purpose of this study was to characterize available recreation opportunities, understand the rate of change during operational flow scenarios, and identify public safety issues.

For a reserve call, the "rate of rise" is not 1,167 cfs, the release of water equates to 1,167 cfs every minute until the specified outflow is achieved. For 18,000 cfs, a baseflow of 500 cfs is assumed, so a flow of 18,000 cfs from the dam would be achieved within 15 minutes. I agree that effect of this release is significant for the most upstream sites and attenuates as it moves downstream but this significance is already evident even with a conservative assumption of 850 cfs every minute. The water comes up over 4 feet in 15 minutes under that operational assumption (a "rate of rise" of 0.29 feet per minute). Thus, we've already identified this as a safety concern and can recognize that the water comes up even faster during an actual reserve call.

I hope this answers your question and Jon and Alan can feel free to speak up if they have anything more to contribute.

Thanks, Kelly

> -----Original Message----- **From:** Mike Waddell [mailto:mwaddell@esri.sc.edu] **Sent:** Monday, October 15, 2007 1:13 PM **To:** Kelly Maloney **Subject:** RE: Down Stream Recreation Flow Assessment Report {SpamScore: sss}

Kelly: Please clarify that there is a limitation of 850 cfs because of the HEC-RAS code or is this your limitation. Because what concerns me is on page 13 the report states in reality when the reserve is call up to 18,000 cfs the actual rate of rise is 1,167 cfs. This is not significant for most areas on the river except at Metts Landing and Corley Island where we fish. So what has to be done to simulate reality.

Mike

From: Kelly Maloney [mailto:Kelly.
Maloney@KleinschmidtUSA.com]
Sent: Monday, October 15, 2007 11:51 AM
To: Mike Waddell
Cc: Alan Stuart; Jon Quebbeman
Subject: RE: Down Stream Recreation Flow Assessment
Report {SpamScore: sss}

Mike,

I am having the graphs you requested generated and will send them shortly.

If I understand your second question correctly, the model assumes that the plant starts with a baseline flow of 500 cfs, then increases flows incrementally by 850 cfs per minute regardless of operational scenario. For a flow of 3000 cfs, for example, the model assumes at minute zero the flow is 500 cfs; at minute one the flow is 500 cfs plus 850 cfs (1350 cfs); minute two gains an additional 850 cfs increase, resulting in a flow of 2200 cfs; and minute three reaches the targeted flow of 3000 cfs. This assumption is discussed as a limitation of the model on page 13 of the report.

Just a reminder that, because I am departing for maternity leave on October 26, I would like to have all comments by October 19, if at all possible.

Thank you, Kelly

-----Original Message-----From: Mike Waddell [mailto:mwaddell@esri.sc.edu] Sent: Monday, October 15, 2007 10:04 AM To: Kelly Maloney Subject: RE: Down Stream Recreation Flow Assessment Report

What I need to evaluated the report is to know at each cross section across the river where there was a water level recorder the graph showing the modeling results and actual water levels from the data recorders to determine how well the model calibrated with actual measurements. The other question I have are the rates of change in time and elevation base on incremented the flow at 850 cfs not 18000 cfs at one time.

Mike

From: Kelly Maloney [<u>mailto:Kelly.</u> <u>Maloney@KleinschmidtUSA.com</u>] Sent: Monday, October 15, 2007 9:50 AM To: Mike Waddell Subject: RE: Down Stream Recreation Flow Assessment Report

Mike,

They are generated from the model which was created with the level logger data.

Thanks, Kelly -----Original Message-----From: Mike Waddell [mailto:mwaddell@esri.sc.edu] Sent: Monday, October 15, 2007 9:48 AM To: Kelly Maloney Subject: RE: Down Stream Recreation Flow Assessment Report

Kelly I was able to open them. In Appendix F the hydrographs are generated from the model or are they from the water level recorders?

From: Kelly Maloney [<u>mailto:Kelly.</u> <u>Maloney@KleinschmidtUSA.com</u>] Sent: Monday, October 15, 2007 9:24 AM To: Mike Waddell; Alan Stuart Subject: RE: Down Stream Recreation Flow Assessment Report

Mike,

The files are quite large. Please let me know if you are unable to retrieve or open them.

Thank you, Kelly

-----Original Message-----From: Mike Waddell [mailto:mwaddell@esri.sc.edu] Sent: Monday, October 15, 2007 7:45 AM To: Kelly Maloney; Alan Stuart Subject: Down Stream Recreation Flow Assessment Report

Kelly: I am missing Appendix E and F. Therefore I cannot finish reviewing this report. Would please send me the missing appendices and I will need a another week or two to finish reviewing and making comments.

Mike

Michael G. Waddell Research Associate Professor Earth Sciences and Resources Institute University of South Carolina Office (803) 777-6484

Mike

From:	Jennifer Hand
То:	"Steve Summer"; Alan Stuart; "Amanda Hill"; "Bill Argentieri";
	"Dick Christie"; "Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers)"; "Jim Glover";
	"Prescott Brownell"; "Randy Mahan"; Shane Boring; "Steve Leach";
Subject:	Saluda Relicensing: 2006-2007 LSR American Eel Evaluation
Date:	Tuesday, January 22, 2008 1:14:42 PM
Attachments:	2006-2007 Lower Saluda River American Eel Evaluation 2008-01-22 (jms).
	<u>doc</u>

All:

Attached for your review and comment is the 2006-2007 Lower Saluda River American Eel Evaluation. Please have comments back to me by February 12, 2008. Thanks for your time and commitment to the Saluda relicensing process.

Thanks, Jennifer S. Hand Biologist Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane, Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 P:803.951.2077 F:803.951.2124

LEAPHART, JR., MALCOLML
Dave Anderson; Van Hoffman; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Bill Marshall; David Hancock;
dchristie@comporium.net; George Duke; Jennifer Hand; Jim Cumberland ; Joy Downs;
Lee Barber; RMAHAN@scana.com; Steve Bell; Tim Vinson; Tommy Boozer; Tony Bebber;
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beardh@dnr.sc.gov; selfr@dnr.sc.gov; gjobsis@americanrivers.org; Imccaryvt@yahoo.com;
keithcloud@yahoo.com;
RE: Meeting Dates and Documents to Review Tuesday, February 26, 2008 10:55:45 AM

Thanks for the heads-up Monday, Dave. Yes, I did attach the wrong document Friday... Attached today is the intended document which I am circulating as a reply to all from your distribution of February 6 when you first sent the draft out. Matt Rice had supported the recommendations Friday, but had seen them before my email to you in a prior send to him for comments. Note the new title; and, as suggested previously the request that the recommendations be shared as soon as finalized with the Fish & Wildlife Group, many of whom I have also shared this message with. Thanks... Malcolm

## **Recreation Resource Conservation Group**

#### Issue Recommendation Protection of trout fishing in the lower Saluda River

DRAFT February 5, 2008

The lower Saluda River (LSR) is currently managed as a 'put, grow, and take' rainbow trout and brown trout fishery by the SC Department of Natural Resources (SC DNR). Trout stockings vary in number depending primarily on availability of fish from the SC DNR Walhalla Fish Hatchery. Stocking records suggest that typically the SCDNR stocks approximately 28,000 to 30,000 trout annually in the LSR, with a 3:1 ratio of brown trout to rainbow trout, respectively. The length of the fish at the time of stocking is typically 7-8" for brown trout and 9-10" for rainbow trout.

Trout are typically stocked from November – March throughout the LSR after the dissolved oxygen levels have improved to safer levels for fish in the releases of water from Lake Murray. The initial stocking event is typically done by the use of helicopter to facilitate distribution of both species along the LSR. Subsequent stockings are conducted by truck with stocking locations limited to 3 locations along the LSR. Access to the river appears to be the most limiting factor affecting stocking of trout. Intense fishing pressure, predation by striped bass and other warmwater species, no significant natural reproduction, and late-summer and fall low dissolved oxygen (DO) concentrations have to date required that the LSR trout population be maintained by stockings.

### **Recommendations:**

The Recreation RCG recommends to the Fish & Wildlife relicensing group that SCE&G continue to support the trout fishing as a significant recreational activity in the LSR by:

1. Sharing relevant data (generation records, DO monitoring, temperature monitoring, etc.) with the SCDNR to facilitate information gathering on the trout fishery;

- 2. Providing sufficient access points on the LSR for anglers to enter/exit the river, especially for safety reasons from the danger of rapidly rising water levels;
- 3. Maintaining the state standards for dissolved oxygen year round in the LSR;
- 4. Maintaining minimum and maximum flow levels as determined by science based studies in conjunction with state and federal fishery agencies, such as the current 'IFIM' study undertaken during relicensing;
- 5. Continuing relationships with relevant state and federal resource management agencies to support the health, survival, and propagation of aquatic life and natural communities in and around the LSR, including adaptive management during the course of the new license with ongoing studies and evaluations to provide for healthy trout habitat during the new license term.

From:	Alan Stuart
То:	"Gina Kirkland"; Shane Boring; "JR. MALCOLML LEAPHART";
cc:	"Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers)"; "mrice@americanrivers.org"; "dengff@aol.
	<pre>com"; "mseehorn@comcast.net"; "dchristie@comporium.net"; "Mark Giffin";</pre>
	"James Glover"; "ahler@dnr.sc.gov"; "Bud Badr"; "beardh@dnr.sc.gov";
	<pre>"dchristie@dnr.sc.gov"; "Scott Harder"; "selfr@dnr.sc.gov"; "Mike Waddell";</pre>
	"Amanda Hill"; Alison Guth; Brandon Kulik; Dave Anderson; Jennifer Hand;
	"Prescott Brownell"; "Theresa Thom"; BARGENTIERI@scana.com;
	<pre>"mquattlebaum@scana.com"; RMAHAN@scana.com; "Steve Summer";</pre>
	<u>"rankind@scdmr.org";</u>
Subject:	RE: IFIM
Date:	Monday, March 03, 2008 12:42:05 PM
Attachments:	LSR Temperatures.ppt

# Gina,

You are pretty much correct. I've attached graphs from our LSR DO standard public meeting presentation where we presented modeling information on wet, moderately wet, normal and dry years. Especially during normal years, temperatures are pretty much optimal for trout growth. There are a few exceptions during high/moderate inflow years where temperatures generally rise for short durations (primarily because of having to operate Unit 5 to get rid of high inflows). I'll caveat this by saying the temperature data in the graphs are from the USGS gage below the dam.

Something I think getting lost in this whole thing is typically the LSR provides optimal growing temperatures year round (especially in normal flow years which we expect to occur more times than not). The LSR does not experience extremely low temperatures (which inhibit metabolism and growth rates) in the winter time like true natural trout streams nor very seldom does it reach critical upper limits. During minimum flow releases the LSR currently experiences temperature shifts due to daily warming thus, by default, provide what Malcolm is suggesting.

I believe in our TWC meetings Dick C. indicated while there are three cool water species (brown/rainbow trout and smallmouth ?) which are important but equally or more important are the approximately 40 warm water fish species. The first goal in establishing a flow regime for the LSR was to ensure needs of a balanced indigenous biological community be considered. I suspect, daily pulses to intentionally lower water temperatures for cool water species would have a very adverse impact on the warm water species both in terms of including spawning timing, spawning success, recruitment and growth rates.

I'll be the first to admit I'm rather novice in fishery management so if my

interpretation of the data is incorrect someone please feel free to correct my inaccuracies.

I'm off to fish in the creeks at Pawley's Island....have fun all :).

Alan

-----Original Message-----From: Gina Kirkland [mailto:KIRKLAGL@dhec.sc.gov] Sent: Monday, March 03, 2008 10:26 AM To: Shane Boring; JR. MALCOLML LEAPHART Cc: Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); mrice@americanrivers.org; dengff@aol.com; mseehorn@comcast.net; dchristie@comporium.net; Mark Giffin; James Glover; ahler@dnr.sc.gov; Bud Badr; beardh@dnr.sc. gov; dchristie@dnr.sc.gov; Scott Harder; selfr@dnr.sc.gov; Mike Waddell; Amanda Hill; Alan Stuart; Alison Guth; Brandon Kulik; Dave Anderson; Jennifer Hand; Prescott Brownell; Theresa Thom; BARGENTIERI@scana. com; mquattlebaum@scana.com; RMAHAN@scana.com; Steve Summer; rankind@scdmr.org Subject: RE: IFIM

Hi Malcolm!

I noticed your question and this new email to Shane and my recollections from discussions of the studies done on the LSR, showed that the temperature did not go over about 62-63 degress F. Am I remembering it incorrectly? Thanks.

Gina

>>> "LEAPHART,JR., MALCOLML" <MALCOLML@mailbox.sc.edu> 3/3/2008 9:41 AM >>> Shane, Below is an observation on the effects of water temperature based on over 50 years of experience with trout habitat from Monte Seehorn, retired SE Fisheries Biologist for the US Forest Service. Monte is still active, chairing the annual 'Chatooga Coalition' which brings the various state and federal agencies together with TU and other concerned constituent groups to share information to better manage the Chattooga trout fishery. Thought it would be appropriate and hopefully valuable to share the thoughts from a long time mentor to many scientists and one of the most respected in his field. Have distributed to the IFIM and F&W RCG lists. Would suggest that you in turn also share with the WQ TWC where the release guidelines from the lake to the LSR are being developed; and, also as Monte suggests that the critical water temperature factor be fully evaluated in the operational model. Malcolm

Malcolm, in my opinion, <u>a constant 70 degree temperature would be more</u> <u>harmful to trout than one that allowed a fluctuation from 67-68 degrees to a</u> <u>maximum of 73 or 74 degrees in a 24 hour period.</u> It really seems critical to provide the below 70 degree temperature for at least a couple hours in a 24 hour period. I base that on some sampling and temperature records above and below SCS impoundments installed on small trout streams in Georgia. The lakes acted as a heat sink, never allowing temperature to drop below 70 degrees for several days, although maximum temperatures never exceeded 72 degrees. The result: good rainbow populations above, no trout below... If these considerations could be worked into a <u>flow model</u>, it might help. I'm sure I have more info on this study in my old files if needed. SCS did the temp monitoring and I did the fish pop sampling. They published a paper in the Transactions of the Southeastern Association of Game and Fish Commissioners Meeting. Monte

From: LEAPHART, JR., MALCOLML Sent: Thursday, February 28, 2008 12:07 PM To: 'Shane Boring' Cc: Theresa Thom; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bud Badr; dchristie@comporium.net; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Gina Kirkland; Hal Beard; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; giffinma@dhec.sc.gov; Mike Waddell; mquattlebaum@scana.com; Prescott Brownell; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Steve Summer; Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart; 'dchristie@dnr.sc.gov'; 'beardh@dnr.sc.gov'; 'selfr@dnr.sc.gov'; 'ahler@dnr. sc.gov'; 'mrice@americanrivers.org'; 'rankind@scdmr.org'; 'mseehorn@comcast.net'; 'dengff@aol.com' Subject: IFIM Shane,

I have heard from Dan Rankin (SC DNR Fisheries Biologist) and also Monte Seehorn (USFS, retired SE Fisheries Biologist) over the years how important water temperature is to maintaining trout populations – especially as temps in the higher end of the tolerance range for trout allows more warmwater species to reproduce, increasing predation. *How is water temperature factored into the IFIM for the LSR to maximize the trout fishery since flows can be a major determinant of temperatures???* 

From:	Buddy Baker
То:	Shane Boring; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; BARGENTIERI@scana.com;
	Bob Perry; Brandon Stutts ; dchristie@comporium.net; Jennifer Hand;
	Jim Glover; RMAHAN@scana.com; Ron Ahle;
cc:	Jay Butfiloski; Billy Dukes; Tim Ivey; Derrell Shipes; Breck Carmichael;
	Hal Beard; Dean Harrigal; Walt Rhodes; Bob Harkins; Kennamer@srel.edu;
Subject: Date: Attachments:	RE: Lk. Murray Waterfowl Survey Update Thursday, January 10, 2008 12:02:44 PM LakeMurrayWaterfowlSurveys2003-2008.xls

Shane, et.al, Attached for comparison is the results of this years boat survey of waterfowl on Lake Murray. The survey route which has been conducted annually in January since 2003 only covers the lower portion of the main pool. Roughly everything north, south and east of Shull Island. Waterfowl continue to be scarce. Two bald eagles were recorded.

-----Original Message-----

From: Shane Boring [mailto:Shane.Boring@KleinschmidtUSA.com]

Sent: Monday, December 17, 2007 3:11 PM

To: Shane Boring; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bob Perry; Brandon Stutts; Buddy Baker; dchristie@comporium.net; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle Subject: Lk. Murray Waterfowl Survey Update

All:

Warren Stephens of the Savannah River Ecology Lab flew the second Lake Murray waterfowl survey of the 2007-2008 season on December 12th, 2007. Results were similar to those of the previous survey, with only mallards and Canada geese observed. Summaries of the data from SREL are attached. Thanks for your continued interest in the Lake Murray waterfowl surveys and have a great holiday season.

Shane C. Shane Boring **Environmental Scientist** Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124

From:	Shane Boring
To:	Theresa Thom; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bud Badr;
	Dick Christie (dchristie@comporium.net); Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers);
	Hal Beard; Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart; Mike Waddell;
	Milton Quattlebaum (mquattlebaum@scana.com); Prescott Brownell;
	Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer;
	Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart;
Subject:	Oh Brother Geomorph Assessment
Date:	Tuesday, September 18, 2007 1:14:29 PM
Attachments:	Saluda Assessment 09-18-2007.pdf

Dear Instream Flow TWC Members:

As you may remember, we had a geologist (Dr Tim Kana) conduct an assessment of the Oh Brother Rapids area of the Lower Saluda prior to placing transects there for the IFIM study. Attached for your records is the memo summarizing Dr Kana's observations. Thanks for your continued interest in the IFIM study.

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist <u>Kleinschmidt Associates</u> 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124

From:	Shane Boring
То:	<u>Vivianne Vejdani ; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri;</u>
	Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Jennifer Price ; Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover;
	Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Shane Boring; Steve Summer;
cc:	Cheryl Balitz;
Subject: Date:	Saluda Hydro Relicensing: Final 2007 Lower Saluda Macroinvertebrate Report Friday, April 04, 2008 11:46:44 AM
Attachments:	2007 Lower Saluda Macroinvertebrate Report _Final;04042008pdf

Dear TWC Members:

Attached for your records is the final report for the macroinvertebrate surveys conducted on the lower Saluda River during Fall 2007. As you may remember, the surveys were conducted by and the report prepared by Dan Carnagey of Carnagey Biological Services. Many thanks to those who provided valuable comments on the draft report. Have a great weekend. C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist HYPERLINK "http://www.kleinschmidtusa.com/" Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124

Cheryl: Please post to the relicensing website under Documents, Study Reports. Thanks.

From:	Shane Boring
То:	<u>Vivianne Vejdani ; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bob Perry ;</u>
	Brandon Stutts ; Buddy Baker ; Dick Christie (dchristie@comporium.net);
	Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover; Milton Quattlebaum (mquattlebaum@scana.
	com); Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Shane Boring;
cc:	Cheryl Balitz; Wade Bales (balesw@dnr.sc.gov); Alison Guth; Bill East;
	Bill Hulslander; Bill Marshall; Bob Seibels (bseibels@yahoo.com);
	Charlene Coleman; Daniel Tufford; Ed Diebold; George Duke;
	Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Gina Kirkland; Hal Beard; Jeff Duncan;
	Jennifer O"Rourke; Jim Cumberland ; Jim Goller; Joe Logan; Joy Downs;
	Larry Turner (turnerle@dhec.sc.gov); Laura Boos (laura.mccary@gmail.
	com); Malcolm Leaphart; Mike Sloan; Mike Waddell; Norman Ferris;
	Prescott Brownell; Reed Bull (rbull@davisfloyd.com); Robert Lavisky;
	Scott Harder; Steve Bell (lakewatchman@yahoo.com); Steve Leach;
	Steve Summer; Suzanne Rhodes; Tom Bowles (tbowles@scana.com);
Subject:	Saluda Hydro Relicense: Final 2007-
	2008 lake Murray Waterfowl Survey Report
Date:	Tuesday, May 13, 2008 5:34:55 PM
Attachments:	SREL Final Waterfowl Report 2007-08 _05132008pdf

Dear Terrestrial Resources TWC Members:

Attached for your records is the final report for the waterfowl surveys conducted by Savannah River Ecology on Lake Murray during Winter 2007-2008. Thanks to all who provided comments on the previous draft. As always, the report will be posted to the Saluda Relicensing website. C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist HYPERLINK "http://www.kleinschmidtusa.com/" Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124

Cheryl: Please post under study reports.

From:	Gerrit Jobsis
То:	Brandon Kulik; Shane Boring; Theresa Thom; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill;
	BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Bud Badr; dchristie@comporium.net; Gina Kirkland;
	Hal Beard; Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart; giffinma@dhec.sc.gov;
	Mike Waddell; mquattlebaum@scana.com; Prescott Brownell; RMAHAN@scana.
	com; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer; Alan Stuart;
Subject: Date:	RE: Monthly median Project inflows, and some light reading and food for thought Thursday, January 17, 2008 11:08:44 AM

Good information Brandon. Of course we don't have to work in full months. For example I'd be much more comfortable lumping Dec 21-Feb 28, than starting Dec 1.

Gerrit Jobsis, American Rivers Southeast Regional Director 2231 Devine Street, Suite 202, Columbia, S.C. 29205 803.771.7114 (t) 803.771.7580 (f) gjobsis@americanrivers.org

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From: Brandon Kulik [mailto:Brandon.Kulik@KleinschmidtUSA.com]
Sent: Thursday, January 17, 2008 10:59 AM
To: Shane Boring; Theresa Thom; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bud Badr; dchristie@comporium.net; Gerrit Jobsis; Gina Kirkland; Hal Beard; Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart; giffinma@dhec.sc.gov; Mike Waddell; mquattlebaum@scana.com; Prescott Brownell; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer; Alan Stuart
Subject: Monthly median Project inflows, and some light reading and food for thought

Hello everyone,

Attached as requested, is a table of monthly median project inflows It may suggest some alternative ways of lumping months other than that proposed on our call. Open for discussion at our workshop.

Month Median Value Jan 2782 Feb 3188 March 3549 April 2387.5 May 1610 June 1315.5 July 1135 August 1109.5 Sept 1052.5 Oct 946 Nov 1166 Dec 1828

One possible mix based on both rough flow magnitudes and biological seasons could be:

Dec-Feb	("Winter")
March	("early spring")
April-May	("late spring")
June-Sept	("summer")
Oct-Nov	("fall")

Kevin has tallied the permutations and combinations of guilds, study sites, and seasonal month-combo flows for use in the habitat duration analysis and reports that it will be in the neighborhood of 1000+/- individual data sets, even with some months combined. In looking toward continuing to try to find ways to streamline some of the data we are generating without losing critical habitat-flow relationships, I have been giving further thought to how best to employ our guild data. I went back to what many consider to be the seminal paper on use of guilds in warmwater stream flow assessment, a 1988 paper by Paul Leonard and Don Orth (attached in the case you haven't already seen it). I also took the liberty of cutting and pasting the key elements of L&O into a word summary document, in the event you are pressed for time and can't wade through the entire paper.

<<L and O 1988.doc>> <<Leonard and Orth 1988.pdf>>

Insofar as guilds are concerned, some of the take-home points are:

- For large rivers, focus on riffle, run and also stream margin ("shallow slow" in Saluda lingo) guild representatives
- Pool (deep slow) guild members offer the least decision information

Not a guild-specific point but L&O also note that there are basically 4 WUA curve patterns or classifications, classes I, II, and III are the most informative; conversely WUA curves corresponding to type IV are the least informative. I think you will likely recognize these shape categories of the curves in our modeling data from the Saluda study.

If you have a chance to glance through the material, I would propose that as a group we consider these principles in guiding our guild choices during the workshop. Possibly consider eliminating various type IV and deep-slow curves, there may even be an opportunity to blend or eliminate a few species and lifestages with redundant curve shapes. Again, just food for thought for next week

Brandon

Brandon H Kulik Senior Fisheries Scientist Kleinschmidt Energy & Water Resource Consultants 141 Main Street Pittsfield, Maine 04967 (207) 487-3328

From:	Shane Boring
То:	<u>Theresa Thom; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bud Badr;</u> Dick Christie (dchristie@comporium.net); Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers);
	•
	Gina Kirkland; Hal Beard; Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart;
	<u>Mark Giffin (giffinma@dhec.sc.gov); Mike Waddell;</u>
	Milton Quattlebaum (mquattlebaum@scana.com); Prescott Brownell;
	Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer;
	Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart;
cc:	Wade Bales (balesw@dnr.sc.gov); Alan Stuart; Bill East; Bill Hulslander;
	Bill Marshall; Bob Perry ; Bob Seibels (bseibels@yahoo.com);
	Charlene Coleman; Daniel Tufford; Ed Diebold; George Duke; Jeff Duncan;
	Jennifer O"Rourke; Jim Cumberland ; Jim Goller; Joe Logan; Joy Downs;
	Larry Turner (turnerle@dhec.sc.gov); Laura Boos (laura.mccary@gmail.
	com); Mark Leao; Mike Sloan; Norman Ferris; Reed Bull (rbull@davisfloyd.
	<pre>com); Robert Lavisky; Steve Bell; Steve Leach; Suzanne Rhodes;</pre>
	Tom Bowles (tbowles@scana.com);
Subject:	Final Lower Saluda River Instream Flow Data Report
Date:	Thursday, March 06, 2008 10:02:40 AM

Dear Instream Flow TWC Members:

The final version of the Lower Saluda River Instream Flow Data Report is available for download from the following location - ftp://ftp.kleinschmidtusa.com/455-058/Final%20Report/. Please note that this is merely the data report summarizing the field data collection and PHABSIM modeling results and thus does not include information regarding flow recommendations. This final report incorporates all of the additional information requested by TWC members during the December and January workshops. Thanks to all who contributed to the study and please don't hesitate to call with questions. C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist HYPERLINK "http://www.kleinschmidtusa.com/" Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124

From:	Shane Boring
То:	<u>Vivianne Vejdani; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bob Perry;</u>
	Brandon Stutts ; Buddy Baker ; Dick Christie (dchristie@comporium.net);
	Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Shane Boring;
Subject:	Saluda Hydro relicensing: Draft 2007-2008 Lake Murray Waterfowl Report
Date:	Thursday, April 17, 2008 5:27:57 PM
Attachments:	SREL Final Waterfowl Report 2007-08.doc

#### All:

Attached for your review is the draft report summarizing waterfowl surveys conducted by Savannah river Ecology Lab on Lake Murray during winter 2007-2008. If possible, please have comments on the draft report back to me by May 9th. Thanks for your continued interest in the Lake Murray waterfowl surveys. C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124

From:	Shane Boring
То:	<u>Vivianne Vejdani ; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri;</u>
	Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Jennifer Price ; Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover;
	Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Shane Boring; Steve Summer;
cc:	Cheryl Balitz;
Subject: Date:	Saluda Hydro Relicensing: Final 2007 Lower Saluda Macroinvertebrate Report Friday, April 04, 2008 11:46:44 AM
Attachments:	2007 Lower Saluda Macroinvertebrate Report _Final;04042008pdf

Dear TWC Members:

Attached for your records is the final report for the macroinvertebrate surveys conducted on the lower Saluda River during Fall 2007. As you may remember, the surveys were conducted by and the report prepared by Dan Carnagey of Carnagey Biological Services. Many thanks to those who provided valuable comments on the draft report. Have a great weekend. C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist HYPERLINK "http://www.kleinschmidtusa.com/" Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124

Cheryl: Please post to the relicensing website under Documents, Study Reports. Thanks.

From:	Shane Boring
То:	Shane Boring; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri;
	Bob Seibels (bseibels@yahoo.com); Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers);
	J. Hamilton Hagood; Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle;
Subject:	Saluda Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species Assessment
Date:	Thursday, January 31, 2008 12:47:50 PM
Attachments:	Saluda RTE Assessment Draft 2008-01-21.doc
	RTE Assessment-Appendix BSpecies of highest concern.doc
	Saluda RTE Assessment - Appendix A.pdf
	Saluda RTE Assessment - Fig 1.pdf

#### Dear RT&E TWC Members:

Attached for your review is updated draft of the Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species Assessment for Saluda Hydro. There are a couple of noteworthy changes since the last draft. First, the list of "highest conservation concern" species from the SC Comprehensive Wildlife Conservation Strategy (CWCS) has been incorporated as Appendix B. In addition, two species listed as threatened or endangered at the state level, but not at the federal level (Rafinesque's big-eared bat and Pine Barrens tree frog), have been added. Finally, Saluda darter has been removed from the assessment at this point. After talking with Fritz Rohde and Joe Quattro, the latest research suggests that what was formerly known as Saluda darter appears to be the same species as Carolina darter. Since Carolina darter is not state or federally listed, it has been removed from the assessment at this time. Please keep in mind that habitat for this species is being considered as part of the IFIM process.

If possible, please have comments to me by Thursday, February 28th. I will be in touch within the next week in hopes of convening a conference call sometime around the 28th to discuss comments and hopefully finalize the document.

Please note that Figure1 and Appendices A and B are included as separate files due to file format issues.

Thanks, Shane C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist HYPERLINK "http://www.kleinschmidtusa.com/" Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124

From:	Shane Boring
То:	Theresa Thom; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bud Badr;
	Dick Christie (dchristie@comporium.net); Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers);
	Gina Kirkland; Hal Beard; Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart;
	Mark Giffin (giffinma@dhec.sc.gov); Mike Waddell;
	Milton Quattlebaum (mquattlebaum@scana.com); Prescott Brownell;
	Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer;
	Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart;
Subject:	FW: LSR STB info
Date:	Tuesday, January 08, 2008 9:43:11 AM

### Hello All:

At one of our recent TWC meetings, Hal Heard indicated that he would talk with Jason Bettinger at DNR regarding the LSR striped bass telemetry studies. Hal's request to Jason is copied below for your information. Thanks.

## Shane

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist <u>Kleinschmidt Associates</u> 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124

-----Original Message----- **From:** Hal Beard [mailto:BeardH@dnr.sc.gov] **Sent:** Thursday, January 03, 2008 10:04 AM **To:** Jason Bettinger **Cc:** Alan Stuart; Dick Christie; Ron Ahle; Jim Bulak **Subject:** LSR STB info

### Jason,

I spoke with you several weeks ago regarding several aspects of the STB telemetry study as it relates to their movement into and out of the LSR. As part of the Saluda Dam relicensing process, the Instream Flow Committee has been working at establishing flow recommendations for this tail water, with a focus on

the fishery resource. One of the stand alone species being considered is STB. A number of questions were posed during our discussions of those habitat (flow) requirements needed for spring passage into the system, as well as that needed to maintain favorable summer habitat. We thought it may be helpful if you could share any of your study results that may help answer some of these questions.

- What percentage of the "tagged" fish entered the lower Saluda in each of the past two years of the study?
- Is there any indication that a particular size fish was more prone to enter the system or in general did both larger and smaller fish do so? What size ranges were involved?
- Based on the data, can the apparent temporal component associated with their movement in or out of the river be defined and how accurately? Specifically, when was the onset of spring migration into the lower portion (zoo receiver) and can any peak periods of movement be correlated to instantaneous flows or diurnal response?
- Is there any indication their movement out of the system is in response to "draw down" releases that begin in the late summer?

It is acknowledged that the study is not complete and the data thus far may not be adequate to definitively answer some of these questions but any input you could provide would be much appreciated.

Alan you can forward this to anyone else on the committee you deem appropriate, I just didn't have the e-mail address of all of the individuals and didn't want to exclude anyone.

From:	Shane Boring
То:	Shane Boring; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bob Perry ;
	Brandon Stutts ; Buddy Baker ; Dick Christie (dchristie@comporium.net);
	Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover; Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle;
Subject:	Lake Murray Waterfowl Update
Date:	Wednesday, February 06, 2008 1:22:27 PM
Attachments:	2007-2008 Lake Murray Waterfowl Aerial Survey Flight Conditions.pdf
	2007-2008 Lake Murray Waterfowl Aerial Survey Data.pdf

Dear TWC Members:

Data summaries for the latest Lake Murray waterfowl surveys are attached. Surveys were performed on January 7th and January 28th. Results were similar to previous surveys (dominated by Canada goose and mallards), with the exception of the January 28th survey, during which a number of scaup were observed. The final survey of the 2007-2008 season is scheduled for February 12th. Thanks for your continued interest in the Lake Murray waterfowl study.

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124

From:	Shane Boring
То:	Steve Summer; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri;
	Dick Christie (dchristie@comporium.net); Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers);
	Hal Beard; Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover; Prescott Brownell; Randy Mahan;
	Shane Boring;
cc:	<u>"QUATTLEBAUM, MILTON";</u>
Subject: Date: Attachments:	Saluda Relicensing: 2008 American Shad Telemetry Study Plan Tuesday, January 22, 2008 12:31:12 PM 2008 American Shad Telemetry Study Plan.doc

Dear TWC Members:

Attached for your records is the 2008 American Shad Telemetry Study Plan. As you may remember, this study was originally slated for spring of 2007, but was postponed until 2008 due to lack of sufficient numbers of shad in the Congaree River. The study plan has been updated for 2008. Many thanks to Milton Quattlebaum for updating the plan.

Thanks, Shane C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124 Fisheries and Wildlife RCG and IFIM/Aquatic Habitat TWC Members:

The Recreation RCG identified "protection of the cold water fishery on the lower Saluda River" as an issue we would provide recommendations on during the relicensing process. The Recreation Management TWC has finalized our "issue recommendation" and request the actions associated with your group are implemented as part of the management of the lower Saluda River.

If there are any questions about our issue recommendation, please let us know.

Dave Anderson Recreation RCG Facilitator

<<Trout Fishery Issue Recommendation (2008-03-24;FINAL).pdf>>

From:	Jennifer Hand
То:	Jennifer Hand; "Steve Summer"; Alan Stuart; "Amanda Hill";
	"Bill Argentieri"; "Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers)"; "Jim Glover";
	"Prescott Brownell"; "Randy Mahan"; Shane Boring; "Dick Christie";
Subject:	RE: Saluda Relicensing: 2006-2008 LSR American Eel Survey
Date:	Friday, February 15, 2008 9:52:30 AM
Attachments:	2006-2007 Lower Saluda River American Eel Evaluation 2008pdf

All:

Please disregard the previous email with the 2006-2008 Lower Saluda River American Eel Report. I had to make a minor change. Attached is the Final American Eel Report. I apologize for the confusion.

Thanks, Jennifer S. Hand Biologist Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane, Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 P:803.951.2077 F:803.951.2124 -----Original Message-----From: Jennifer Hand Sent: Wednesday, February 13, 2008 2:14 PM To: Steve Summer; Alan Stuart; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Jim Glover; Prescott Brownell; Randy Mahan; Shane Boring; Dick Christie Subject: Saluda Relicensing: 2006-2008 LSR American Eel Survey Hello Folks, Attached for your reference is the 2006-2007 Lower Saluda River American Eel Survey. The report will also be posted on the Saluda Relicensing website. Thanks for your continued interest in the Saluda relicensing process! << File: Final 2006-2007 Lower Saluda River American Eel Evaluation (JMS).pdf >> Thanks, Jennifer S. Hand Biologist Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane, Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 P:803.951.2077 F:803.951.2124

From:	Jennifer Hand
То:	Bill Argentieri; Randy Mahan; Steve Summer;
	Milton Quattlebaum (mquattlebaum@scana.com);
cc:	Alan Stuart; Shane Boring;
Subject:	Saluda Relicensing: 2006-2007 American Eel Report
Date:	Tuesday, January 08, 2008 1:55:43 PM
Attachments:	2006-2007 Lower Saluda River American Eel Evaluation 2008-01-08 (jms).
	doc

Hey Guys,

Attached for your review is the 2006-2007 American Eel Report. Please have comments back to me by January 22, 2008.

Thanks, Jennifer S. Hand Biologist Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane, Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 P:803.951.2077 F:803.951.2124

From:	Shane Boring
То:	Theresa Thom; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bud Badr;
	Dick Christie (dchristie@comporium.net); Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers);
	Gina Kirkland; Hal Beard; Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart;
	Mark Giffin (giffinma@dhec.sc.gov); Mike Waddell;
	Milton Quattlebaum (mquattlebaum@scana.com); Prescott Brownell;
	Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer;
	Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart;
cc:	Jennifer Hand; Kevin Nebiolo;
Subject:	Saluda IFIM - Additional Analyses
Date:	Friday, January 11, 2008 4:37:41 PM
Subject:	Jennifer Hand; Kevin Nebiolo;

Dear Instream Flow TWC Members:

As you may remember, a number of additional analyses were requested at our recent Instream Flow workshop in December, including a dual flow analysis, habitat duration analysis, and 80% WUA summaries for the target guilds. Results of these analyses are available for download at the following FTP site:

ftp://ftp.kleinschmidtusa.com/455-058/Additional%20Analyses/

The primary components of the additional analyses include:

1) Habitat Duration and Dual Flow Analyses methodology

2) Attachment 1 Tables - Dual Flow Analysis (Tabular Form)

3) Attachment 1 Figures - Dual Flow Analysis (Figures)

4) Attachment 2 Low - Habitat Duration (Lower Water Year)

5) Attachment 2 Average - Habitat Duration (Average Water Year)

6) Attachment 2 High - Habitat Duration (High Water Year)

7) 80% WUA Summary Memo for Guilds

8) Attachment 3 - 80% WUA Summary Tables for Guilds

We realize that this is a lot of information, so please keep in mind that we don't expect the group to be able to fully digest this information or begin making flow recommendations at next Tuesday's conference call. Next Tuesday's call will merely be a chance for you to air your preliminary thoughts about the data, in particular:

whether this is the type of information you were looking for.

is the format, methodology, and organization of the data acceptable, etc.?

Particularly with the (numerous) habitat duration curves - thoughts on ways to consolidate the information.

How we would like to work with it at the upcoming TWC workshop.

In regards to Tuesday's call, I have touched base with most folks and they have indicated they are available. I will be sending out a formal invitation later this afternoon with the access number, time and other pertinent info. Thanks again to all for your dedication and contribution to this rather grueling process.

C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist HYPERLINK "http://www.kleinschmidtusa.com/" Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124

From:	Bill Marshall
То:	Dave Anderson; C Coleman; Alison Guth; Tony Bebber;
	BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Guy Jones; J. Hamilton Hagood; Jennifer Hand;
	Jim Cumberland; Karen Kustafik; Kelly Maloney; Malcolm Leaphart;
	Mike Waddell;
Subject: Date:	RE: Final Downstream Flow TWC Report Thursday, January 31, 2008 10:45:10 AM

Dave -- Thanks for the reply. I was wondering, too, if the video is available, the one that records the rate of change during the study last year? I'd be interested to see a condensed version, as I don't think I'd last watching all hours of the video. Thanks for your consideration.

Bill

From: Dave Anderson [mailto:Dave.Anderson@KleinschmidtUSA.com]
Sent: Sunday, January 27, 2008 7:04 PM
To: C Coleman; Bill Marshall; Alison Guth; Tony Bebber; Bill Argentieri; Guy Jones; J. Hamilton Hagood; Jennifer Hand; Jim Cumberland; Karen Kustafik; Kelly Maloney; Malcolm Leaphart; Mike Waddell
Subject: RE: Final Downstream Flow TWC Report

Bill,

Alan told me you were interested in a meeting and I agree it's time to have one. I have drafted some draft recommendations that are being reviewed internally and hope to have them out soon. Sit tight and we'll let let everyone know when they are ready and meet to discuss.

Dave

----Original Message----From: C Coleman [mailto:cheetahtrk@yahoo.com]
Sent: Friday, January 25, 2008 2:46 PM
To: Bill Marshall; Alison Guth; Tony Bebber; BARGENTIERI@scana.com; Dave Anderson; Guy Jones; J. Hamilton Hagood; Jennifer Hand; Jim Cumberland; Karen Kustafik; Kelly Maloney; Malcolm Leaphart; Mike Waddell
Subject: Re: Final Downstream Flow TWC Report

yes

When you have decided what you believe, what you feel must be done, have the courage to stand alone and be counted.

- Eleanor Roosevelt

Charlene Coleman

American Whitewater Regional Coordinator

----- Original Message -----

From: Bill Marshall <MarshallB@dnr.sc.gov>

To: Alison Guth <Alison.Guth@KleinschmidtUSA.com>; Tony Bebber <tbebber@scprt.com>; Bill Argentieri <bargentieri@scana. com>; Charlene Coleman <cheetahtrk@yahoo.com>; Dave Anderson <dave.anderson@kleinschmidtusa.com>; Guy Jones <guyjones@sc.rr. com>; J. Hamilton Hagood <jhamilton@scana.com>; Jennifer Summerlin <Jennifer.Hand@KleinschmidtUSA.com>; Jim Cumberland <jimc@scccl.org>; Karen Kustafik <kakustafik@columbiasc.net>; Kelly Maloney <Kelly. Maloney@KleinschmidtUSA.com>; Malcolm Leaphart <malcolml@mailbox.sc.edu>; Mike Waddell <mwaddell@esri.sc. edu> Sent: Friday, January 25, 2008 3:33:31 PM Subject: RE: Final Downstream Flow TWC Report

Hello everyone,

Having received a final version of the Downstream Flow Assessment Report in December, I am wondering what's next to be accomplished by our Downstream Flows TWC. Shall we develop some recommendations?

Bill

From: Alison Guth [mailto:Alison.Guth@KleinschmidtUSA.com] Sent: Monday, December 17, 2007 12:35 PM **To:** Tony Bebber; Bill Argentieri; Bill Marshall; Charlene Coleman; Dave Anderson; Guy Jones; J. Hamilton Hagood; Jennifer Summerlin; Jim Cumberland ; Karen Kustafik; Kelly Maloney; Malcolm Leaphart; Mike Waddell

**Cc:** Van Hoffman; Alan Axson; Alan Stuart; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Brebner ; Charlie Rentz; David Hancock; dchristie@comporium.net; George Duke; Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); ipitts@scprt.com; Jeff Duncan; Jennifer O'Rourke; Jim Devereaux; JoAnn Butler; Joy Downs; Keith Ganz-Sarto; turnerle@dhec.sc.gov; Lee Barber; Mark Leao; Marty Phillips; Miriam Atria; Norman Ferris; Randy Mahan; rparsons12@alltel. net; Richard Mikell; sjones@imichotels.net; Steve Bell; Suzanne Rhodes; Tim Vinson; Tommy Boozer; Bill Mathias; Bret Hoffman; David Price; Edward Schnepel; Jay Schabacher ; Jerry Wise; Joel Huggins ; John and Rob Altenberg; Ken Uschelbec; Kenneth Fox; Norm Nicholson; Roger Hovis ; Lee (Skeet) Mills; Stephan Curry **Subject:** Final Downstream Flow TWC Report

Hello Downstream Flow TWC,

Attached is the Final Downstream Recreation Flow Assessment Report. For informational purposes, the Recreation and Safety RCG's are being CC'ed on this email as well. Take care, Alison

<< Final Downstream Recreation Flow Assessment Report.zip>>

# Alison Guth Licensing Coordinator Kleinschmidt Associates

204 Caughman Farm Lane, Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone 803-951-2077 Fax 803-951-2124

From:	Shane Boring
То:	Theresa Thom; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bud Badr;
	Dick Christie (dchristie@comporium.net); Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers);
	Gina Kirkland; Hal Beard; Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart;
	Mark Giffin (giffinma@dhec.sc.gov); Mike Waddell;
	<u>Milton Quattlebaum (mquattlebaum@scana.com); Prescott Brownell;</u>
	Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer;
	Brandon Kulik; Alan Stuart;
cc:	Wade Bales (balesw@dnr.sc.gov); Alan Stuart; Bill East; Bill Hulslander;
	Bill Marshall; Bob Perry ; Bob Seibels (bseibels@yahoo.com);
	Charlene Coleman; Daniel Tufford; Ed Diebold; George Duke; Jeff Duncan;
	Jennifer O"Rourke; Jim Cumberland ; Jim Goller; Joe Logan; Joy Downs;
	Larry Turner (turnerle@dhec.sc.gov); Laura Boos (laura.mccary@gmail.
	com); Mark Leao; Mike Sloan; Norman Ferris; Reed Bull (rbull@davisfloyd.
	com); Robert Lavisky; Steve Bell; Steve Leach; Suzanne Rhodes;
	Tom Bowles (tbowles@scana.com);
Subject:	Final Lower Saluda River Instream Flow Data Report
Date:	Thursday, March 06, 2008 10:02:40 AM

Dear Instream Flow TWC Members:

The final version of the Lower Saluda River Instream Flow Data Report is available for download from the following location - ftp://ftp.kleinschmidtusa.com/455-058/Final%20Report/. Please note that this is merely the data report summarizing the field data collection and PHABSIM modeling results and thus does not include information regarding flow recommendations. This final report incorporates all of the additional information requested by TWC members during the December and January workshops. Thanks to all who contributed to the study and please don't hesitate to call with questions. C. Shane Boring Environmental Scientist HYPERLINK "http://www.kleinschmidtusa.com/" Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane; Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone: (803)951-2077 Fax: (803)951-2124

From:	Shane Boring	
То:	Theresa Thom; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Bill Argentieri; Bud Badr;	
	Dick Christie (dchristie@comporium.net); Gerrit Jobsis (American Rivers); Gina Kirkland;	
	Hal Beard; Jennifer Hand; Jim Glover; Malcolm Leaphart; Mark Giffin (giffinma@dhec.sc.	
	gov); Mike Waddell; Milton Quattlebaum (mquattlebaum@scana.com); Prescott Brownell;	
	Randy Mahan; Ron Ahle; Scott Harder; Shane Boring; Steve Summer; Brandon Kulik;	
	Alan Stuart;	
Subject:	Saluda IFIM Conference Call to Discuss Additional Analyses Requested for Jan IFIM Workshop	
Start:	Tuesday, January 15, 2008 2:00:00 PM	
End:	Tuesday, January 15, 2008 3:30:00 PM	
Location:	Via Conference Line	

To access the conference line, dial 1-888-500-7717 (long distance) or 217-6565 (local) or 76565 (SCE&G/SCANA personnel). When prompted, enter the conference call ID - 7886.

From:	Alison Guth
То:	<u>"Amanda_Hill@fws.gov"; "Joy Downs";</u>
	<u>"Vivianne Vejdani";</u>
Subject:	Rebalancing Presentation and Pictures
Date:	Friday, February 08, 2008 1:18:13 PM
Attachments:	Craynes Landing.pdf
	Natural Areaspdf
	Proposed Mgmt Plan Future Development Property4.pdf
	Rocky Creek.pdf
	Spring Creek.pdf

-----Original Message-----

From: Alison Guth

Sent: Wednesday, January 23, 2008 11:27 AM

Subject: Yesterday's Presentation

Hello Lake and Land TWC,

Attached is the presentation from yesterday's meeting, as well as the photographs. I will be emailing the spreadsheet out soon, the file I had was corrupt and would not open. If you have any questions feel free to email me. Thanks, Alison

Alison Guth Licensing Coordinator Kleinschmidt Associates 204 Caughman Farm Lane, Suite 301 Lexington, SC 29072 Phone 803-951-2077 Fax 803-951-2124

To: Vivianne Vejdani ; Alan Stuart; Alison Guth; Amanda Hill; Ben Gregg (ben@scwf.org); Bill Argentieri; Carl Sundius; David Hancock; Dick Christie (dchristie@comporium.net); Jim Cumberland ; John Frick; Joy Downs; Randy Mahan; Rhett Bickley; Ron Ahle; Ronald Scott; Roy Parker; Steve Bell; Suzanne Rhodes; Tom Ruple; Tommy Boozer; Tony Bebber; Van Hoffman